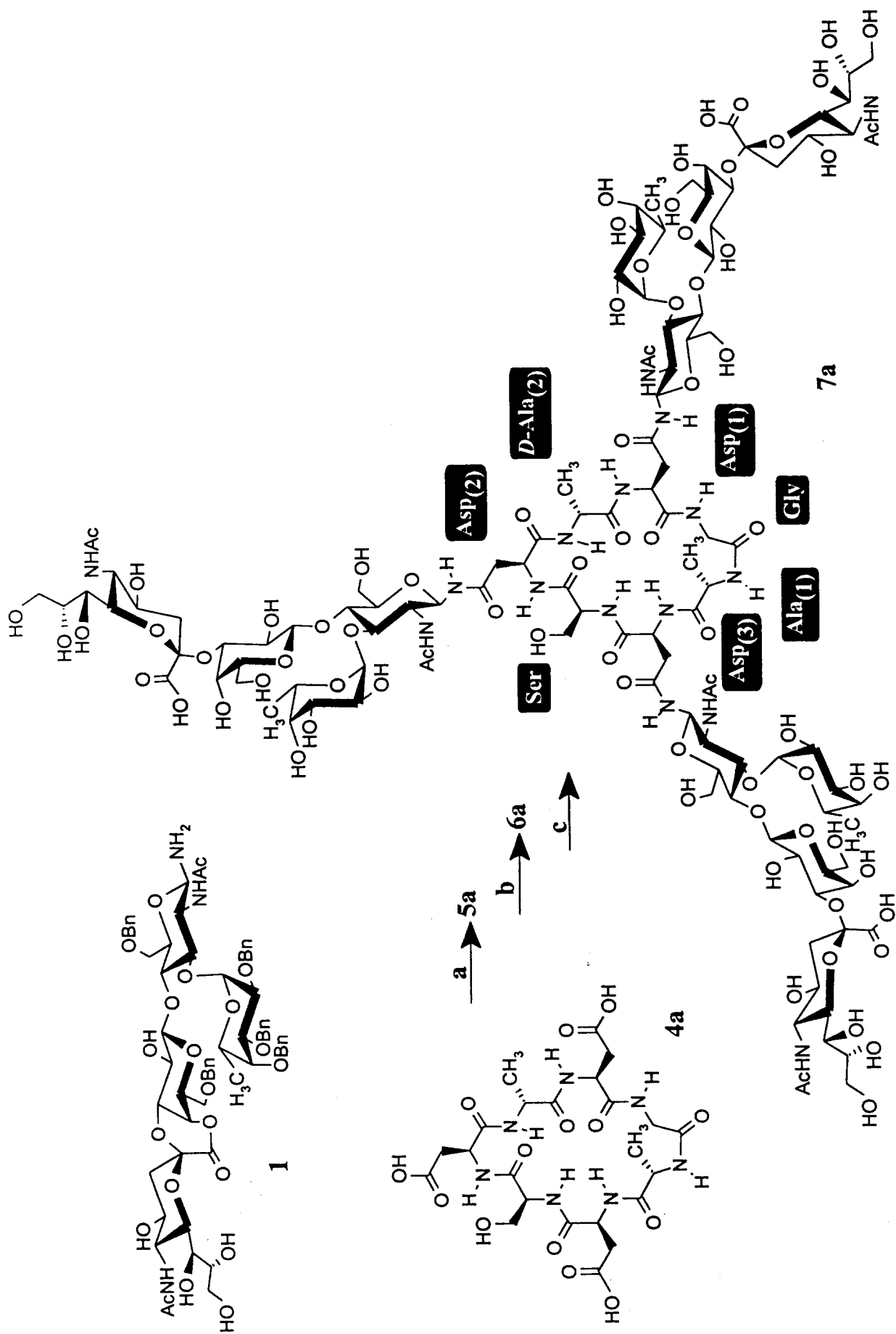
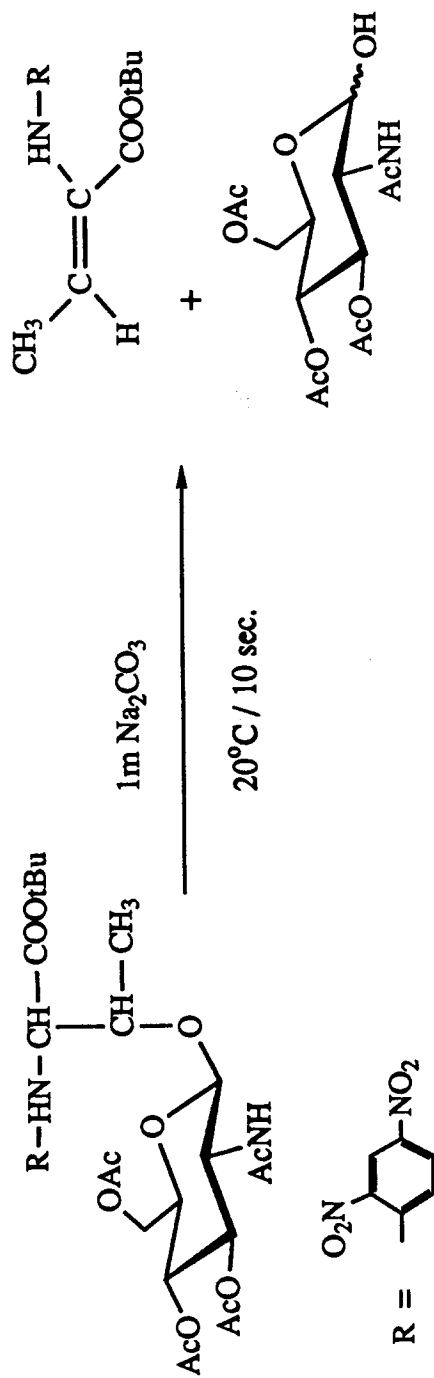


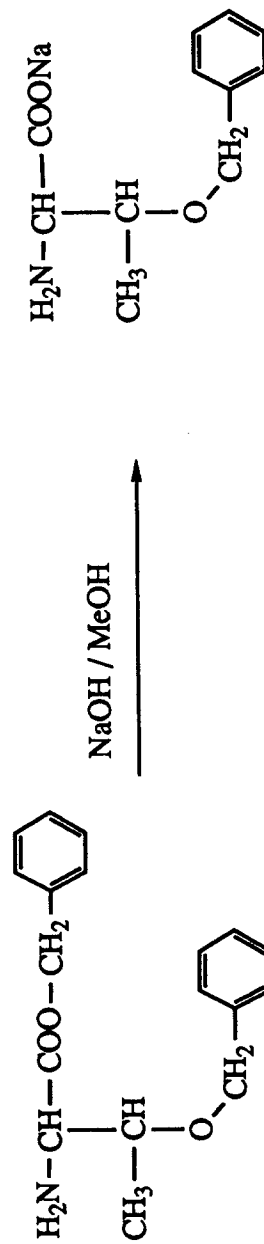


β -Elimination of the Carbohydrate Part from O-Glycosyl Serine and Threonine Derivatives



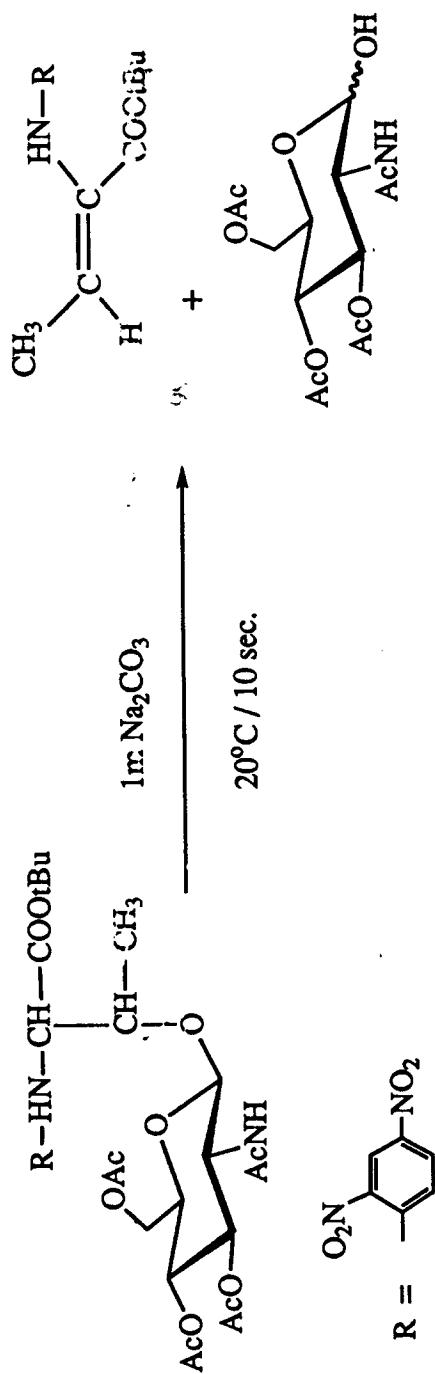
J. R. Vercellotti et al. 1967 R. Kuhn et al. 1938

Contrast: Experiences from peptide chemistry



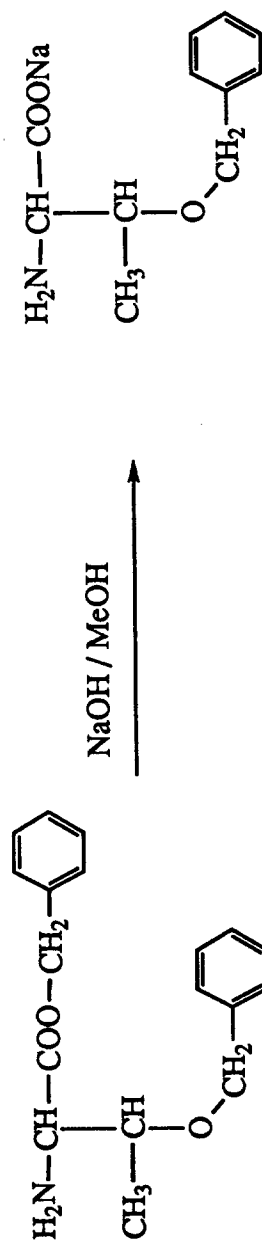
T. Mizoguchi et al. 1968

β -Elimination of the Carbohydrate Part from O-Glycosyl Serine and Threonine Derivatives



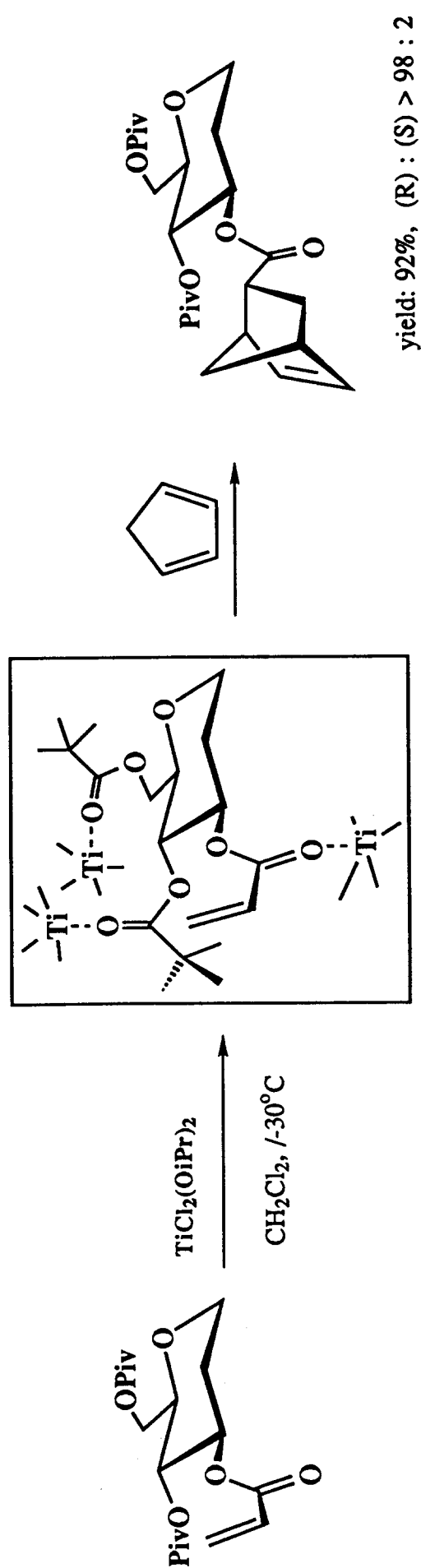
J. R. Vercellotti et al. 1967 R. Kuhn et al. 1938

Contrast: Experiences from peptide chemistry



T. Mizoguchi et al. 1968

Stereoselective Diels-Alder Synthesis Using Dihydro-glucal as the Chiral Template



yield: 92%, (R) : (S) > 98 : 2

with TiCl_4 at -78°C : yield: 66%, (R) : (S) = 80 : 20

(R) : (S) (Ratio of Diastereomers)

Yield (%)

Time

Temp. ($^\circ\text{C}$)

Catalyst

Diene

95 : 5

94

48 h

0

$\text{TiCl}_3(\text{OiPr})$



92 : 8

90

6 h

0

$\text{TiCl}_3(\text{OiPr})$



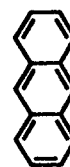
> 99 : 1

87

4 h

0

TiCl_4



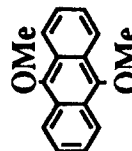
> 99 : 1

91

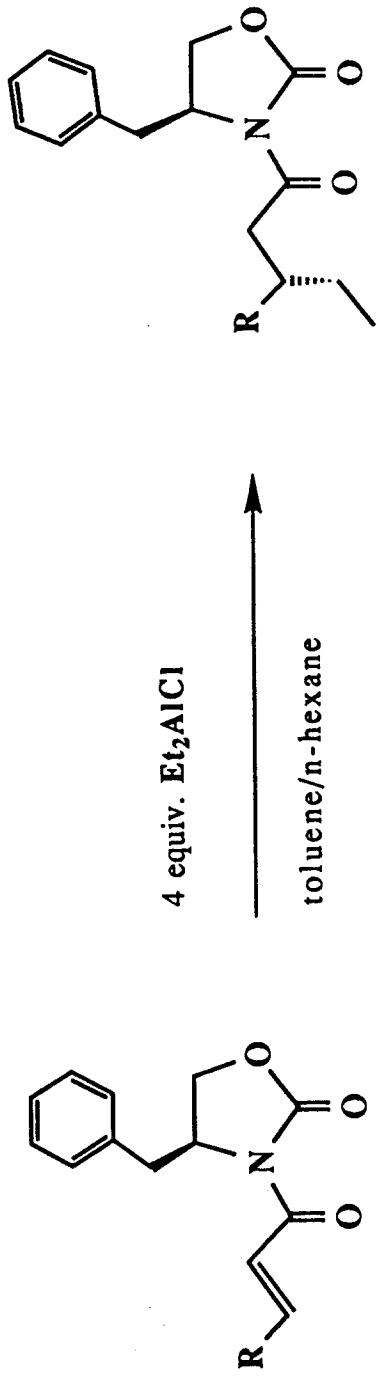
3 h

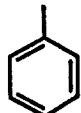
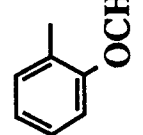
0

TiCl_4

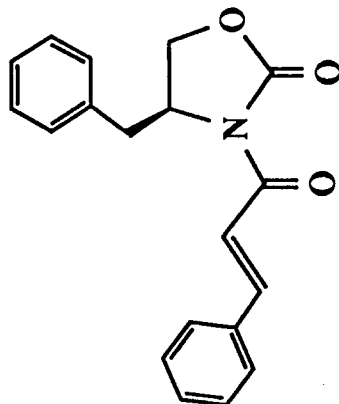
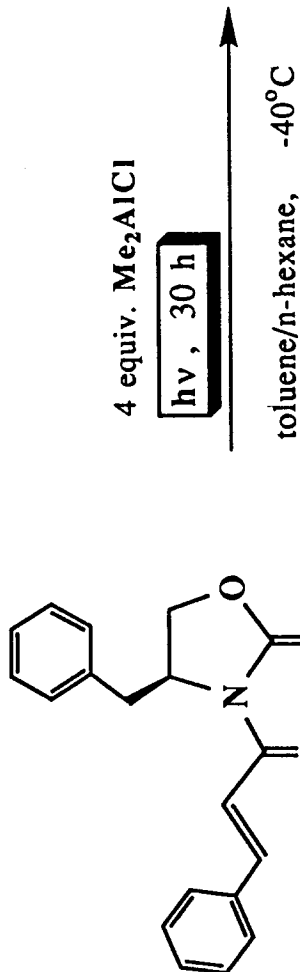
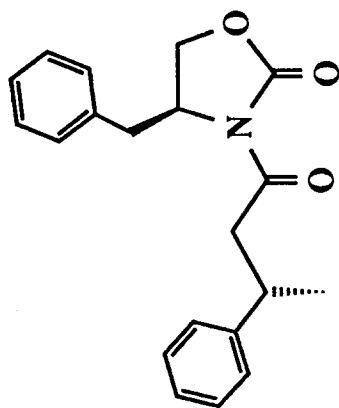
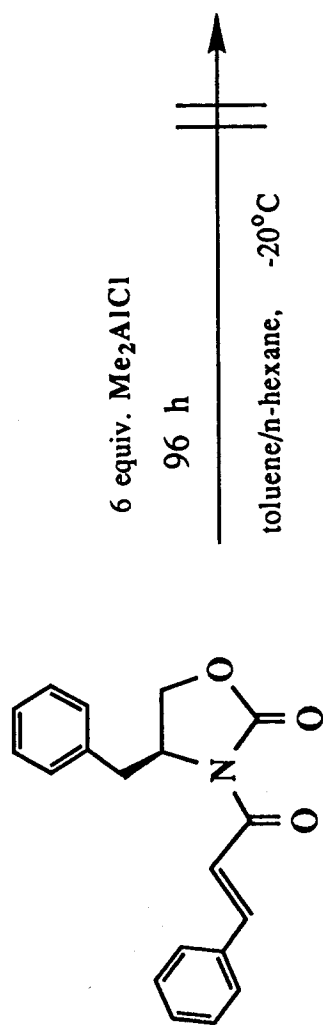


Diastereoselective Synthesis of β -Branched Carboxylic Acid Derivatives via Diethyl Aluminium Chloride Addition to α,β -Unsaturated Acyl Oxazolidones Derived from Phenylalaninol (Evans' Auxiliary)

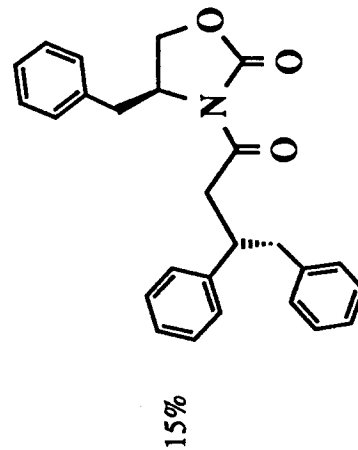


R	Temp. ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	Time	Yield (%)	ratio of diastereomers
CH_3 -	- 78	50 min	88	85 : 15
$\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2$ -	- 78	270 min	95	78 : 22
$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}$ -	+10	4 d	48 (70% turn.)	72 : 28
	- 78	40 min	98	89 : 11 (S) : (R)
	- 78	22 h	82	86 : 14
	- 78	160 min	78	91 : 9

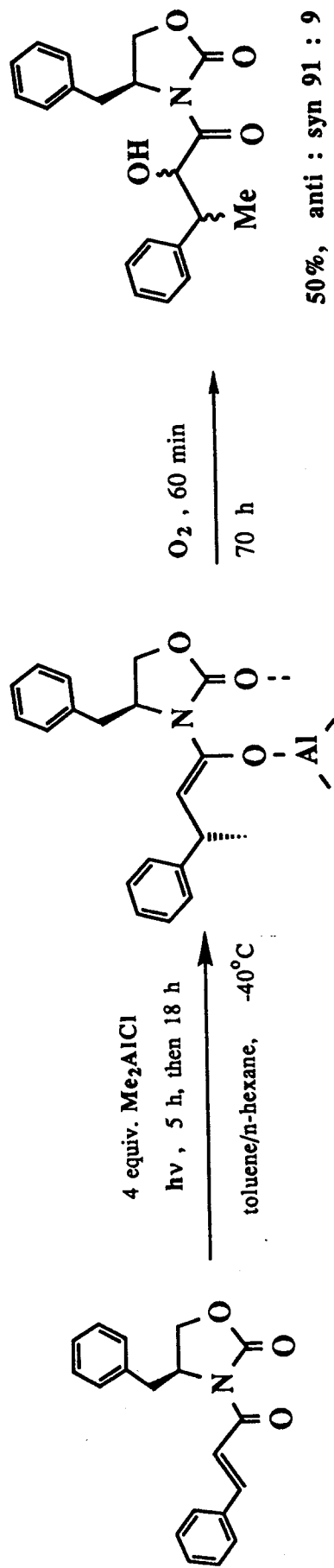
Diastereoselective Methyltransfer from Dimethyl Aluminium Chloride to α,β -Unsaturated Acyl Oxazolidones
 Derived from Phenylalaninol (Evans' Auxiliary) - A Radical Process



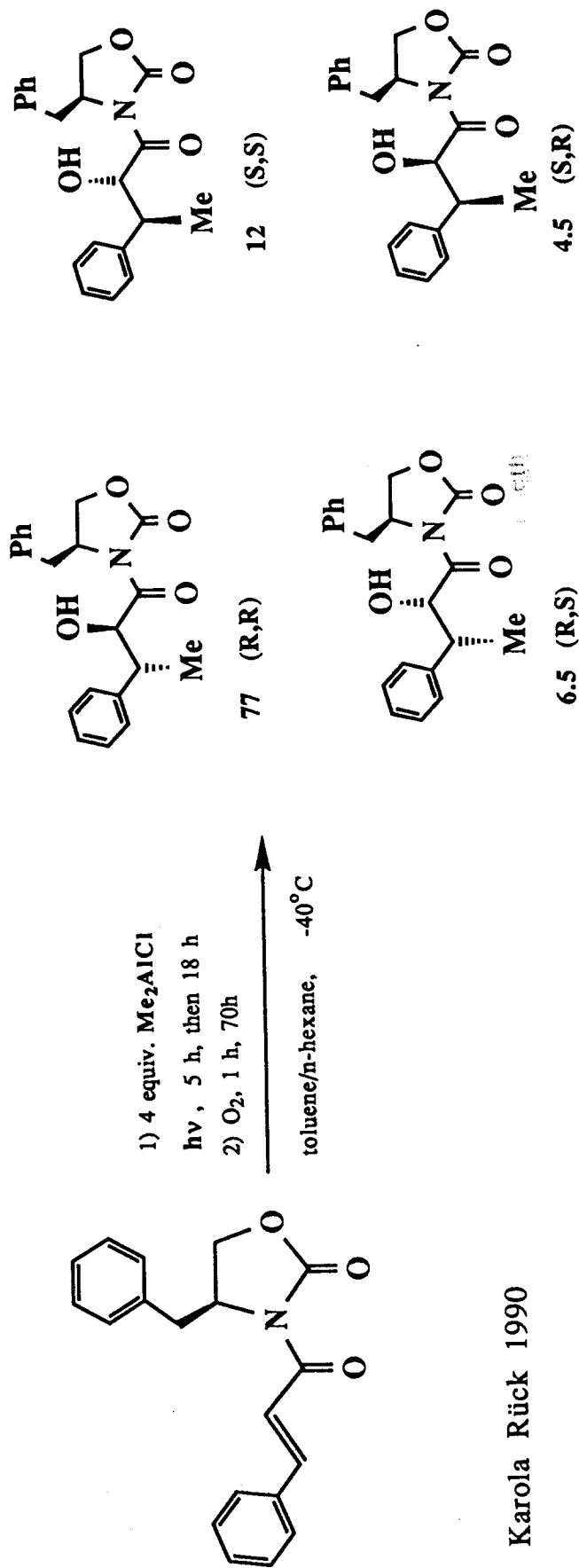
56 - 63% , (S) : (R) 92 : 8



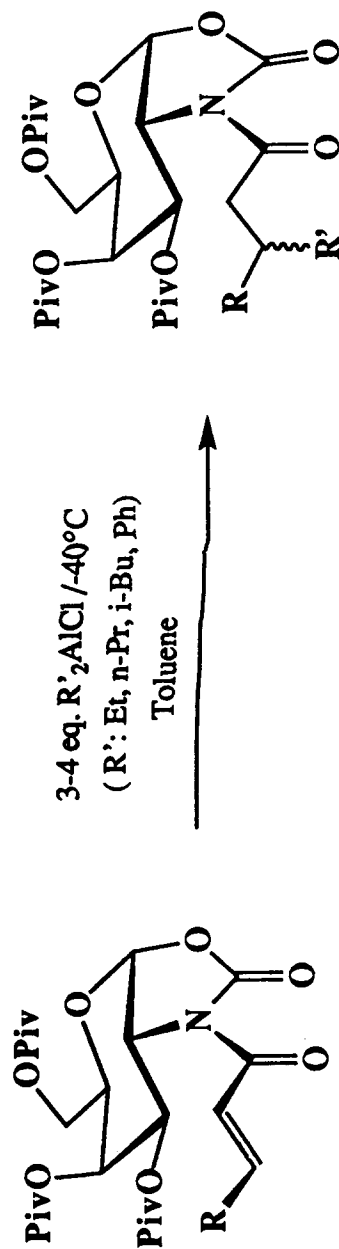
Diastereoselection in a Cascade Consisting of Methyl Transfer from Dimethyl Aluminium Chloride to α,β -Unsaturated Acyl Oxazolidones and Subsequent Aluminium Enolat Oxidation to give β -Branched α -Hydroxy Acids



δ / J 5.3/5.8; 5.25/3.3



Diastereoselective 1,4-Addition of Alkylaluminum Chlorides to Carbohydrate Derived Acyl Oxazolidinones

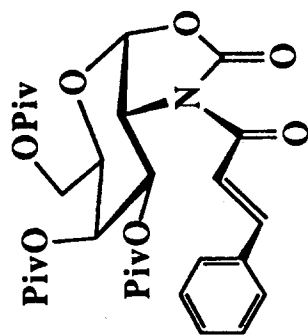


R	R'_2AlCl	Reaction Time	Yield	Ratio of Diastereomers
	Et_2AlCl	28 h	55 %	96 : 4
	iBu_2AlCl/Me_2AlCl	24 h	78 %	> 99 : 1
	n-Pr $_2AlCl$	5 h	74 %	97.5 : 2.5
	Et_2AlCl	54 h	62 %	91 : 9
CH_3	Et_2AlCl	40 h	70 %	90 : 10
	iBu_2AlCl/Me_2AlCl	24 h	75 %	> 99 : 1
	n-Pr $_2AlCl$	6 h	50/38 %	95 : 5
	Ph $_2AlCl$	20 h	62 %	2.5 : 97.5

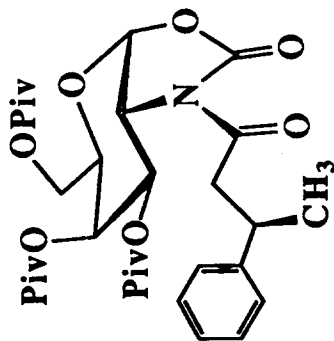
Karola Rück 1991

H. Kunz, K. Rück, SYNLETT 1992,343

Diastereoselective Photoinduced 1,4-Addition of Dimethylaluminum Chloride
to α,β -Unsaturated Acyl Oxazolidinones Derived from Carbohydrates

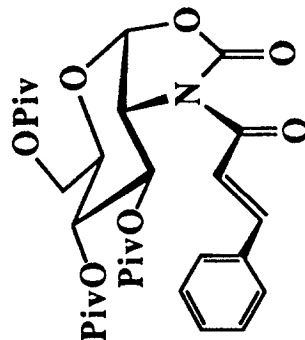


3 eq. $\text{Me}_2\text{AlCl}/-40^\circ\text{C}$,
 $h\nu$ for 5h, then 25 h
Toluene/ n-Hexane

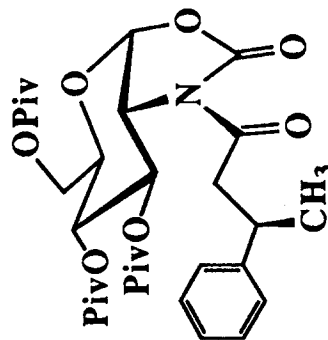


Yield: 82 %

Ratio of Diastereomers: > 98 : 2



3 eq. $\text{Me}_2\text{AlCl}/-40^\circ\text{C}$,
 $h\nu$ for 5h, then 22 h
Toluene/ n-Hexane

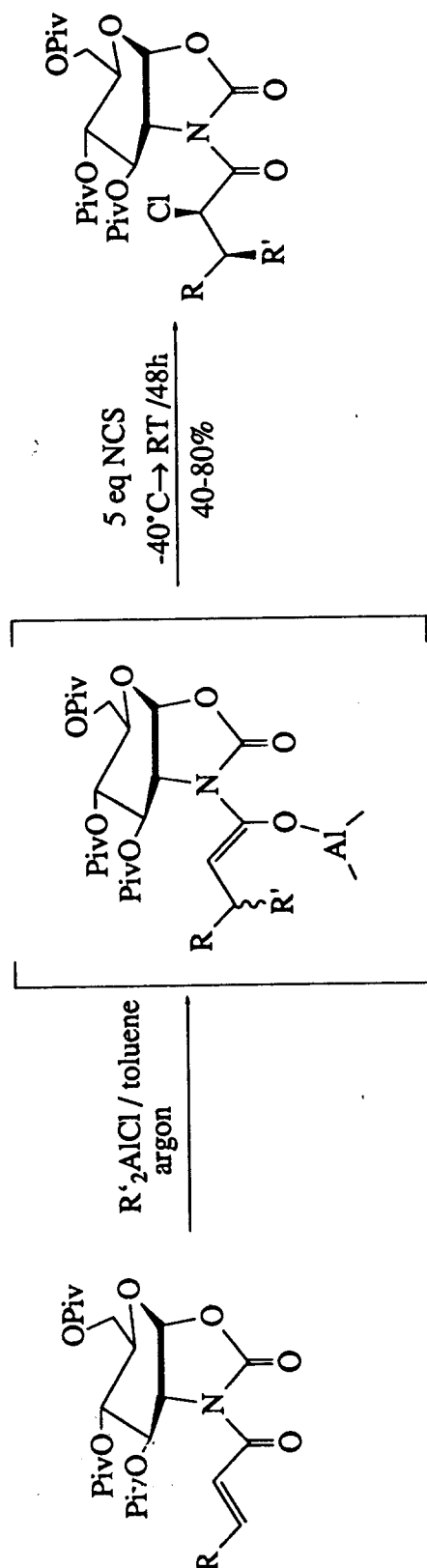


Yield: 76 %

Ratio of Diastereomers: 94 : 6

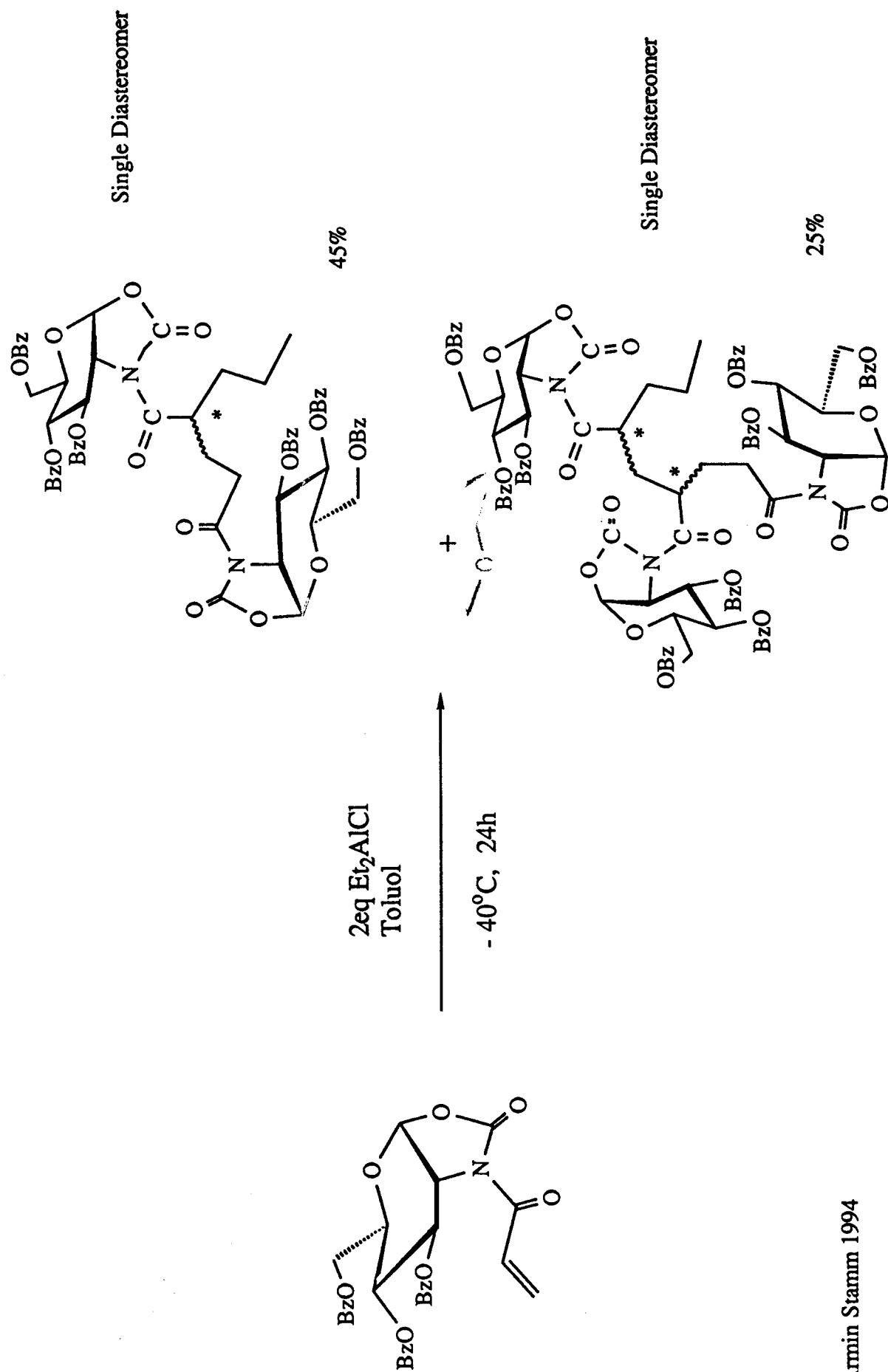
Cascade of Stereoselective 1,4 Addition and α -Halogenation of Unsaturated N-Acyl Oxazolidinones Derived from Glucosamine

β -Alkyl- α -chlorocarboxylic Acid Derivatives

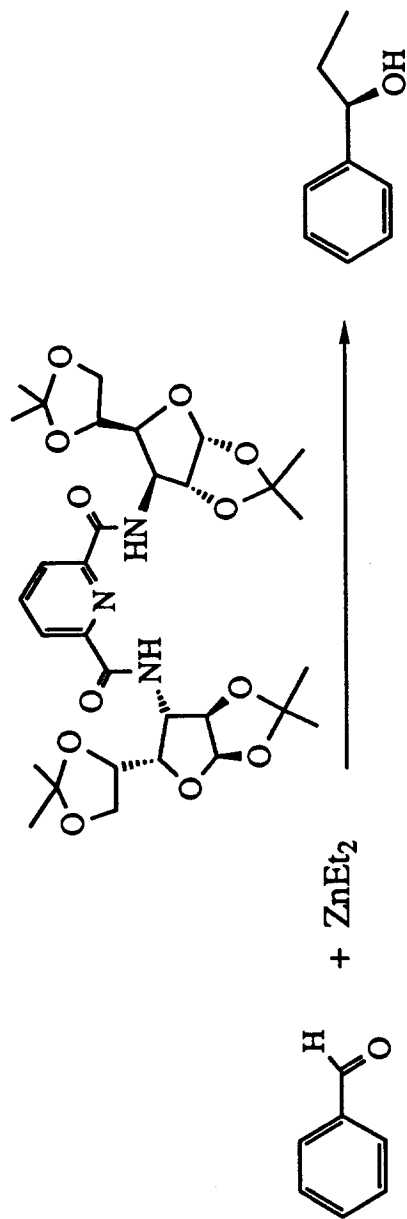


R	R'_2AlCl	Reaction Temp./ Time	Yield	Diastereomeric Ratio
Phenyl	3 eq Et_2AlCl	a.) $-40^\circ C / 24h$ b.) 5 eq NCS/ 48h	64%	91.8 : 7.1 : 1.1 : 0 (2R,3S) (2R,3R)
Phenyl	1 eq Me_2AlCl 4 eq iBu_2AlCl	a.) $-40^\circ C / 32h$ b.) 5 eq NCS/ 36h	48%	91.1 : 6.3 : 2.6 : 0
Methyl	3 eq Et_2AlCl	a.) $-40^\circ C / 30h$ b.) 5 eq NCS/ 48h	77%	80 : 20 : 0 : 0 (2R,3R) (2R,3S)

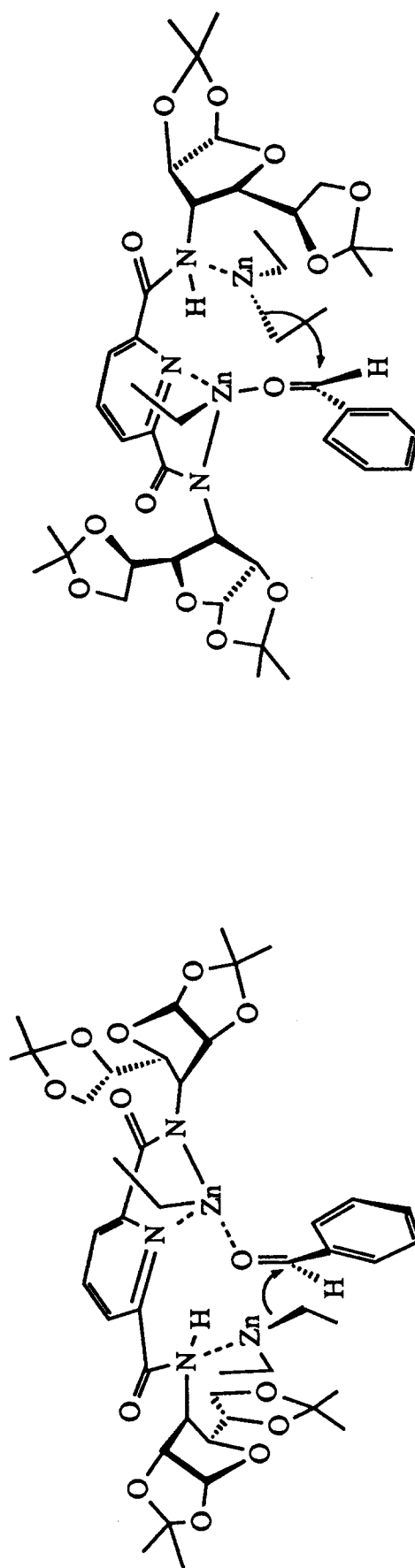
Stereocontrolled Oligomerisation of Acrylic Acid Derivatives

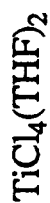
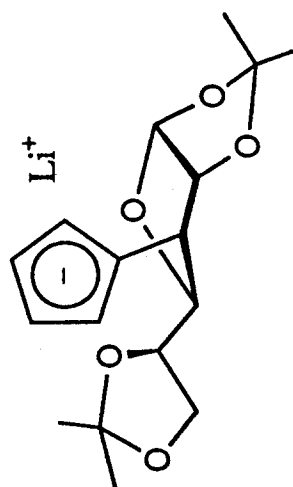


Enantioselective Addition of Diethyl Zinc to Aldehydes Using Carbohydrate-Derived Catalysts

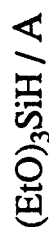
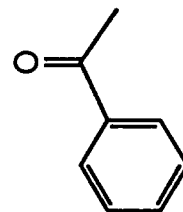
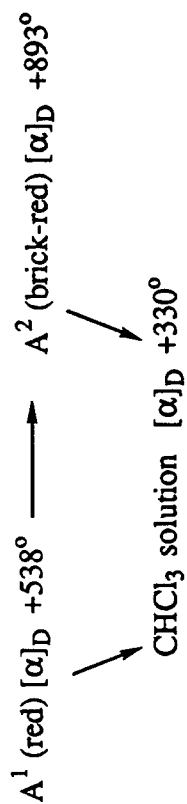
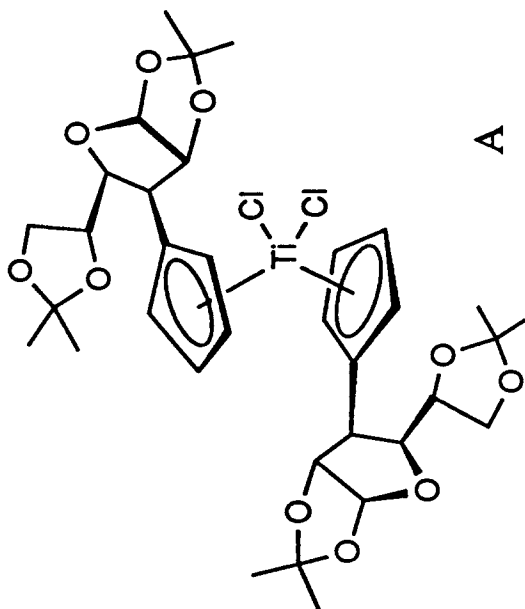


70 - 90% (R) : (S) up to 93 : 7

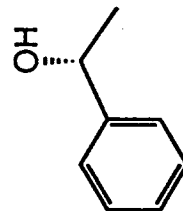




75%

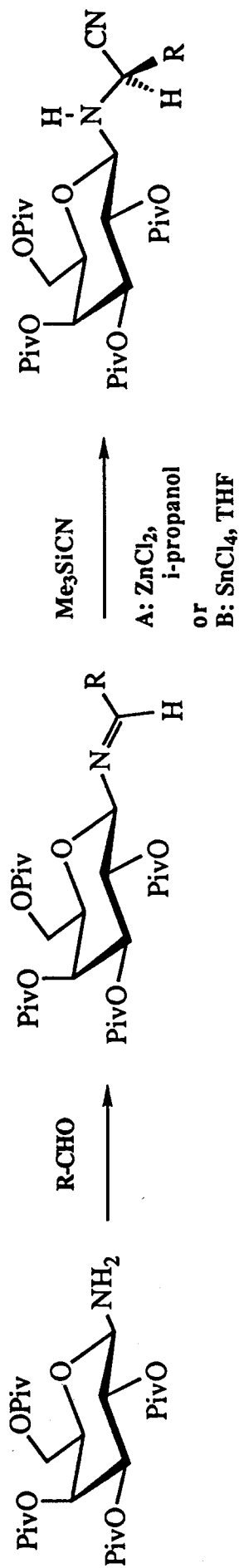


room temp.

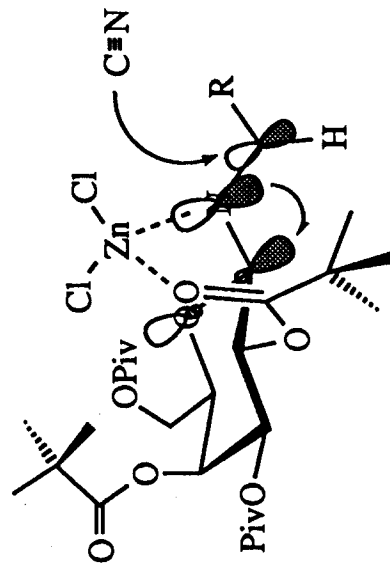


quantitative (R) : (S) 64 : 36

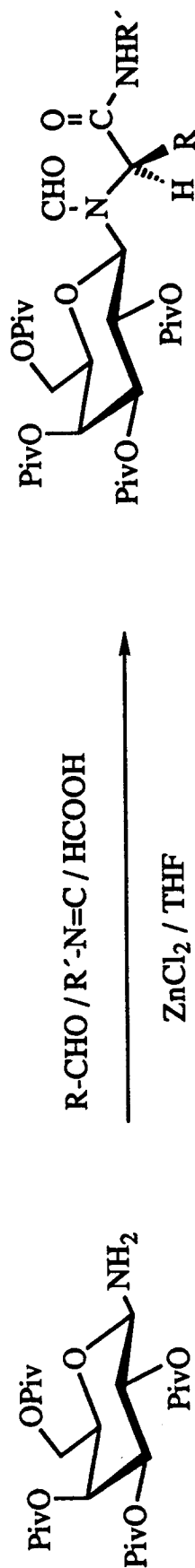
Diastereoselective Strecker Synthesis on Carbohydrate Amine Templates



R	method	yield (%)	ratio of diastereomers (R) : (S)	pure (R)
	A	95	7 : 1	78%
	A	90	>50 : 1	91%
	B	95	11 : 1	84%
	B	95	12 : 1	87%
$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	B	93	13 : 1	86%



Diastereoselective Ugi-Reaction on Carbohydrate Matrices

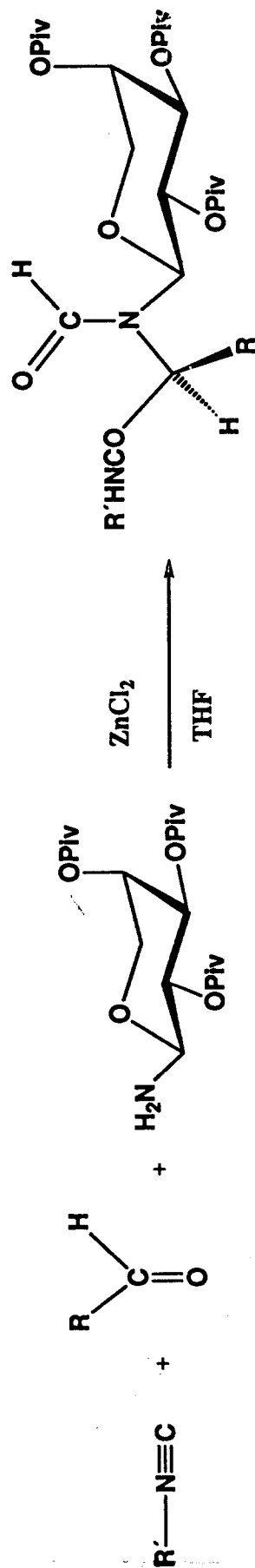


R	R'	T (°C)	(2R) : (2S)	rein (2R) Ausb. (%)
$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	-78	>100 : 1	80
$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5-\text{CH}_2-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	-78	19 : 1	80
$\text{Cl}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	-25	30 : 1	92
$\text{C}_4\text{H}_3\text{S}-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	-25	22 : 1	93
$\text{O}_2\text{N}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-$	$(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{C}-$	0	16 : 1	91

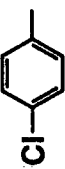
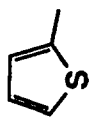
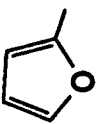
Waldemar Pfengle 1987

H. Kunz, W. Pfengle, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 110 (1988), 651; Tetrahedron 44(1988),5487.

Diastereoselective Ugi-Synthese von S-Aminosäure-Derivaten an D-Arabinosylamin als Matrix



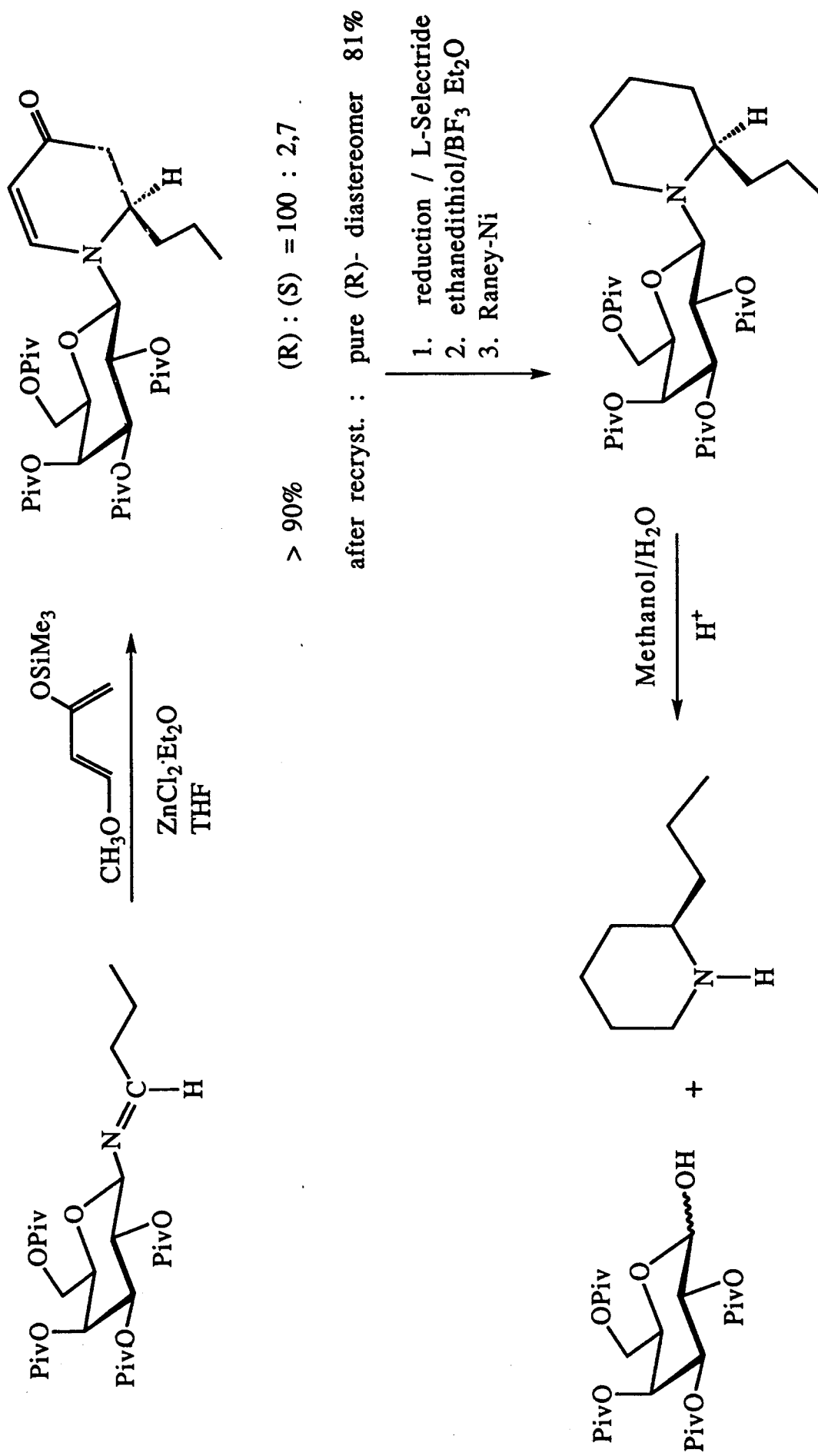
(S)

R	R'	T (°C)	(2R) : (2S)	rein (2S) Ausb. (%)
$(CH_3)_3C-$	$(CH_3)_3C-$	-25	1 : 25	85
$C_6H_5-CH_2-$	$(CH_3)_3C-$	-78	1 : 29	87
	$(CH_3)_3C-$	-25	1 : 30	91
	$(CH_3)_3C-$	-25	1 : 23	85
	$(CH_3)_3C-$	-25	1 : 22	88

W. Pfrengle
1987

Stereoselective Synthesis of Alkaloids Using the D-Galactosylamine as the Chiral Template:

Stereoselective Synthesis of Conine



(R)- Conine 97%

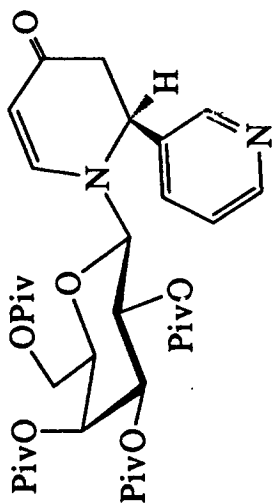
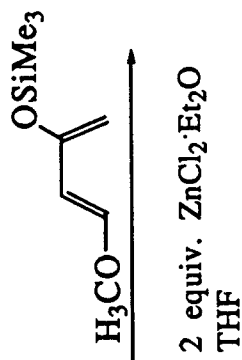
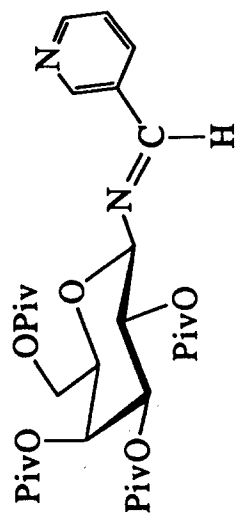
Waldemar Pfengle 1987

87%

> 90% (R) : (S) = 100 : 2,7

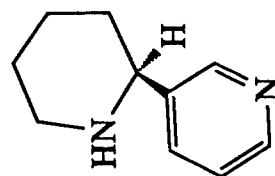
after recryst. : pure (R)- diastereomer 81%

Diastereoselective Synthesis of the Alkaloid (S)-Anabasin on a Carbohydrate Template



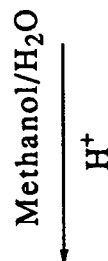
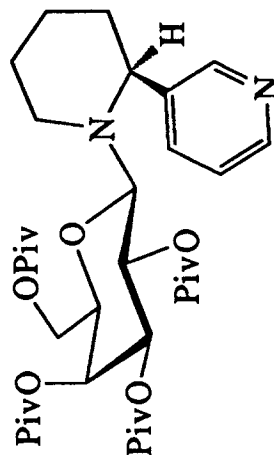
> 90% (S) : (R) = > 20 : 1

1. Reduction / L-Selectride 96%
2. Ethanedithiol/ $\text{BF}_3 \cdot \text{Et}_2\text{O}$ 92%
3. Raney-Ni 75%



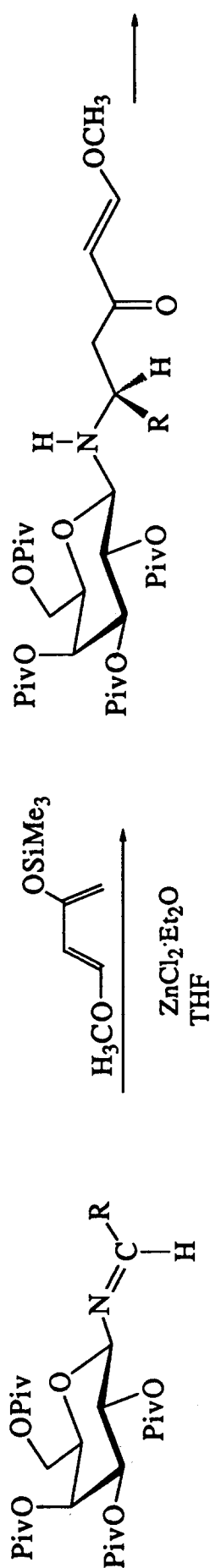
(S)-Anabasin

> 90%

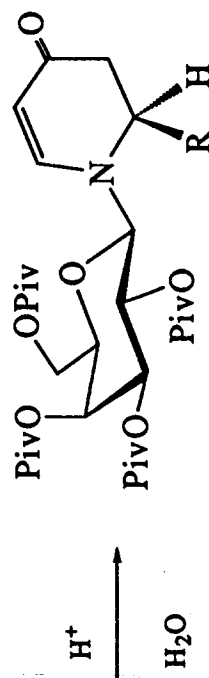


Waldemar Pfengle 1988

Diastereoselective Tandem-Mannich-Michael-Reaction on N-Galactosyl Imines



A



B

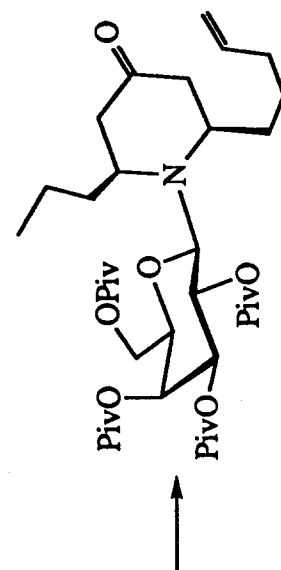
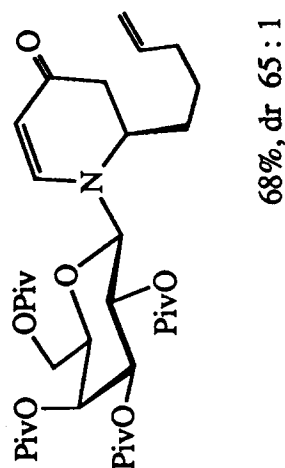
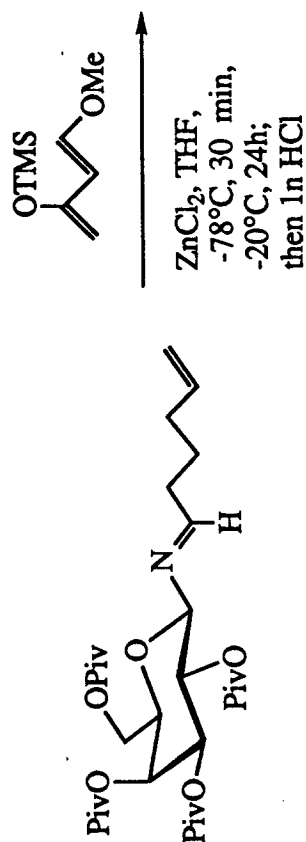
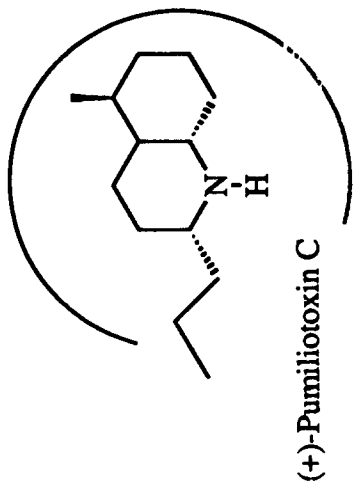
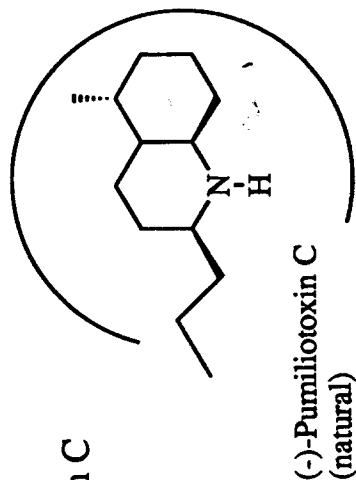
R	Yield (%)		Ratio of Diastereomers		Pure Isomer (%)
	A	B	A	B	
CH ₃ -CH ₂ -CH ₂ -	-	90	-	40 : 1 (R) : (S)	81
	57	92	-	>20 : 1 (S) : (R)	86
	68	>97	-	50 : 1 (S) : (R)	94
	35	96	-	20 : 1 (S) : (R)	88

Waldemar Pfrengle 1988

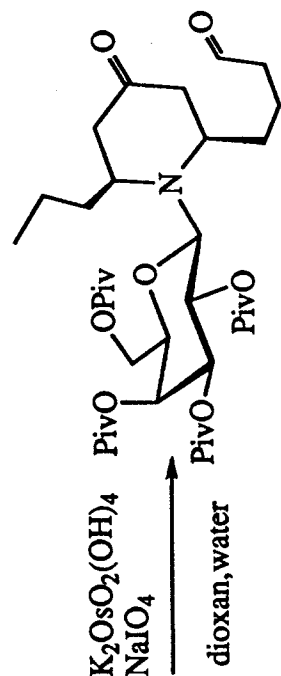
Markus Weymann 1996

Towards the Stereoselective Synthesis of Pumiliotoxin C

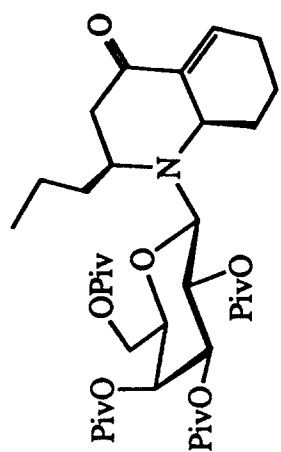
Markus Weymann 1995



81% dr » 10 : 1



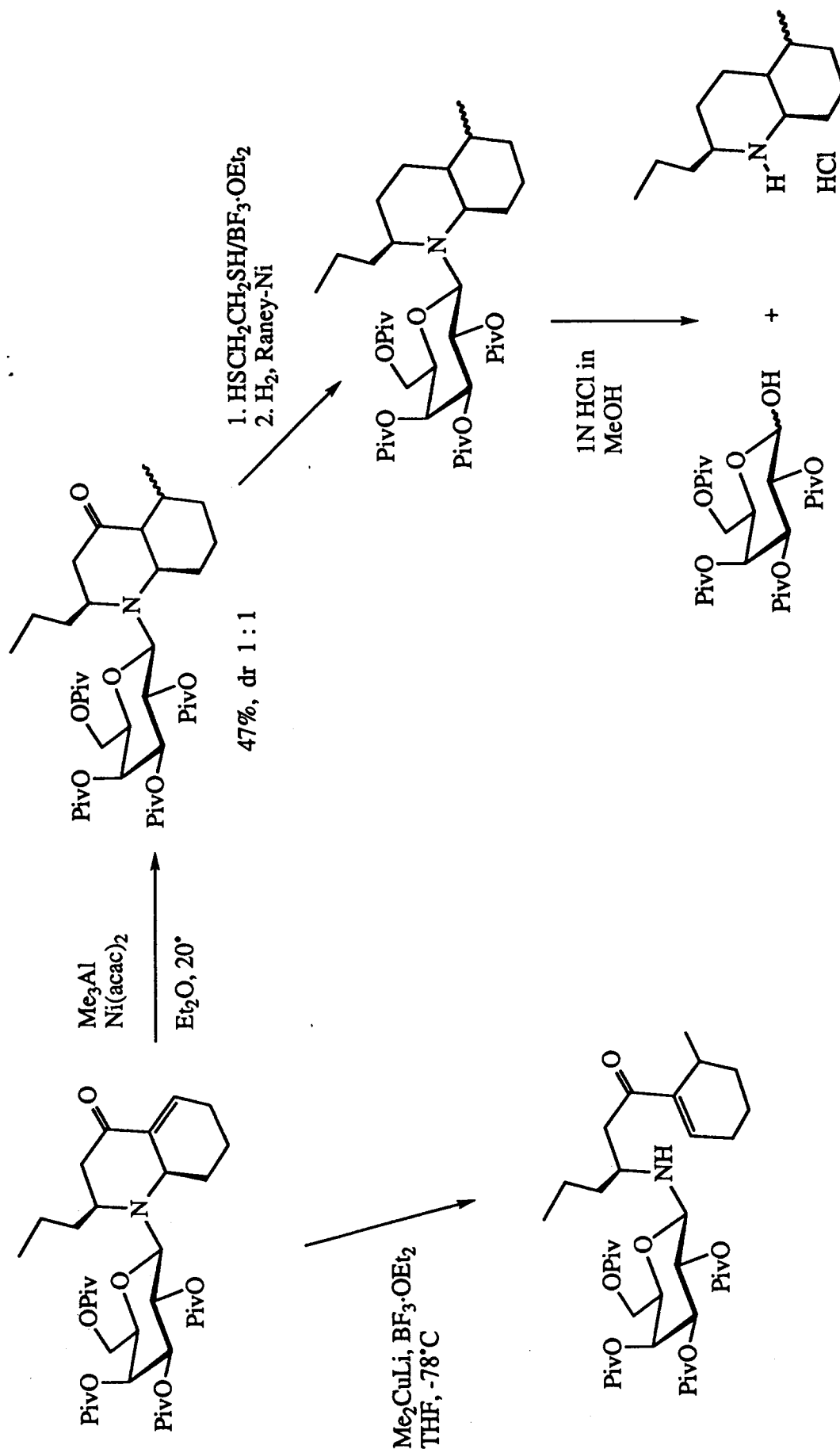
75%



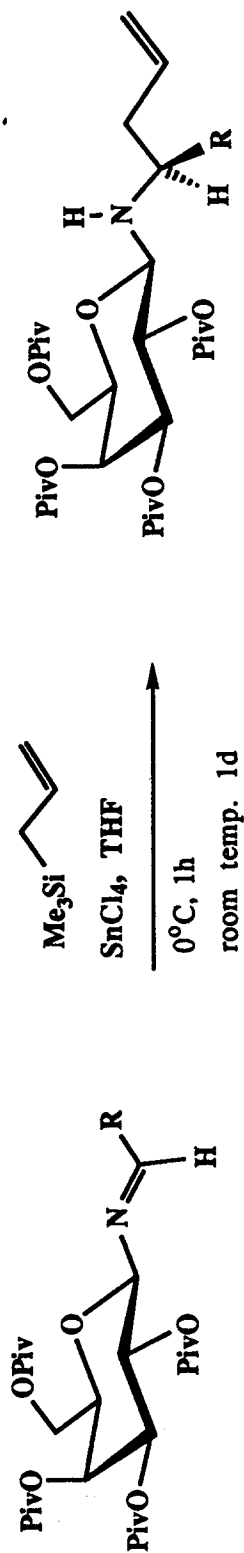
79%

68%, dr 65 : 1

Introduction of Methyl at C-5: An Unexpected Problem

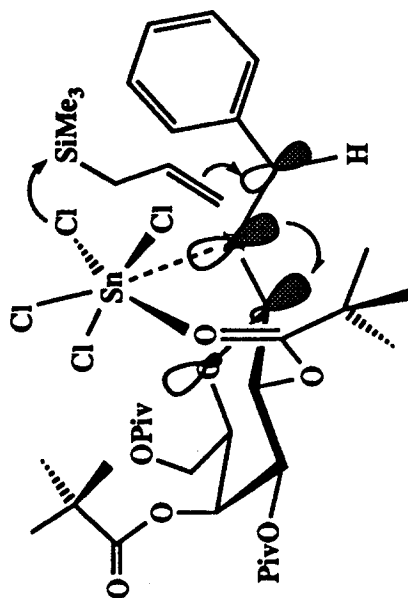


Diastereoselective Synthesis of Chiral Homoallyl Amines on Carbohydrate Amine Templates



R	yield (%)	ratio of diastereomers (S) : (R)
	82	27 : 1
	47	7 : 1
	49	22 : 1
	55	22 : 1
	65	14 : 1
	28	11 : 1
	76	15 : 1

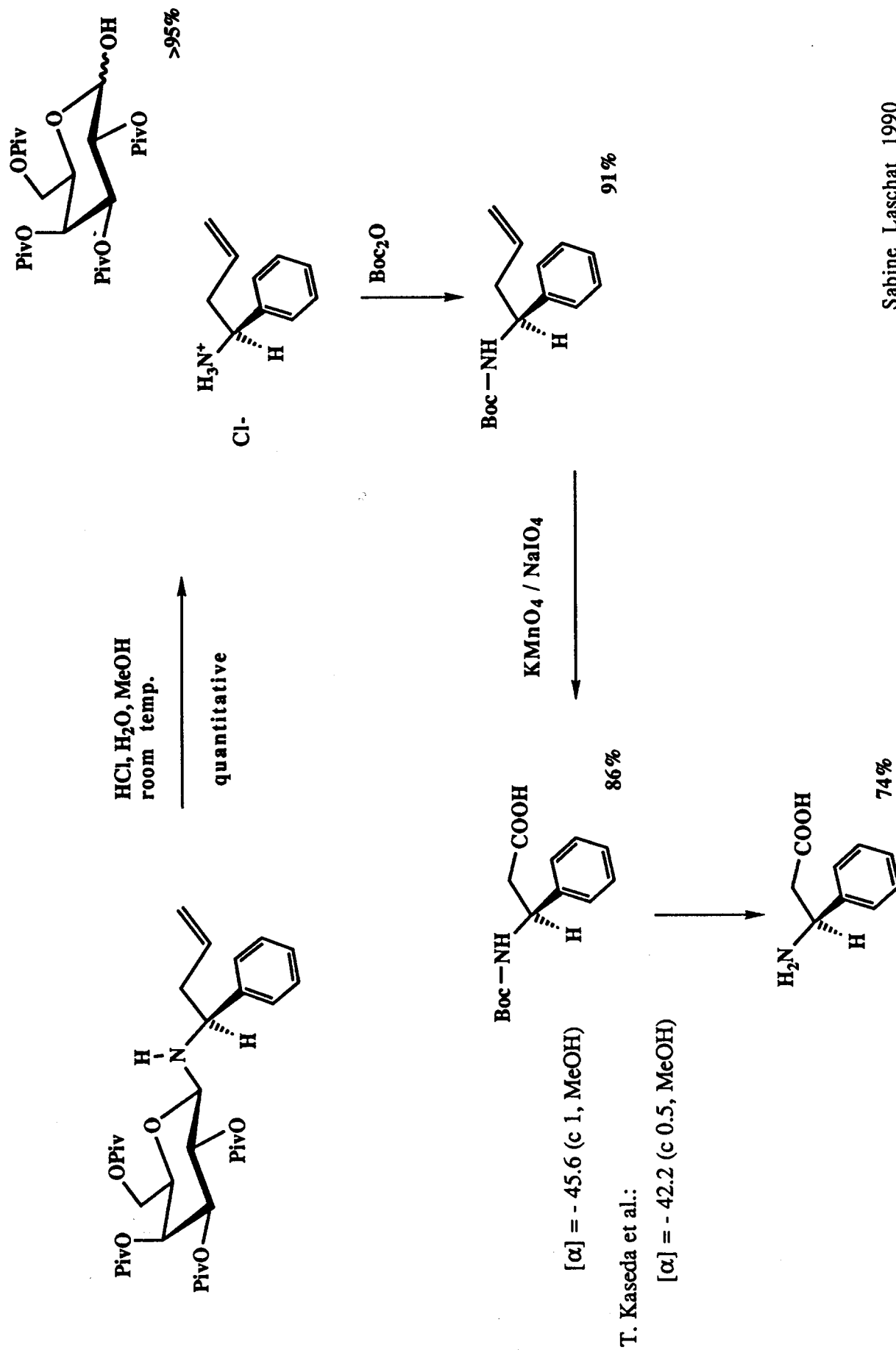
Using $\text{Bu}_3\text{Sn}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$ at -78°C
 $\text{CH}_3-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-$



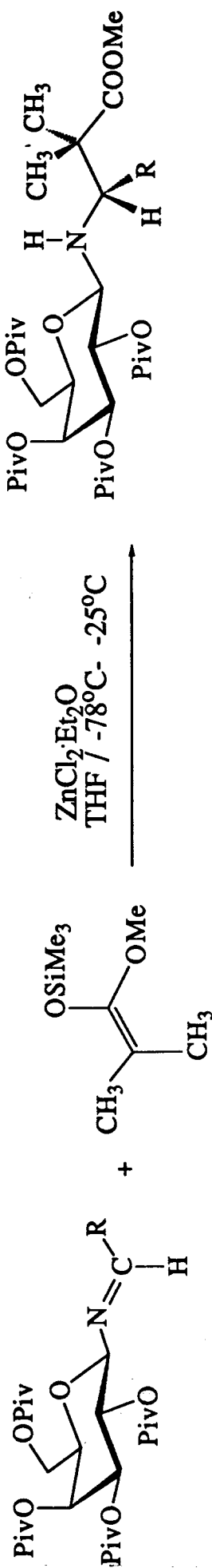
Sabine Laschat 1990

S. Laschat, H. Kunz, Synlett 1990,51;
 J. Org. Chem. 56 (1991), 5883.

Release of the Homoallyl Amine from the Carbohydrate Template

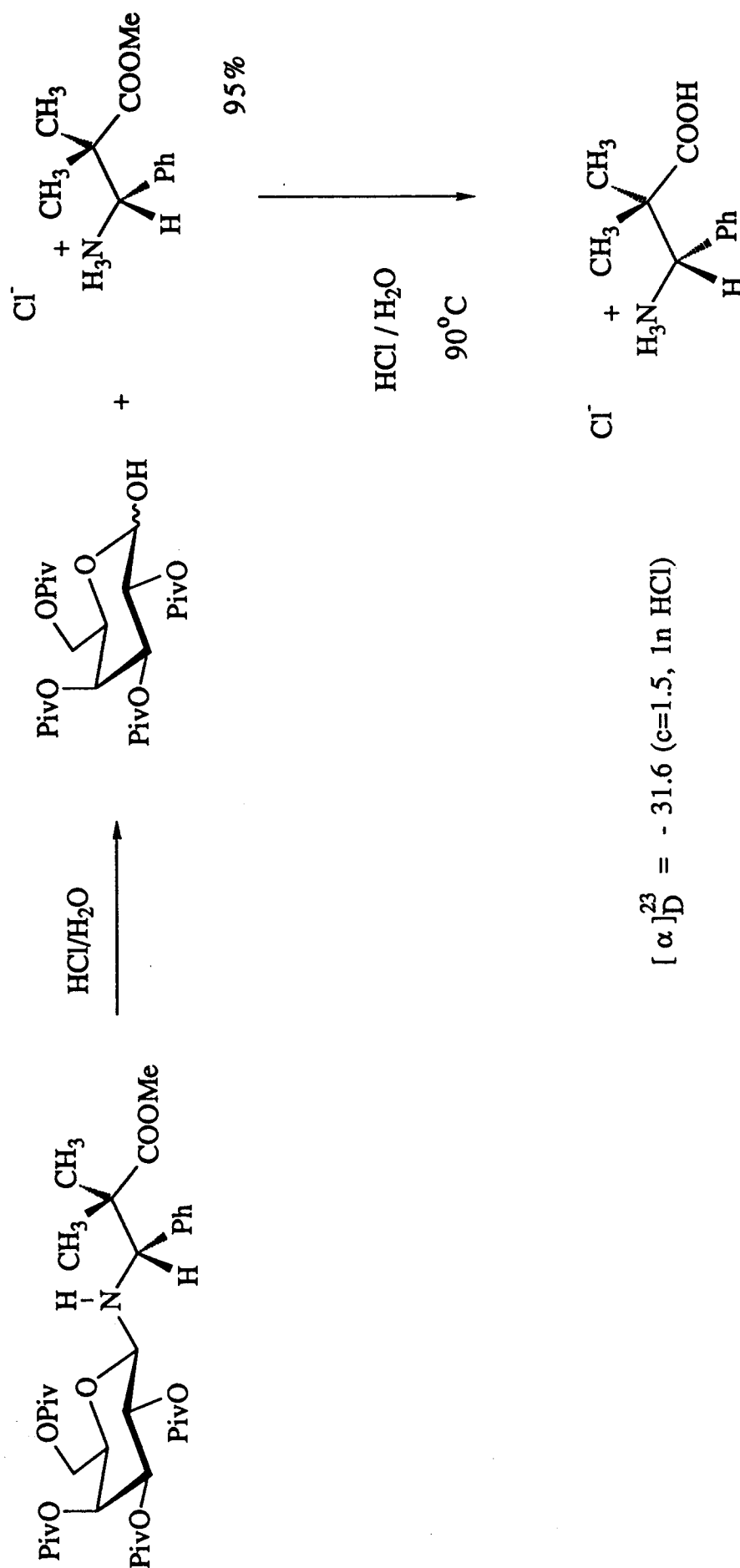


Diastereoselective Synthesis of β -Amino Acids on Galactosylamine as the Chiral Template



R	Yield (%)	Ratio of Diastereomers (S) : (R)
Phenyl	89	147 : 1
" (+30°C)	95	105 : 1
4-Cl-Ph	92	68 : 1
3-Cl-Ph	89	210 : 1
4-F-Ph	88	146 : 1
4-Me-Ph	90	75 : 1
2-Naphthyl (+20°C)	89	12 : 1

Hydrolysis and Structural Assignment of N-Galactosyl β -Amino Acid Derivatives



$$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{23} = -31.6 \text{ (c=1.5, 1n HCl)}$$

Reference for the corresponding (R)-compound:

Furukawa et al., Heterocycles 6 (1977), 1323 : $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +30.6 \text{ (c=1.5, 1n HCl)}$

