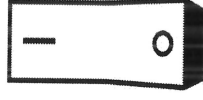


TARGETED PROTEOLYSIS AND RNA INTERFERENCE – EMERGING MODALITIES IN MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY

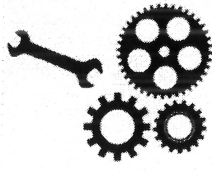
Philip Tagari – VP Research
ISAOC Napoli, September, 2018

THE GOALS OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY – MOLECULES THAT:

ACTIVATE*



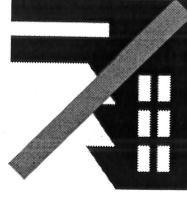
INHIBIT*



DISPOSE OF



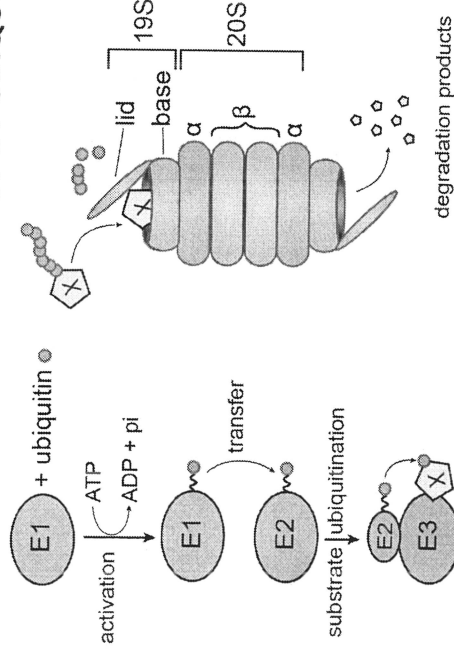
PREVENT PRODUCTION



*INTRACELLULAR & EXTRACELLULAR

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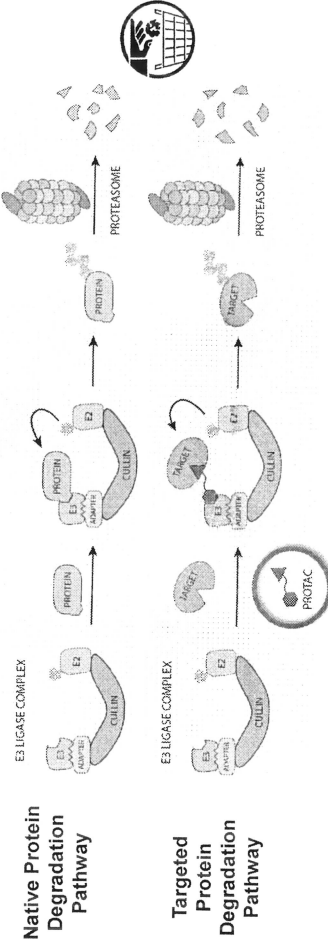
PROTEINS* ARE NATURALLY DISPOSED OF BY UBIQUITINATION



*overproduced, misfolded, mistranscribed, inappropriately modified etc

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CAN WE HIJACK THE UBIQUITIN LIGASE MACHINERY TO TAG “UNDRUGGABLE” PROTEINS FOR DEGRADATION?

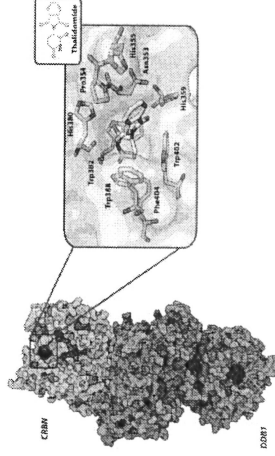


ProTAC: Proteolysis Targeting Chimeras

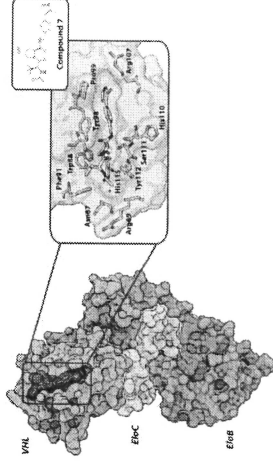
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TWO LOW AFFINITY LIGANDS FOR THE E3 LIGASES CRBN AND VHL HAVE BEEN DESCRIBED

Cereblon (CRBN) E3 Ligase



VHL (Von Hippel-Lindau) E3 Ligase

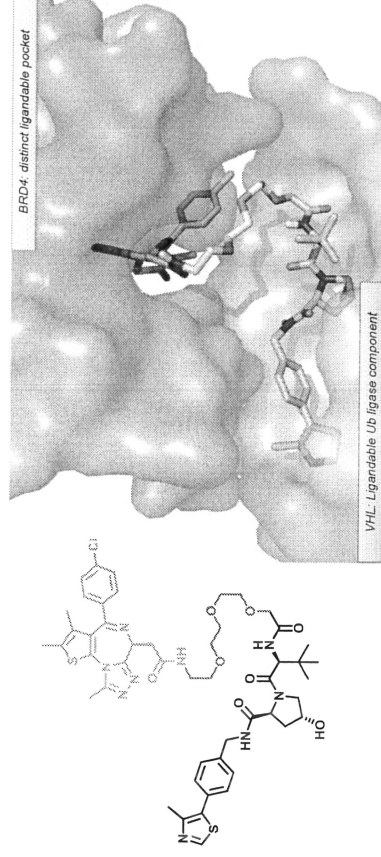


Emil Bultikov, and Alexsio Cuill *Biochem J*, 2015, 467, 365-386

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CONVERSION OF A VHL BINDER TO A BRD4 PROTAC

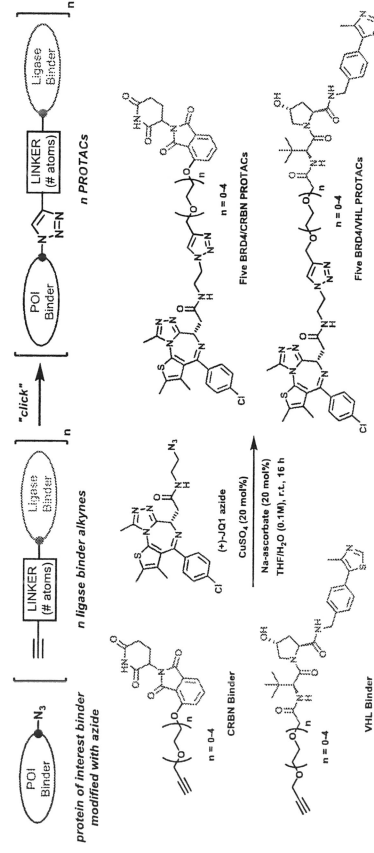


VHL/MZ1/BRD4P
DB ID: 5T35

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CLICK CHEMISTRY PLATFORM ENABLES RAPID PROTAC SYNTHESIS

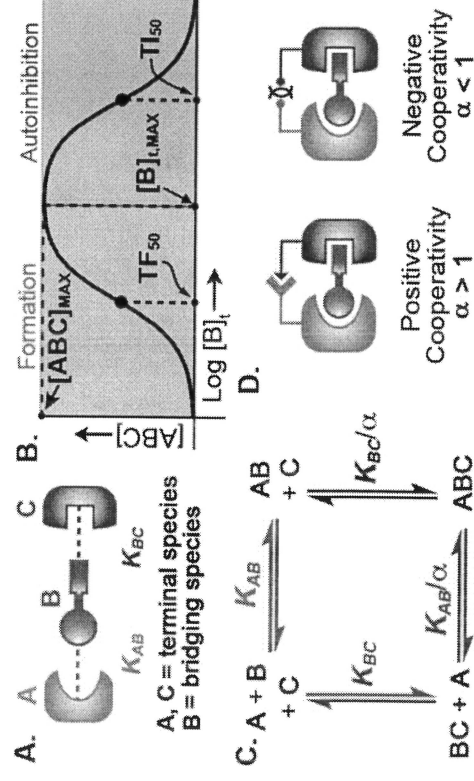


Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 2017, DOI: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.6b01781

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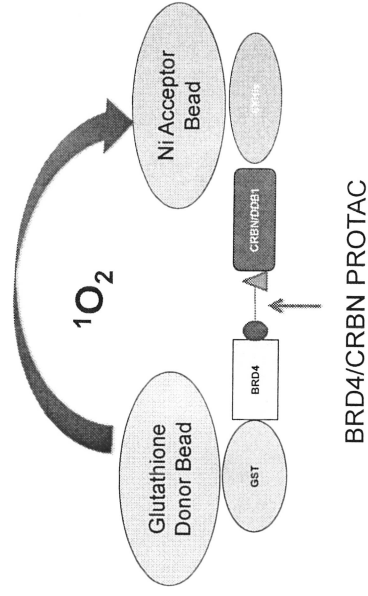
AMGEN

MODEL OF PROTAC COMPLEX FORMATION



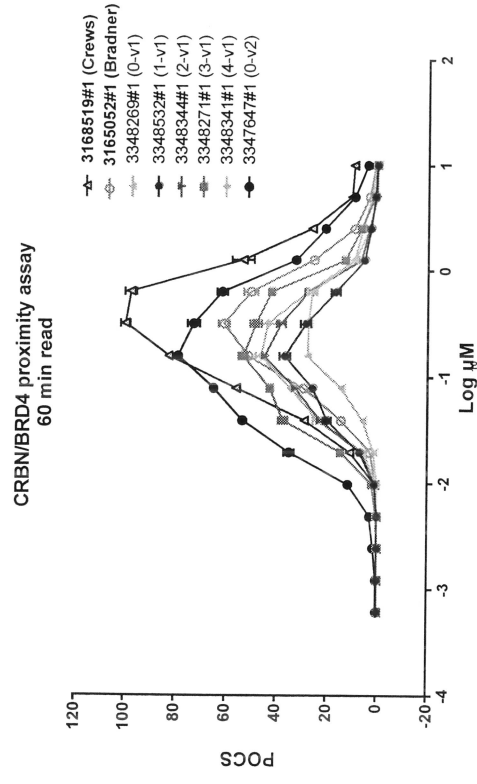
AMGEN

ALPHASCREEN ASSAY FOR PROTAC COMPLEX ASSEMBLY



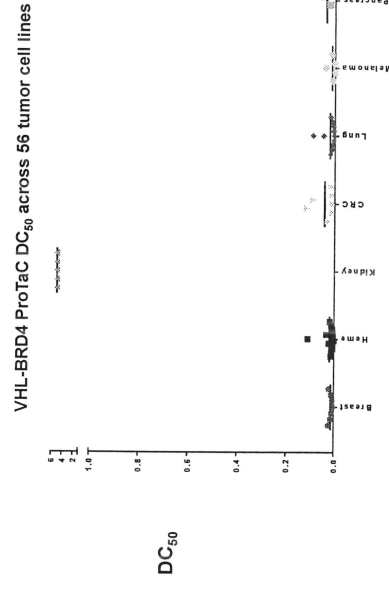
ANGEN

MAGNITUDE AND POTENCY OF COMPLEX FORMATION *IN VITRO*



AMGEN

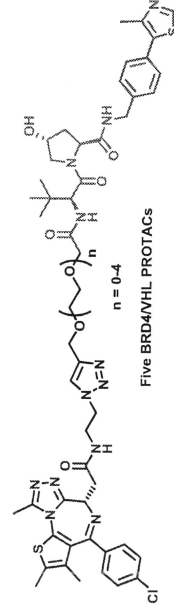
VHL- BROADLY ACTIVE AS A PROTAC-LIGASE ACROSS TUMOR TYPES (except RCC)



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CLICK CHEMISTRY PROOF OF CONCEPT - VHL



BRD4/VHL Click PROTACS				
n	0	1	2	3
4 h H661 Cell BRD4 Degradation IC50 (μM)	0.059	0.083	0.24	0.46
				0.63

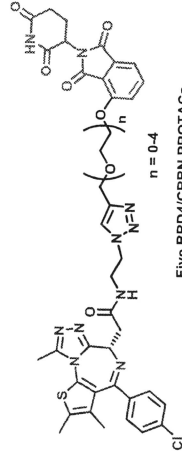
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry. 2017, DOI: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.6b01781

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CLICK CHEMISTRY PROOF OF CONCEPT - CRBN



BRD4/CRBN Click PROTACs					
n	0	1	2	3	4
4 h H661 Cell BRD4 Degradation IC50 (uM)	0.49	>5	>5	0.45	0.2

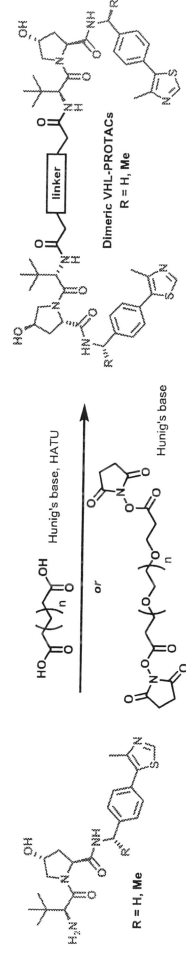
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 2017, DOI: 10.1021/acs.jmedchem.6b01781



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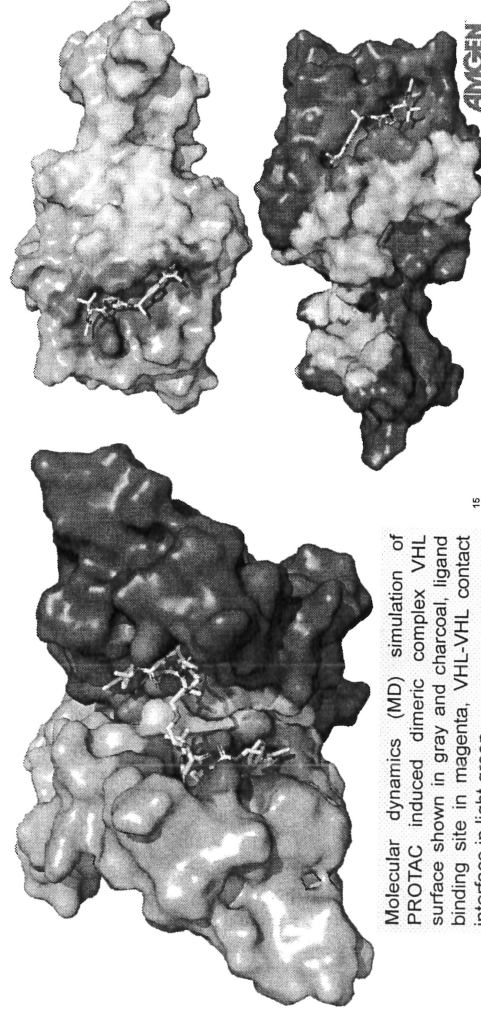
PROTEIN SELF-DESTRUCTION: DIMERIC PROTACS



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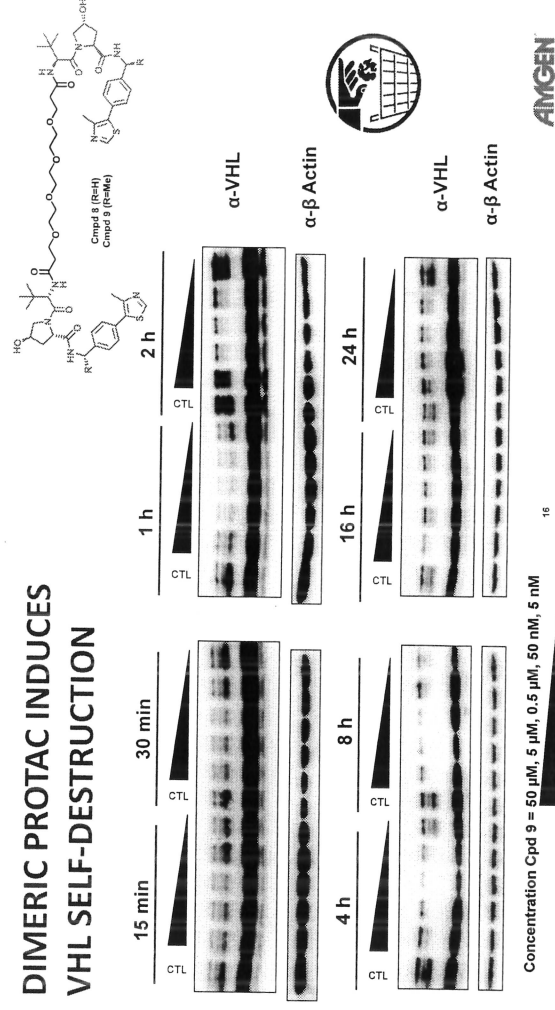
DIMERIC PROTAC INDUCES VHL SELF-ASSOCIATION



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DIMERIC PROTAC INDUCES VHL SELF-DESTRUCTION



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SUMMARY - 1

- ❑ Ubiquitination is nature's way of removing surplus or misfolded proteins.
- ❑ Ubiquitination is a result of formation of a complex containing the target and E1, E2 and E3 ubiquitylation proteins.
- ❑ Hetero - bivalent molecules that bind a target protein and an E3 ligase can induce ubiquitylation and destruction of the target (essentially inhibiting its activity).
- ❑ Homo – bivalent E3 binders can catalytically induce destruction of the E3 ligases themselves.

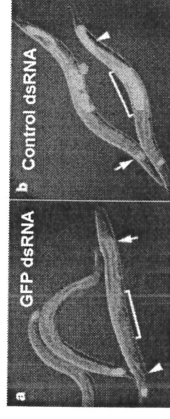
17

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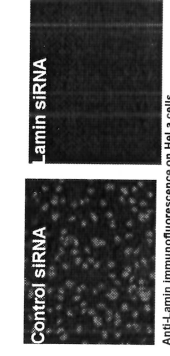
DISCOVERY OF RNA INTERFERENCE (RNAi)

Potent and specific genetic interference by double-stranded RNA in *Caenorhabditis elegans*
Andrew Fire*, SiQun Xu*, Mary K. Montgomery*, Steven A. Kostas*, Simona E. Driver* & Craig C. Mello:
Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Department of Biology, University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado 80509, USA
*Present address: Department of Biology, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California 92037, USA
*Present address: Department of Biology, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California 92037, USA
*Present address: Department of Biology, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California 92037, USA



Nature, 1998

- ❑ Hetero - bivalent molecules that bind a target protein and an E3 ligase can induce ubiquitylation and destruction of the target (essentially inhibiting its activity).



Anti-Lamin immunofluorescence on HeLa cells

Duplexes of 21-nucleotide RNAs mediate RNA interference in cultured mammalian cells

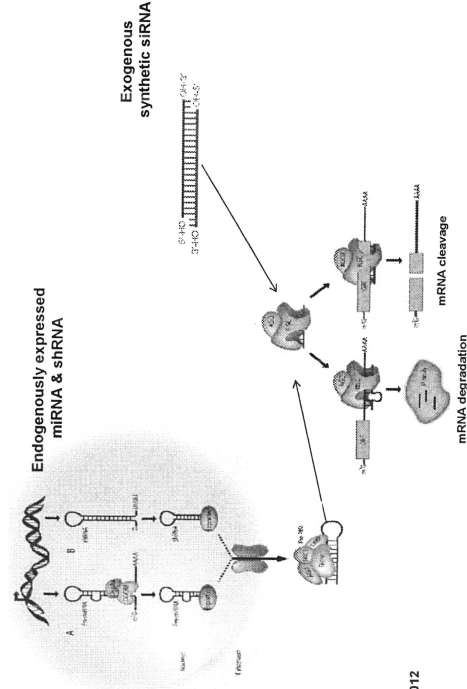
Serge M. Elbashir*, Jens Harborth*, Michael Lendeckel*, Andreas Tacke*, Klaus Weber* & Thomas Tuschl*

*Department of Cellular Biochemistry and * Department of Biochemistry and Cell Biology, Max-Planck-Institut für Biophysikalische Chemie, Am Fassberg 11, D-37075 Göttingen, Germany

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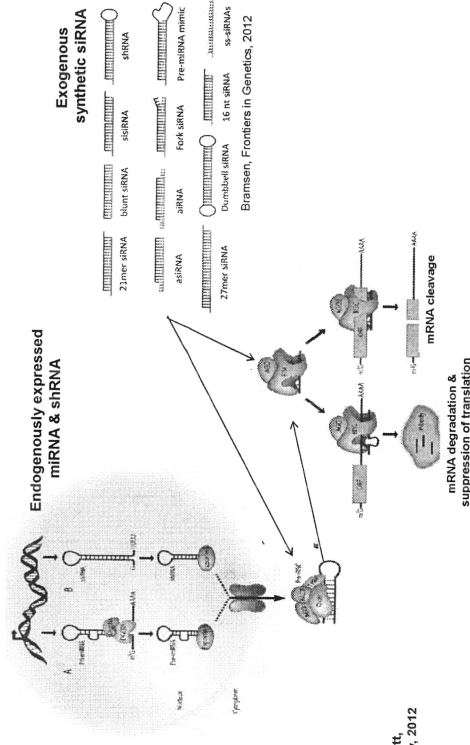
GENE REGULATION BY siRNA, shRNA, OR miRNA



Adapted from Burnett, Chemistry & Biology, 2012

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ALTERNATE FORMS OF SYNTHETIC siRNA



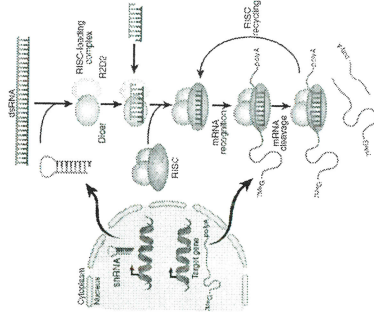
Adapted from Burnett, Chemistry & Biology, 2012

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WHAT IS RISC?

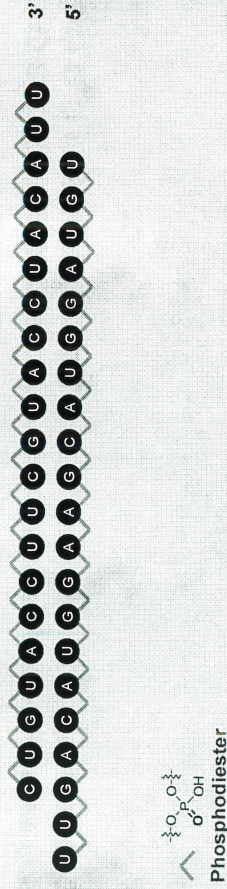
- **RISC = RNA-induced silencing complex, mediates post-transcriptional gene silencing**
 - Dicer – RNase III family member
 - TRBP (HIV transactivating response RNA-binding protein) – orientates siRNA loading
 - Ago2 – endonuclease, catalytic core of RISC
- **Phase I: Programming – siRNA loading into Ago2**
- **Phase II: Execution – cleavage of mRNA target complementary to antisense (guide) strand of siRNA**

Journal of Cell Science 123:1183-1189 (2010)

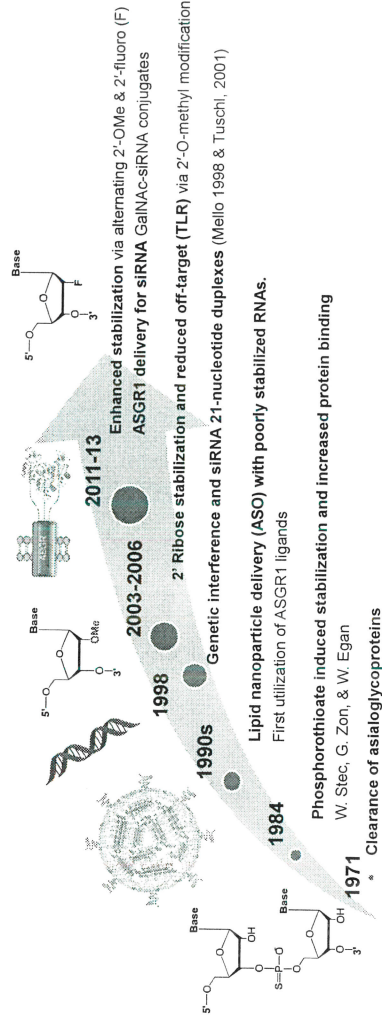


BUILDING THERAPEUTIC sRNAS

Unmodified siRNA



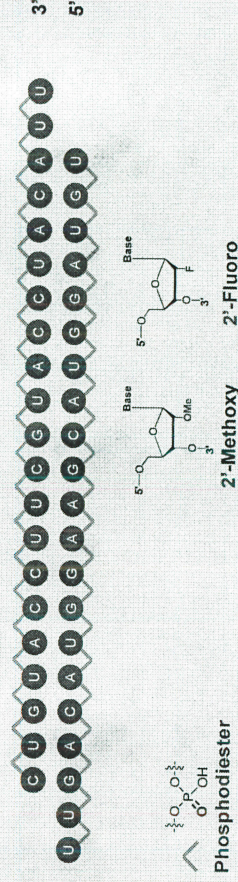
BACKBONE PHOSPHOROTHIOMATES, HEAVY RIBOSE MODIFICATION, & ASGR1 HAVE DRIVEN siRNA EVOLUTION



BUILDING THERAPEUTIC siRNAs

2'-Ribose (OMe, F) Modified siRNA

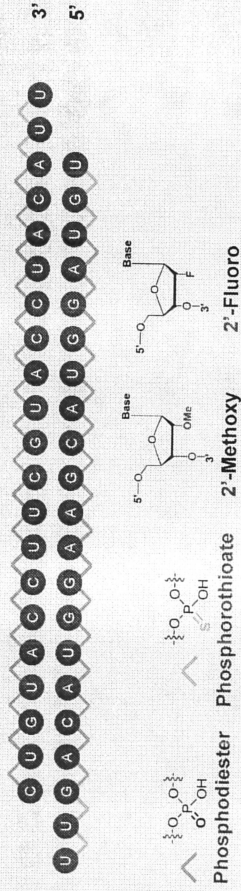
14 kDa RNA duplex
21 base pairs
2-nucleotide overhangs
No natural ribose nucleotides



BUILDING THERAPEUTIC siRNAS

Phosphorothioate backbone modified siRNA

14 kDa RNA duplex
21 base pairs
2-nucleotide overhangs
No natural ribose nucleotides



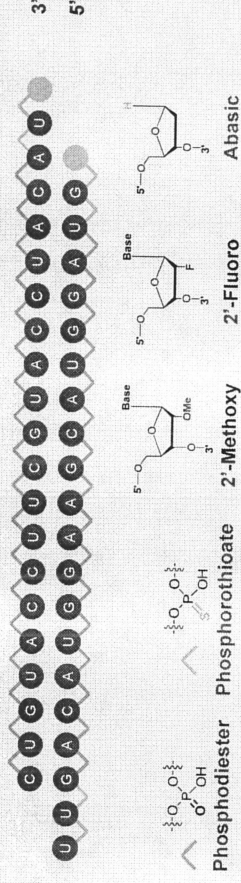
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BUILDING THERAPEUTIC siRNAS

Exonuclease stabilization of siRNA termini

14 kDa RNA duplex
21 base pairs
2-nucleotide overhangs
No natural ribose nucleotides



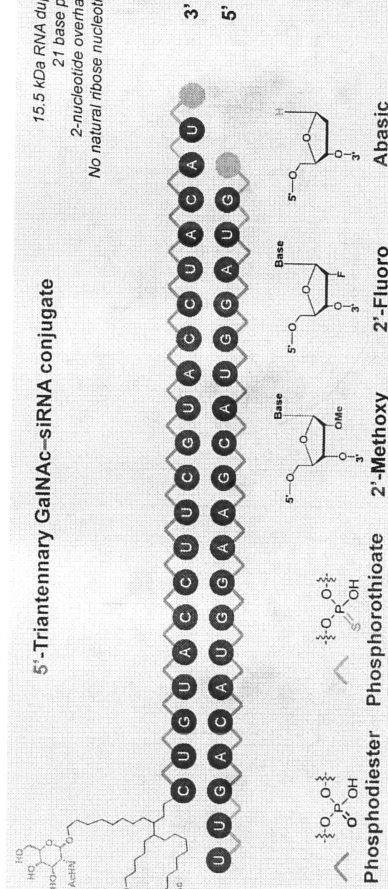
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BUILDING THERAPEUTIC siRNAS

5'-Triantennary GalNAc-siRNA conjugate

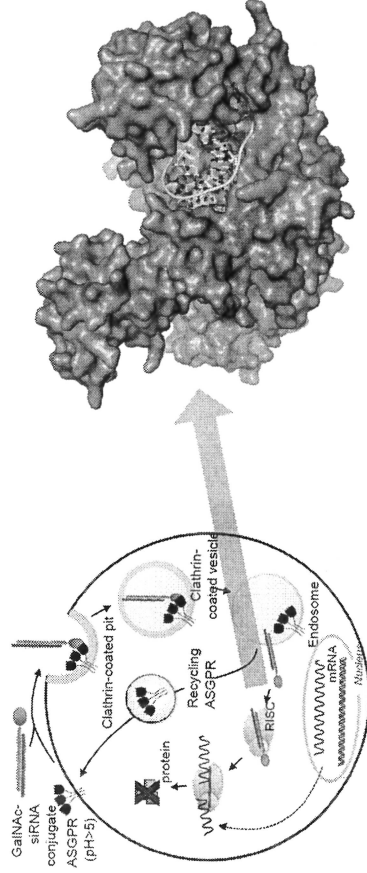
15.5 kDa RNA duplex
21 base pairs
2-nucleotide overhangs
No natural ribose nucleotides



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siRNA DELIVERED TO AGO IN LIVER CELLS BY ASGR1

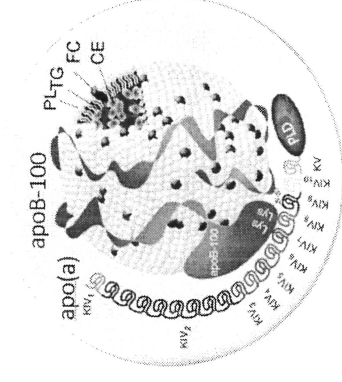


PDB: 4W50; ASGPR with siRNA fragment bound

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TARGETING Lp(a)* WITH siRNA



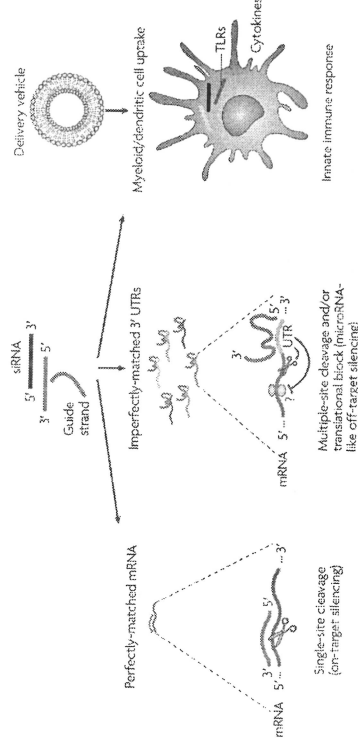
- ❑ Lp(a) is an independent risk factor for CVD, however, the precise MOA is unknown
 - ❑ Increased Lp(a) levels are genetically determined and are associated with increased risk of CAD, MI, stroke, PAD and aortic stenosis¹⁻³

*Conventionally undruggable

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¹Nordesgaard BG et al. (2010) *Eur. Heart J.* 31:2844-2853

OFF-TARGET EFFECTS OF siRNA



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SUMMARY - 2

- ☐ Gene expression is natively regulated by siRNA, shRNA, or miRNA.
- ☐ There are numerous alternate forms of synthetic (unmodified) siRNA which can also regulate gene expression, but all have poor pharmaceutical properties and minimal biodistribution.
- ☐ The last 35 years have seen numerous improvements based on chemical modifications and tissue targeting, allowing novel siRNAs to specifically reduce gene expression.
- ☐ ONPATTO™ was recently the first siRNA approved by the FDA, signaling a new era of nucleotide therapeutics.