

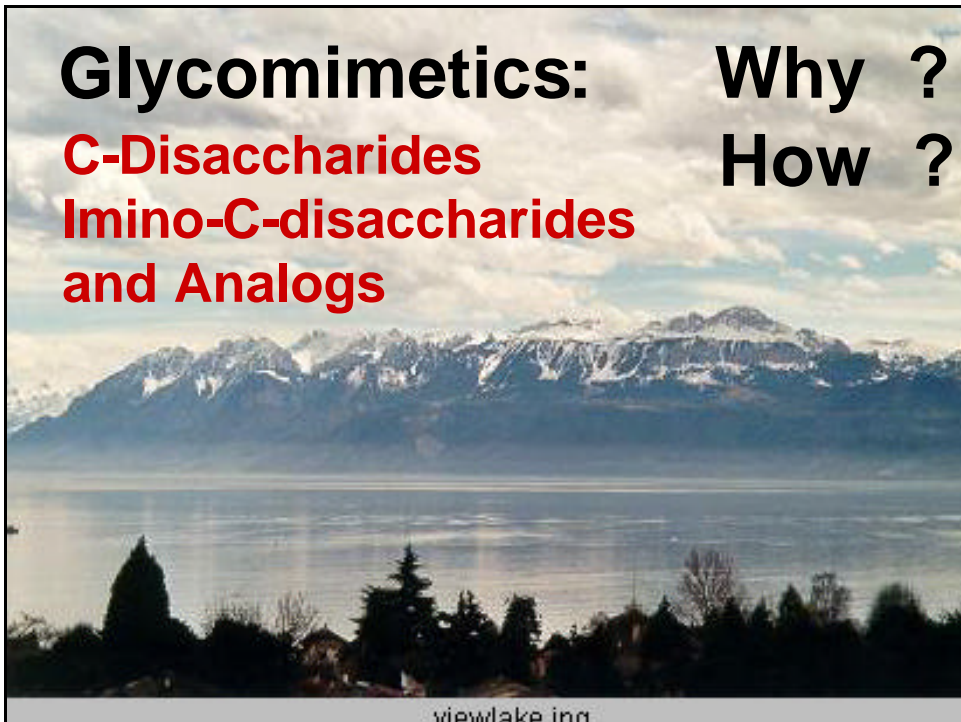
Glycomimetics:

C-Disaccharides

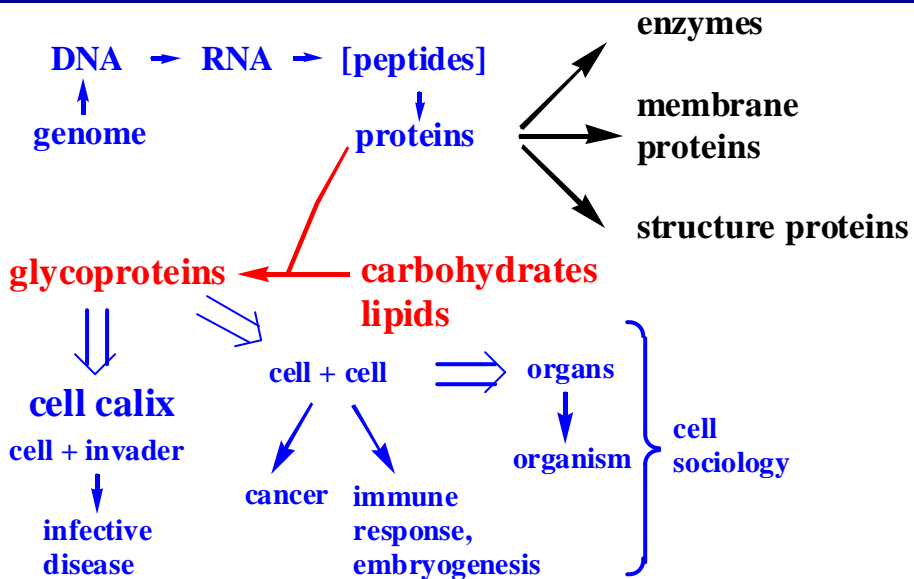
Imino-C-disaccharides

and Analogs

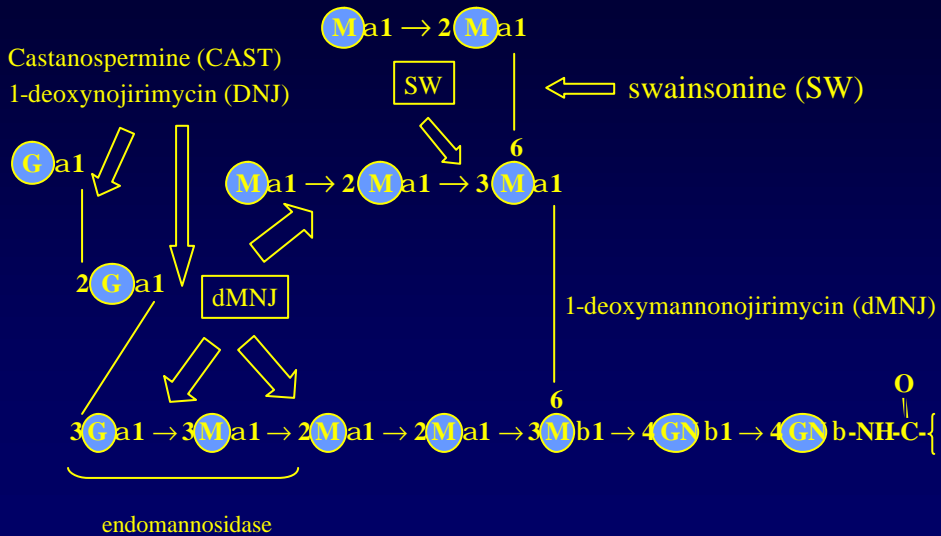
Why ?
How ?



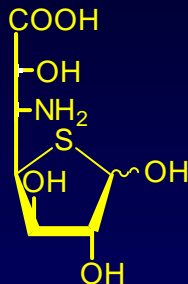
What you need to know to understand life: carbohydrate functions, glycosidation, etc.



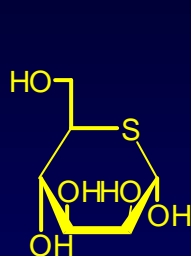
Glycoprotein Biosynthesis



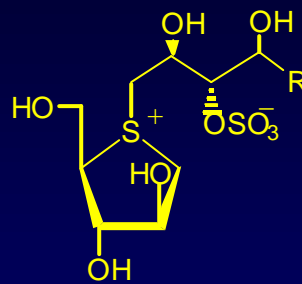
Natural Monothiosaccharides



in albomycin
antibiotics, 1984

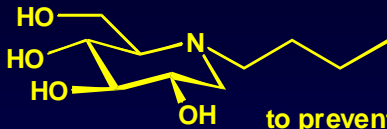


from marine
sponge, 1987
1-deoxy-:
weak inhibitor
of α -glucosidase



R = H : Salacinol, 1997
R = $\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{-CH}(\text{OH})\text{-CH}_2(\text{OH})$
Kotalanol, 1998
(Indian medicine
for diabetes)

AZASUGARS AS POTENTIAL DRUGS

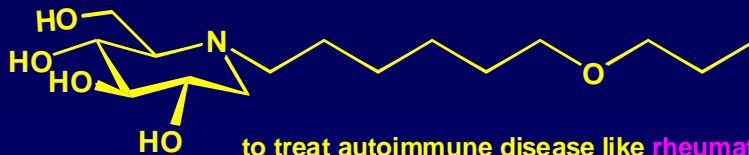


to treat **human hepatitis B**
cf.: Bock, T. M., et al. *Proc Nat Acad. Sci. USA* 1994, 91, 2235

to prevent **Tay-Sachs disease**, reduces accumulation of glycosphingolipids in the brain
cf.: Platt, F. M. et al. *J. Biol. Chem.* 1997, 272, 19365
Kolter, T. *Angew. Chem. I. E.* 1997, 36, 1995

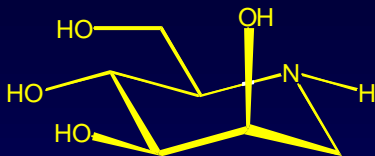
inhibits HIV entry

cf.: Fischer, P. B., et al. *J. Virology* 1996, 70, 7153
Fenouillet, E., et al. *J. Virology* 1997, 231, 89



to treat autoimmune disease like **rheumatoid arthritis**
cf.: van den Broek, L. A. et al. *J. Pharm. Pharmacology* 1996, 48, 172

1-Deoxymannonojirimycin (dMN)



- α -mannosidase I inhibitor (Golgi)
- inhibition of α -mannosidase blocks processing of glycan^{a)}

Unconjugates **N-glycans** $\text{Man}_3\text{GlcNAc}$ and $\text{Man}_3(\text{Xyl})\text{GlcNAc}(\text{Fuc})\text{GlcNAc}$
delay tomato ripening at 10 ng/g concentration

dMN inhibits their hydrolysis and delays tomato ripening^{b)}

a) Vitale, A.; Zoppe, M.; Bollini, R. *Physiol. Plant.* **1989**, 89, 1079

b) Yunovitz, H.; Gross, K. C. *J. Carbohydr. Chem.* **1995**, 14, 653

SWAINSONINE



isolated from *Swainsona canescens*^[1]
Swainsona procumbens^[2]

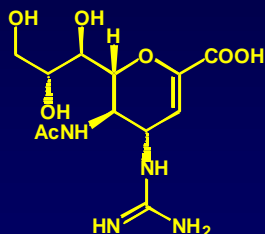
- Ⓜ inhibits lysosomal acid α -mannosidase^[3]
 cytosolic α -mannosidase^[3]
 Golgi α -mannosidase II^[4]
tumor cell invasion and metastasis^[5]
 - Ⓜ reduces the growth of human melanoma cells^[6]
 - Ⓜ stimulates lymphocyte proliferation^[7]
 - Ⓜ enhances natural killer cell activity in vivo
 leading to the inhibition of metastasis^[8]
- maximal daily oral dose: 300mg/kg^[9]
 (side effects: exema, anorexia, pains, fatigue)

- [1] Colegate, S. M.; Dorling, P. R.; Huxtable, C. R. *Aust. J. Chem.* 1979, 32, 2257
 [2] Perrone, G. G.; Barrow, K. D.; McFarlane, I. J. *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 1999, 7, 831
 [3] Dorling, P. R.; Huxtable, C. R.; Colegate, S. M. *Biochem.* 1980, 191, 649
 [4] Tulsiani, D. R. P.; Broquist, H. P.; James, L. F.; Touster, O. *Archiv. Biochem. Biophys.* 1984, 232, 76
 [5] Fernandes, B.; Sagman, M.; Demetrio, M.; Dennis, J. W. *Cancer Res.* 1991, 51, 718
 [6] Dennis, J. W.; Koch, K. Yousefi, S.; Vanderelst, I. *Ibid.* 1990, 50, 1867
 [7] Hino, M. et al. *J. Antibiotics* 1985, 38, 926
 [8] Humphries, M. J. et al. *Cancer Res.* 1988, 48, 1410
 [9] Goss, P. E. et al. *Clin. Can. Res.* 1997, 3, 1077

Sialidase Inhibitors against Influenza Infection



sialyl glycoside



GS 4071
 IC_{50} : 2 nM



(Glaxo-Wellcome)
 2 nM

- E.g.: Von Itzstein M., et al. *Nature (London)* 1993, 363, 418-423;
 Kim, C. U., et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1997, 119, 681-690; *J. Med. Chem.* 1998, 41, 2451-2460;
 Smith, P. W., et al. *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* 1999, 9, 601-604.

α -Glucosidase Inhibitor with long Duration of Action in Rats



MDL 73945 (Merrell Dow, Strasbourg)

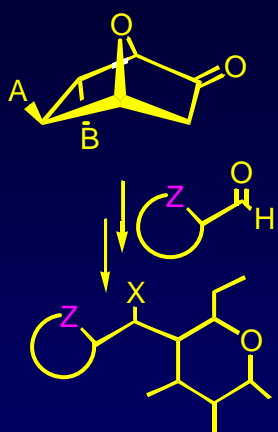
intestinal α -glucosidase inhibitor

reduces glycemic and insulin responses

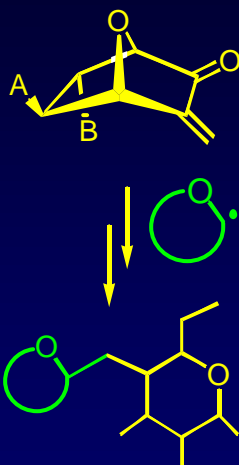
to sugar load

K. M. Robinson, M. E. Begovic, M. E. Rhinehart, E. W. Heineke, J. B. Ducep, P. R. Kastner, F. N. Marshall, C. Danzin, *Diabetes* **1991**, *40*, 825-830

C-Disaccharides from 7-Oxanorbornenones ('Naked Sugars')



α - or β - ; p or f
Z = O, NH, NR
X = OH, F, H, etc.

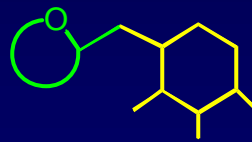


α -D-Glcp, α -D-Manp
 α -D-Galp, α -L-Fucp

High, predictable
 diastereoselectivities

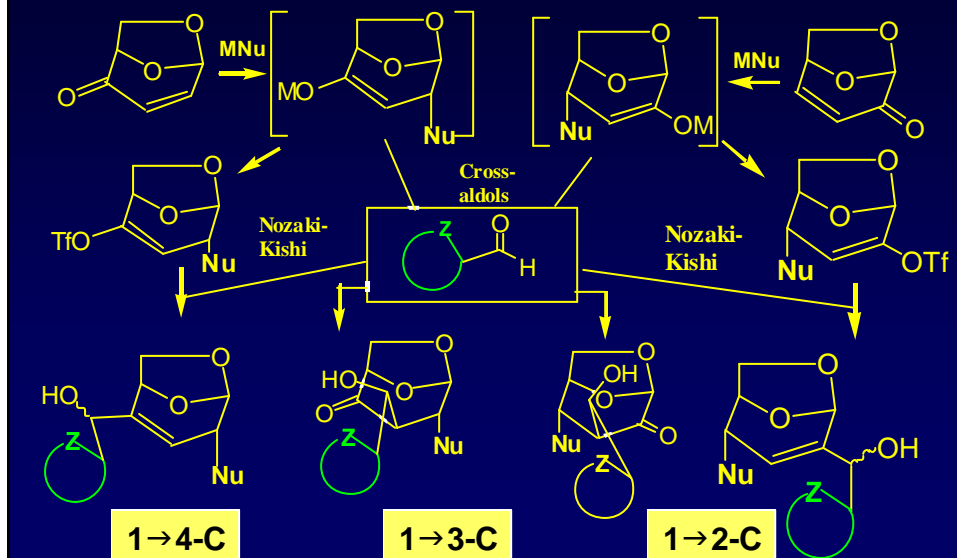
1 \rightarrow 2-C, 1 \rightarrow 3-C,
 1 \rightarrow 4-C, 1 \rightarrow 5-C

L- or D-
 nat. or unnatural

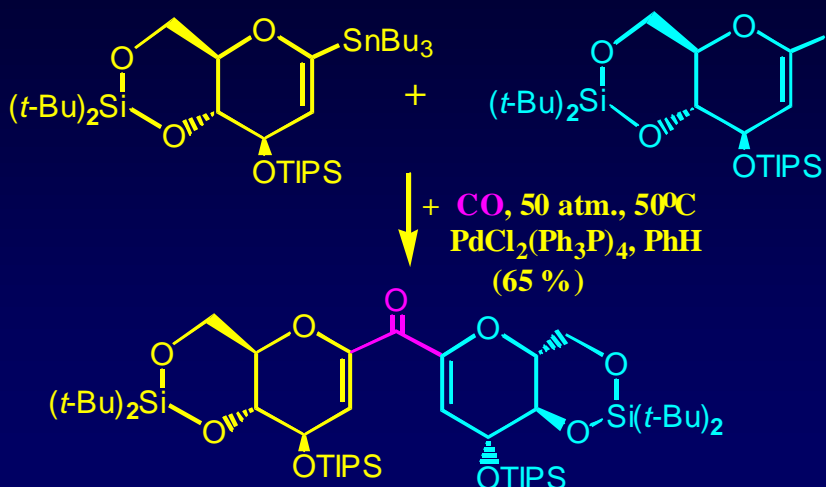


C-glycosides of
 carbapyranoses

Combinatorial Approach: Isolevoglucosenone and Levoglucosenone as Templates

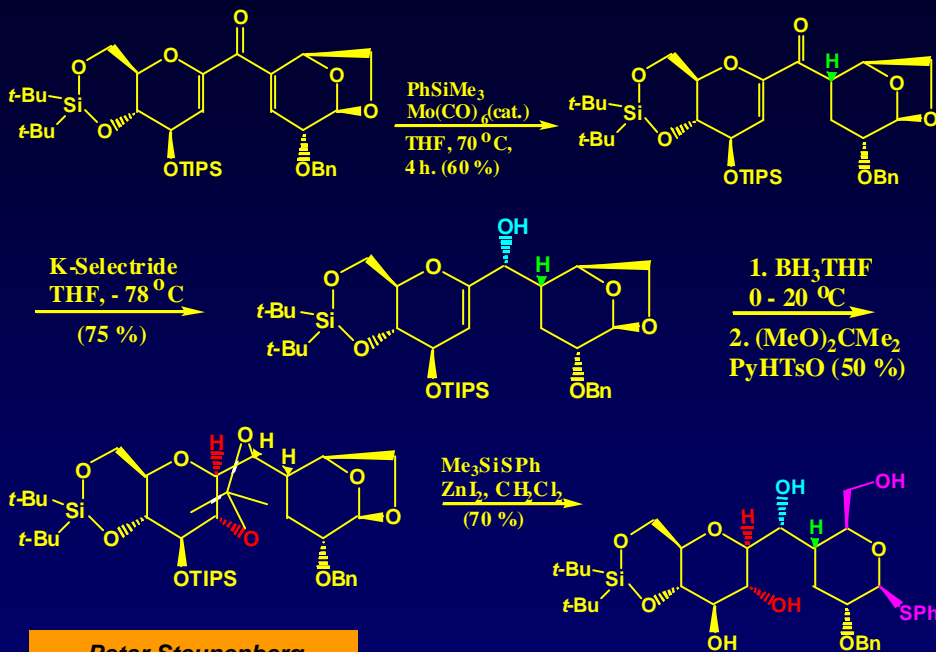
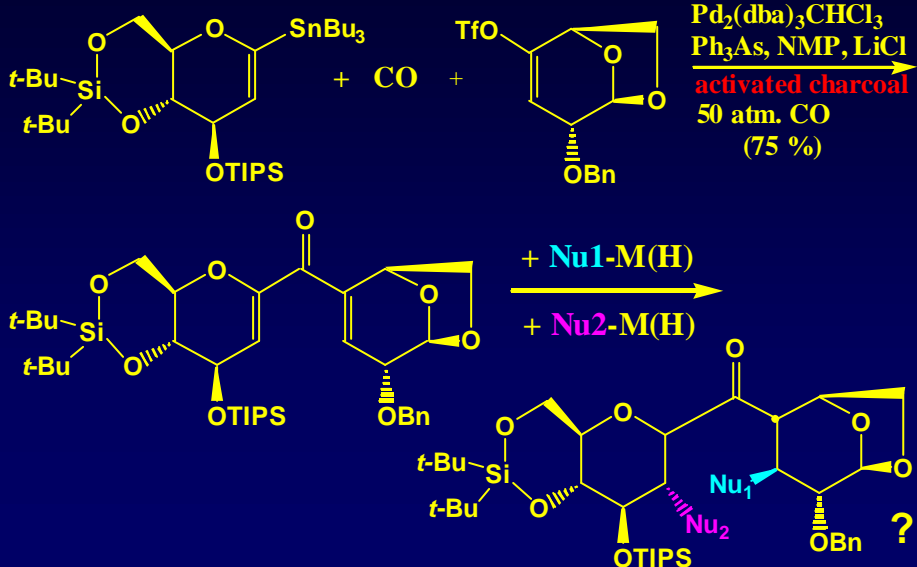


(1→1)-C-Disaccharides Carbonylative Stille Coupling



V. Jeanneret, L. Meerpoel, P. Vogel, *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1997, 38, 543

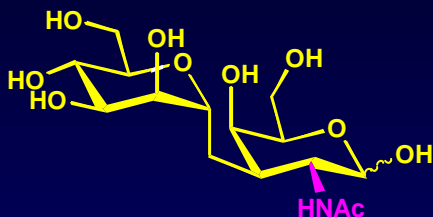
Library of C(1-4)disaccharides



Peter Steuenberg

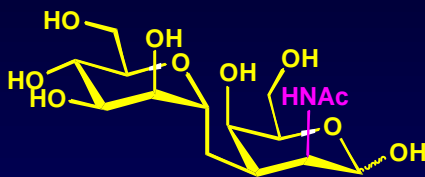
NEUTRAL (1→3)-C-DISACCHARIDES

Glycosidase and Glycosyltransferase inhibitors



α -D-Manp(1→3)CH₂-D-GalNAc

Inhibits several glycosidases
(β -galactosidase, jack bean, $K_i = 7.5$ mM)
and
human α -1,3-fucosyltransf. VI
with $K_i = 120$ mM

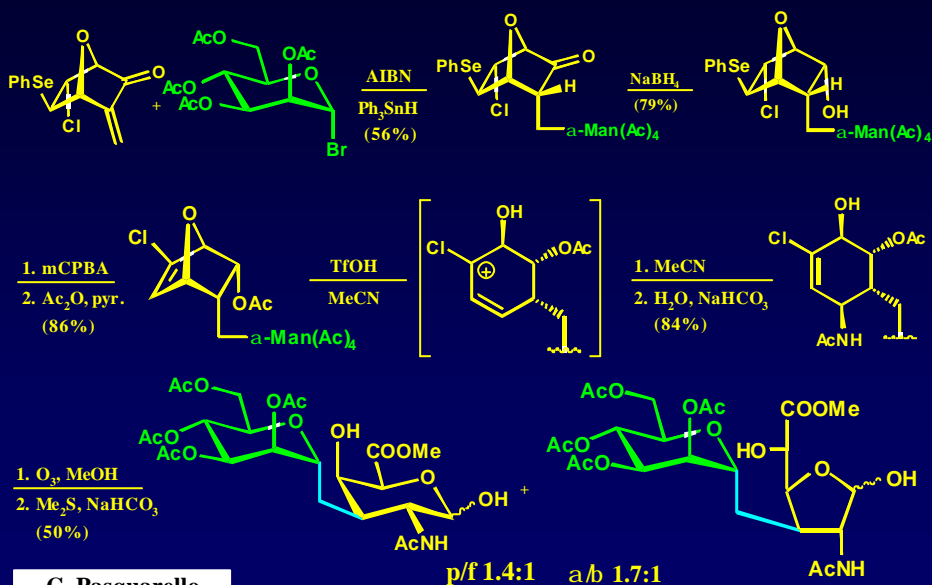


α -D-Manp(1→3)CH₂-D-TalNAc

INACTIVE

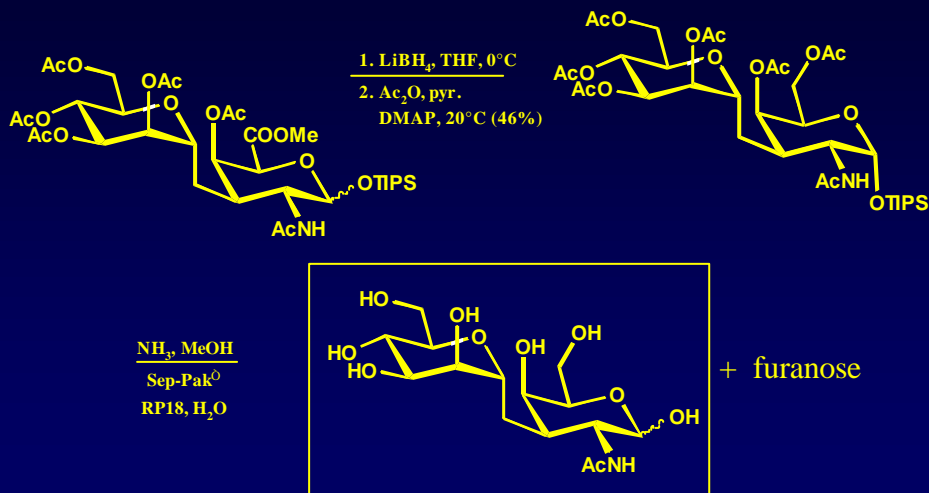
C. Pasquarello, R. Demange, S. Picasso,
E. Berger, M. Malissard, P. Vogel,
J. Org. Chem. 2000, 65, 4251

GIESE'S RADICAL C-GLYCOSIDATION



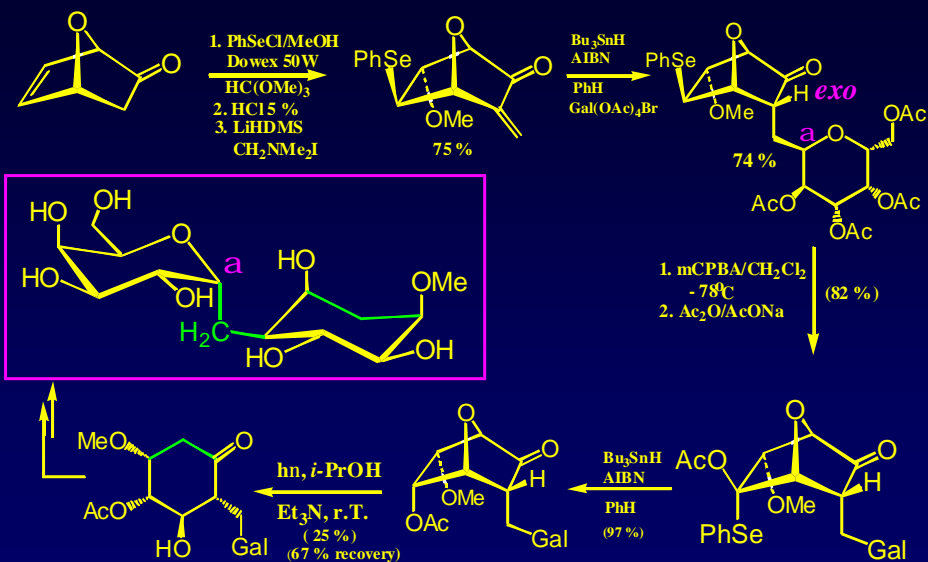
C. Pasquarello

α -D-Manp(1 \rightarrow 3)CH₂-D-GalNAc



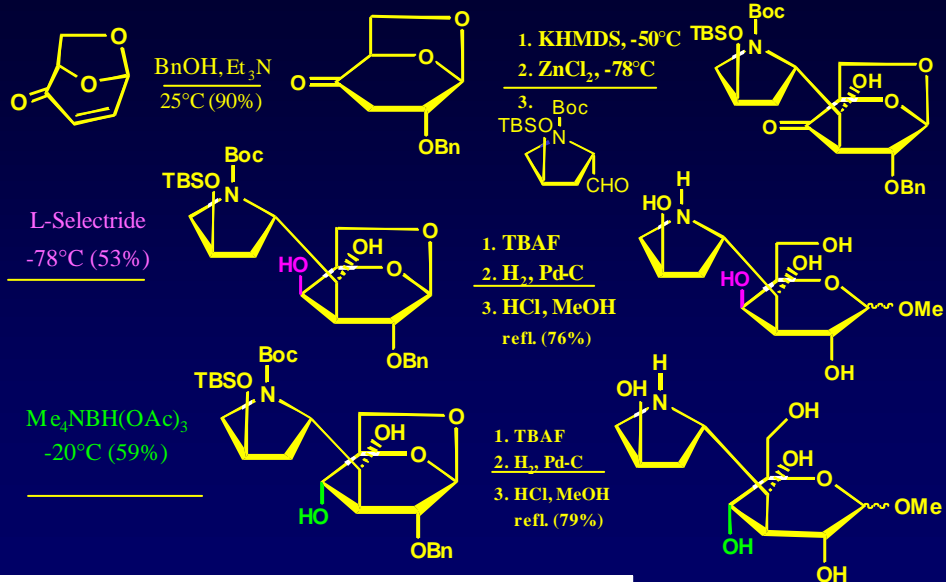
C. Pasquarello, S. Picasso, R. Demange, M. Malissard, E. G. Berger, P. Vogel,
J. Org. Chem. **2000**, *65*, 4251

α -C-Galactopyranoside of a Carbapentopyranoside



R. Ferritto, J. Cossy

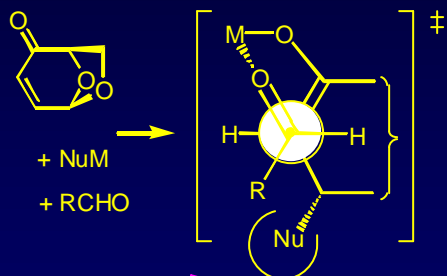
(1→3)-C-LINKED IMINO-DISACCHARIDES



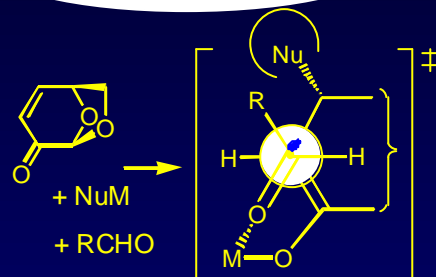
Y.-H. Zhu, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, *64*, 666-669

Aldol Diastereoselectivity: Zimmerman-Traxler Steric factors

Isolevoglucosenone



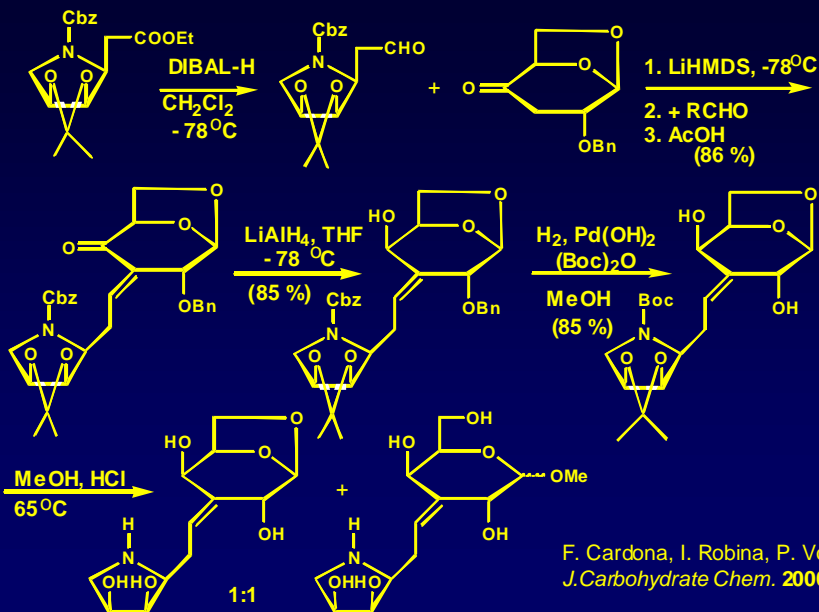
Levoglucosenone



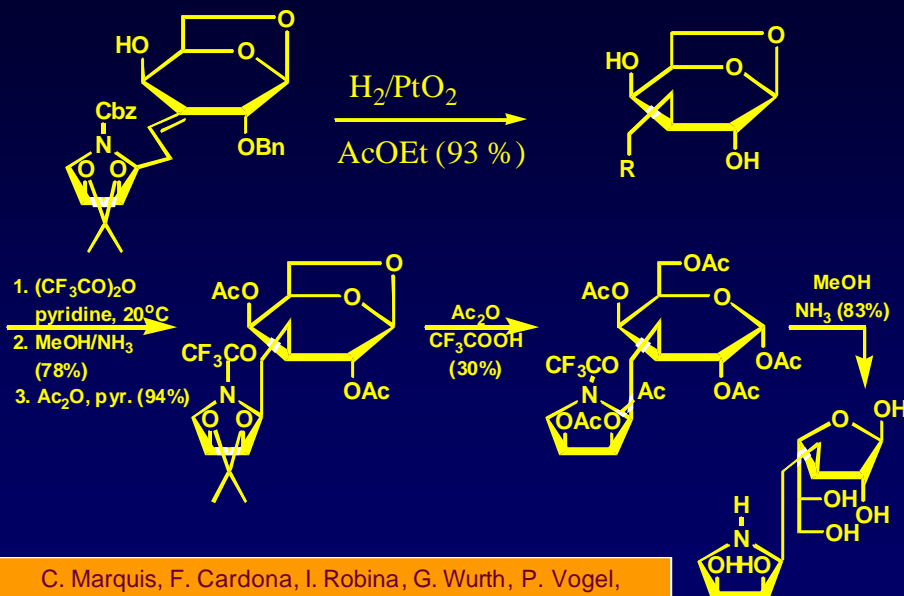
1'R

1'S

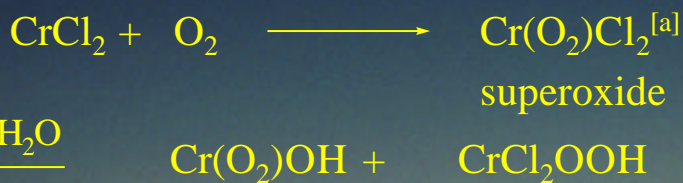
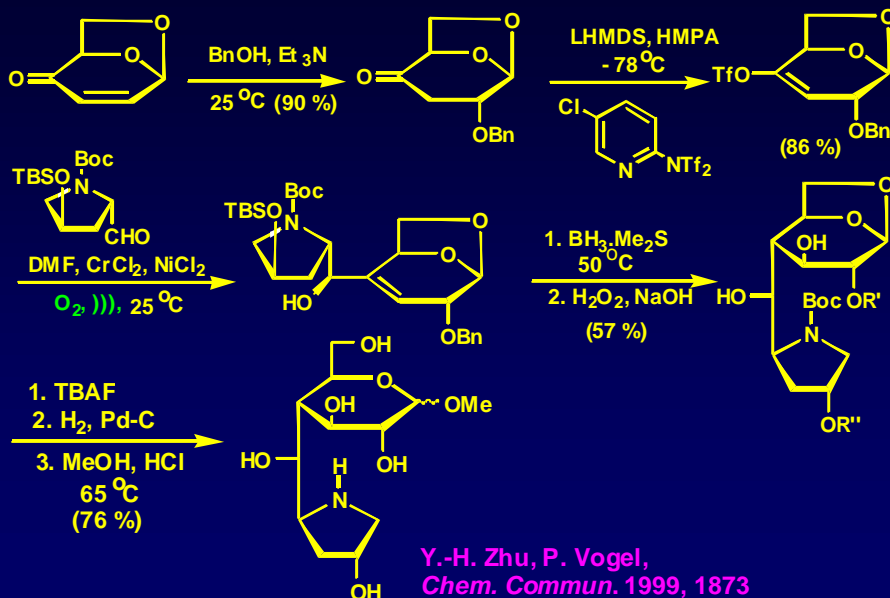
Homo-(1→3)-C-Linked Iminodisaccharides



Homo(1→3)-C-linked Iminodisaccharide



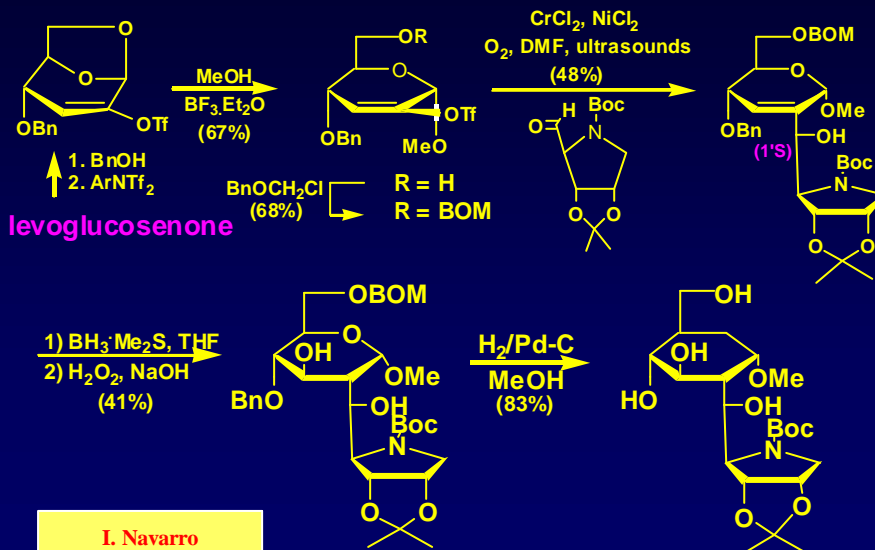
(1→4)-C-Linked Iminodisaccharides



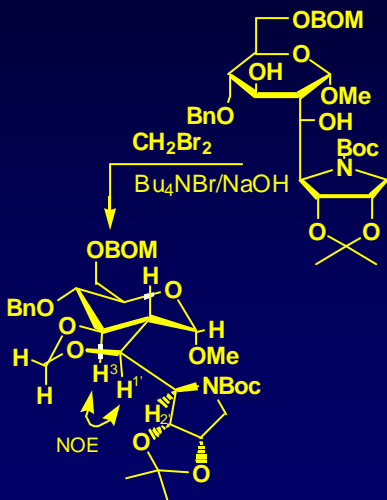
Stronger Lewis acids, not levelled out
by DMF, to activate the aldehyde

[a] M.E. BryMilson, A. Black, J. H. Espenson, *JACS* 1987, 109, 4579-4583

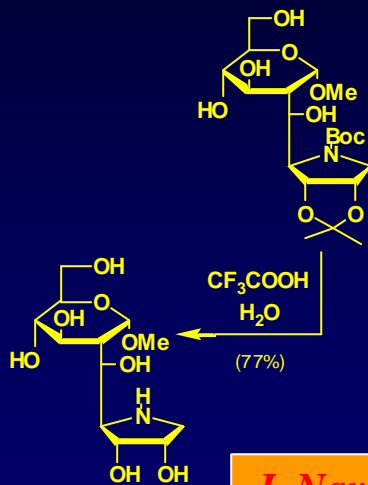
2,5-Dideoxy-2,5-imino-L-riitol-1a,2-CH(OH)-D-Glc-OMe



Configuration of the (HO)CH linker

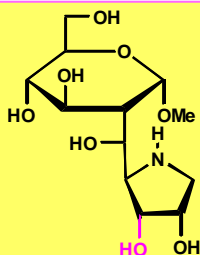


Deprotection



I. Navarro

GLYCOSIDASE INHIBITION



amyloglucosidase

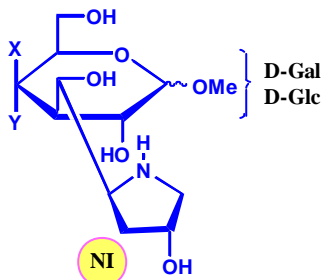
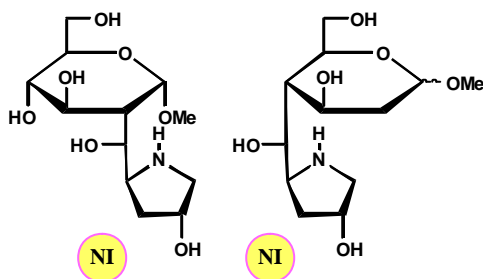
Rhizopus mold
 IC_{50} : 65 μ M
 K_i : 145 μ M (NC)

β -glucosidase

caldocellum
 saccharolyticum
 IC_{50} : 260 μ M
 K_i : 100 μ M (M)

α -mannosidase

Jack bean
 39% (1 mM)



I. Navarro; R. Demange

X.-H. Zhu

Combinatorial Approach to Drug Discovery

1. Chemists prepare a large number of compounds (mixtures, arrays), (tagging, deconvolution, parallel synthesis)
2. Biologists evaluate their biological properties (high-through-put bioassays)

Combine both types of operations:
 adaptive chemistry; dynamic libraries

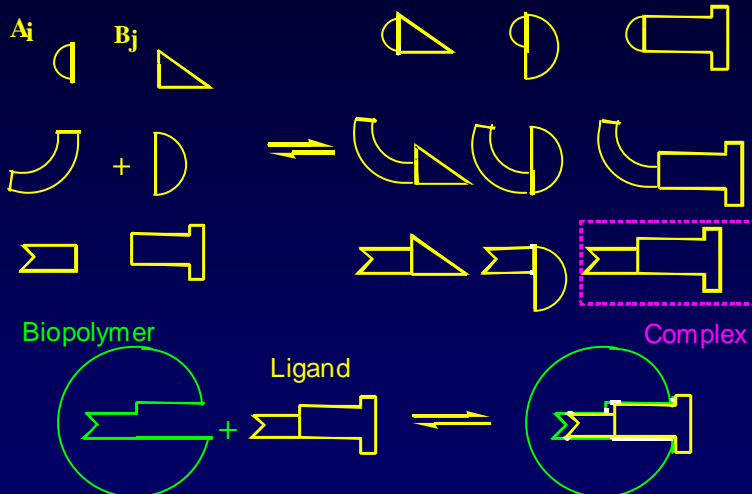
Mixtures of products equilibrating with simpler reactants:
 the enzyme, the receptor, the cell selects the best ligands

Sublibraries

Dynamic library

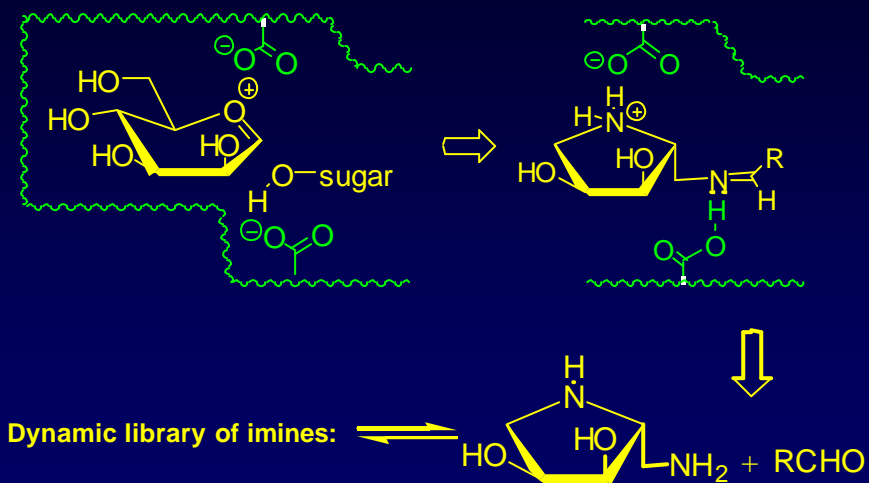


Dynamic Combinatorial Chemistry

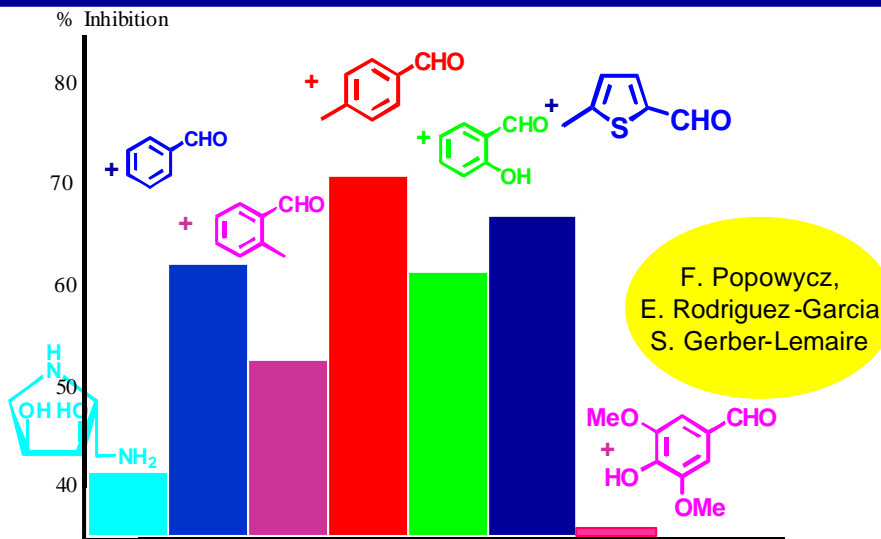


A. Ganesan, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 1998, 37, 2828
 J.-M. Lehn, A. V. Eliseev, *Science* 2001, 291, 2331

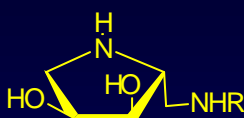
Dynamic Library of Imines, α -Mannosidase Inhibitors



**α -Mannosidase from almonds (0.03 U/ml)
[diamine]₀ = [aldehyde]₀ = 0.5 mM, pH = 5.0**



β -Amino-imines models for 1,2-Diamine Inhibitors



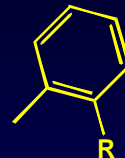
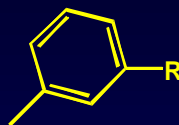
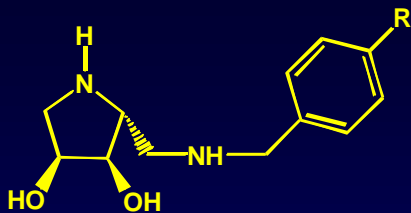
Inhibition of α -Mannosidases (at 1 mM)
from jack bean from almonds

R = H	81 % (K _i : 53mM)	51 %
R = <chem>C1=CC=CC=C1</chem>	60 %	53 %
R = CH ₂ Ph	92 % (7.5 mM)	69 % (K _i : 71 mM)
R = CH(COOH)Ph	NI	NI
R = <chem>C1=CC=C(C=C1)S1</chem>	98 % (3.6 mM)	86 % (18.5 mM)
R = CH ₂ - <chem>C1=CC=C(C=C1)-C2=CC=CC=C2</chem>	99 % (K _i : 2.5 mM)	82 % (K _i : 20 mM)

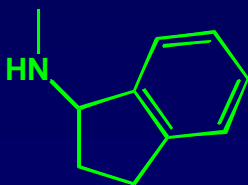
All competitive
Inhibitors

F. Popowycz, S. Gerber-Lemaire, E. Rodriguez, R. Demange

STRUCTURE-ACTIVITY



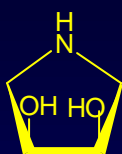
R = Me	3.0	10.1	10.6 mM
MeO	6.9	9.2	20.2
OH	4.9	8.4	
F	9.5	35.6	19.6
Cl	10.3	11.9	12.8
Br	8.5	10.1	11.2



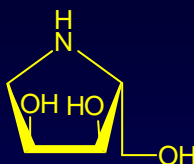
2.3 mM (C)

E. Rodriguez-Garcia
F. Popowycz
S. Gerber-Lemaire

Inhibition of α -mannosidase from jack bean (at 1mM concentration)



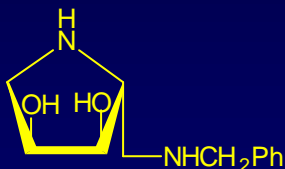
70 %



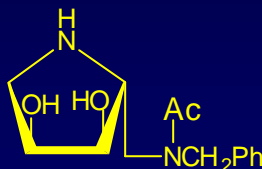
54 %



N.I.



92 % (K_i: 7.4 μ m)



N.I.

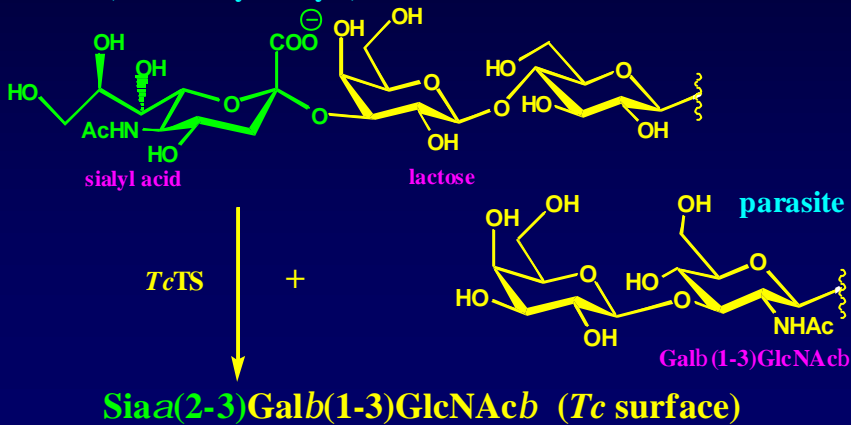


33 %

Chagas' disease

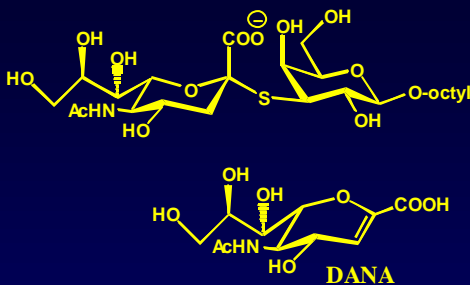
Trypanosoma cruzi is protected from anti- α -galactosyl antibodies by acquiring up to 107 sialic acid residues on its surface, a reaction catalysed by its unique trans-sialidase (*TcST*)

host (human erythrocyte)



Schenkman, *Cell*. **1991**, 65, 117, Pereira-Chioccola, *J.Cell.Sc.* **2000**, 113, 1299

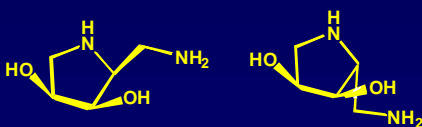
Trans-sialidase inhibition



Are not inhibitors of Trans-sialidase from *Trypanosoma cruzi*

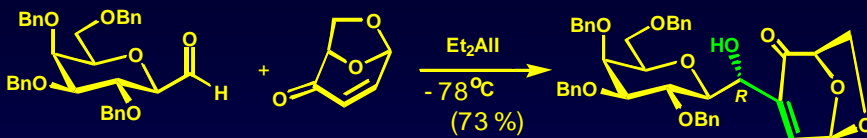
Schenkman, S, et al., *Bioorg. Chem. Med. Lett.* **2001**, 11, 141

TcTS is inhibited by the sera of infected animals and Chagasic patients

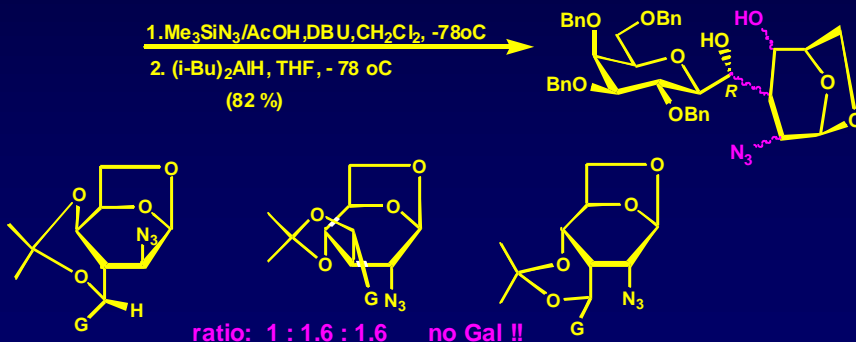


Frasch, A.C.C. et al. *Infect. Immun.* **1994**, 62, 5421; Pereira-Chioccola, V.L. et al. *Infect. Immun.* **1994**, 62, 2973

Toward Galb-C-GalNac

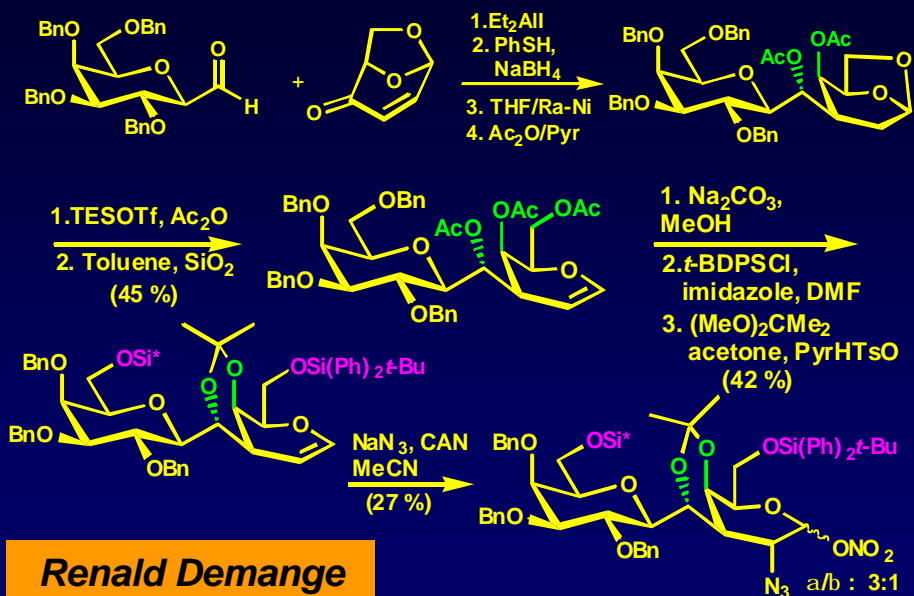


Method: Itoh, A.; Ozagawa, S.; Oshima, K.; Nozaki, H. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **1981**, *54*, 274



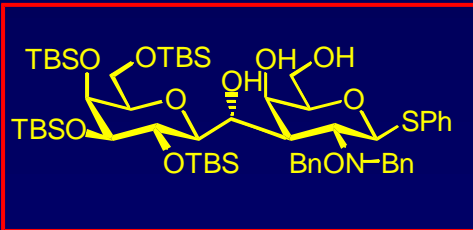
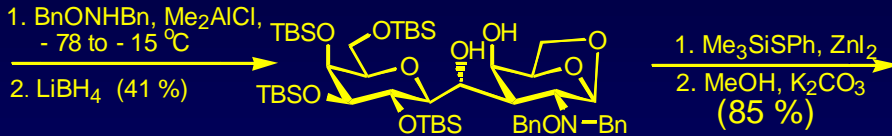
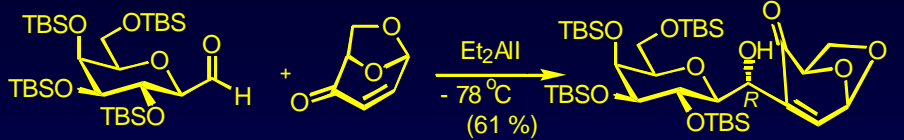
Raynald Demange

Change of protective groups



Renald Demange

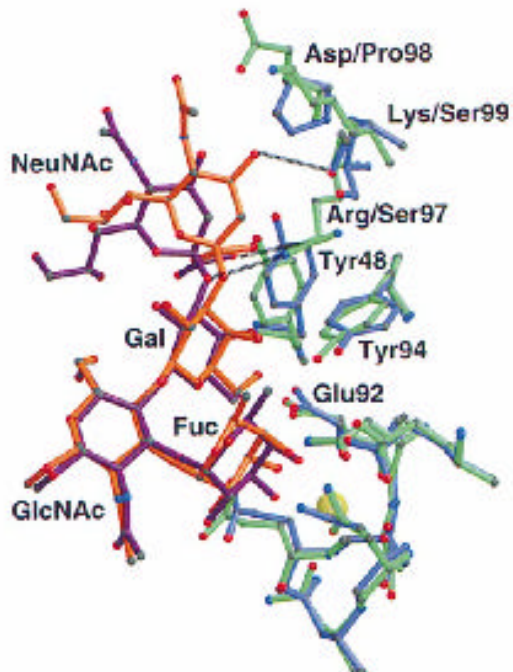
C-Analog of Thompsen-Friedenreich Epitope (T-Epitope)



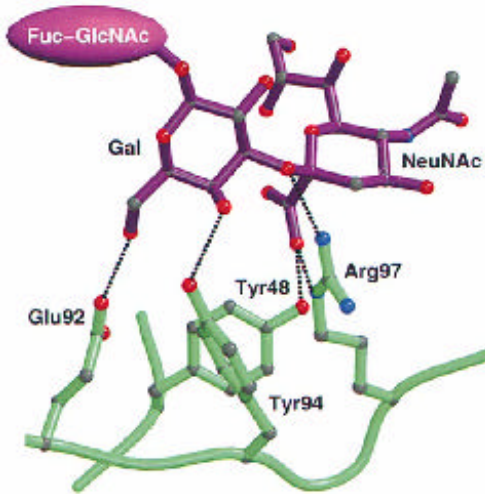
Y.-H- Zhu, P. Vogel, *Synlett*, 2001, 79

Recruitment and
extravasation of
leukocytes from
blood stream

Perfusion
injuries,
stroke,
rheumatoid
arthritis, etc.

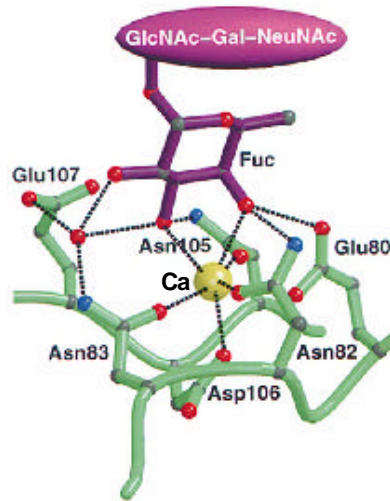


Sialyl Lewis X

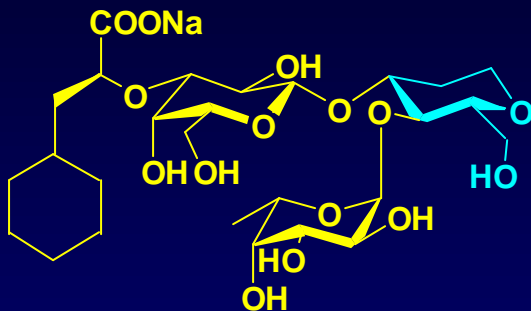


P-Selectin

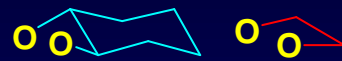
Camphausen et al.



Sialyl Lewis^x : IC₅₀(E-Sel) = 1000 mM



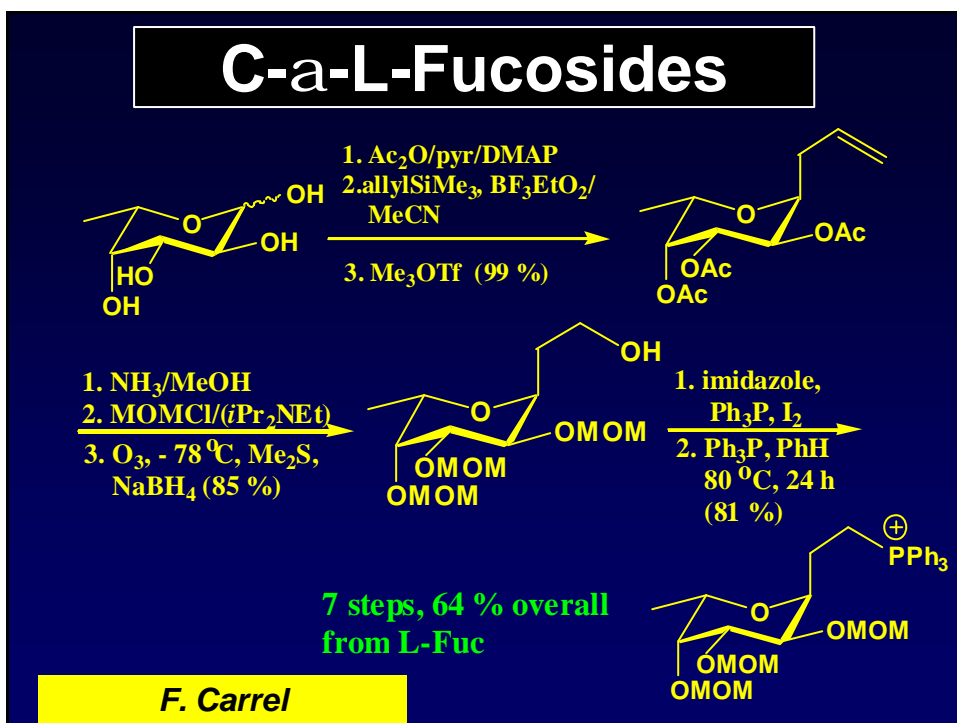
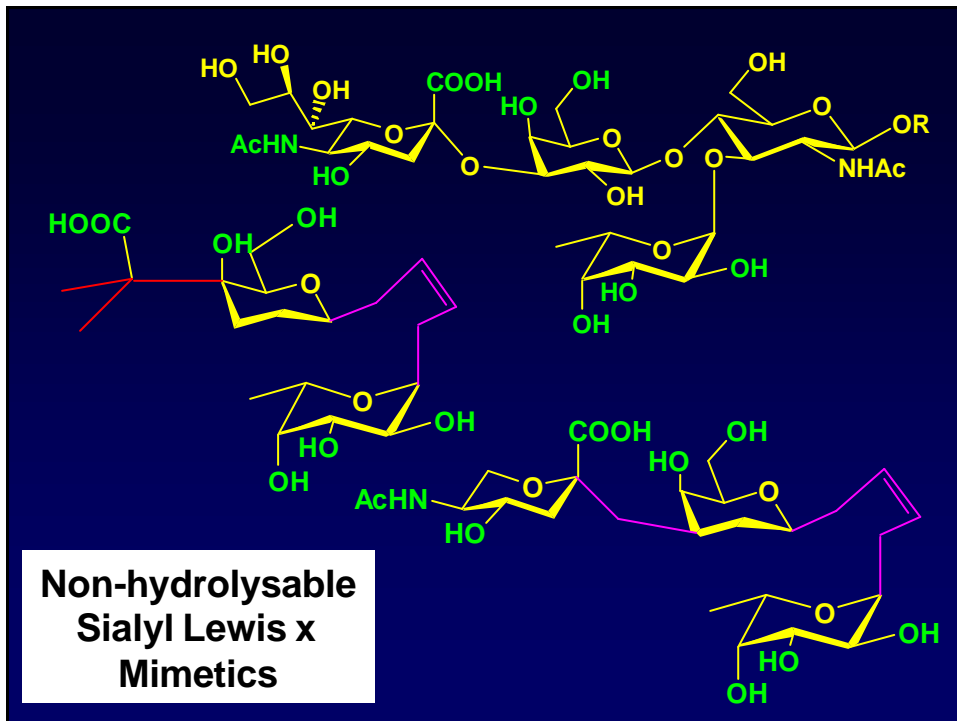
IC₅₀(E-Sel) = 36 mM

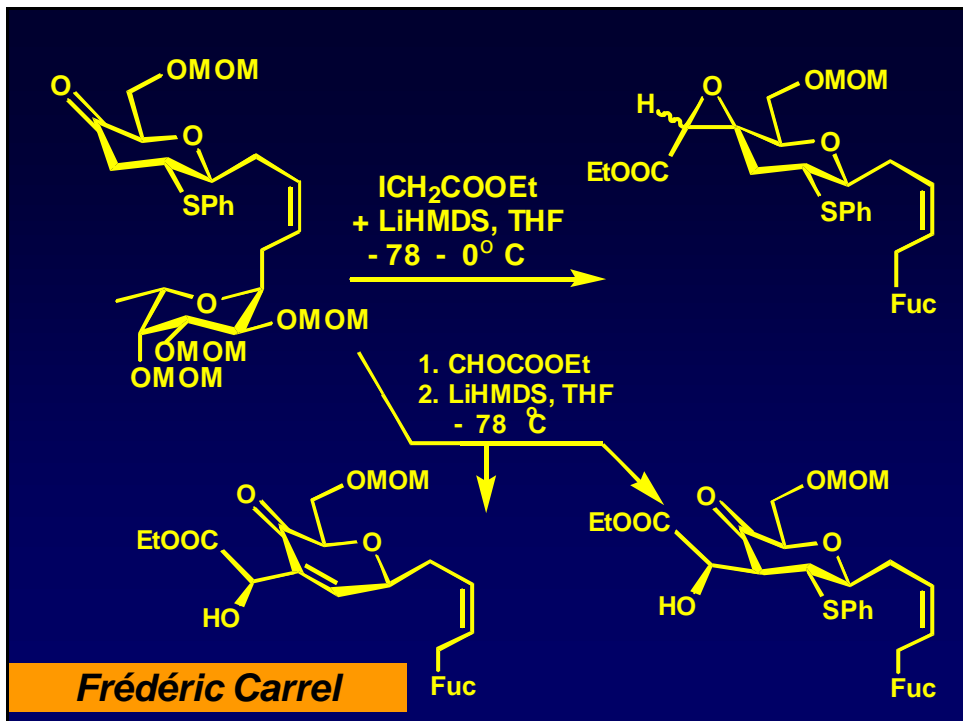
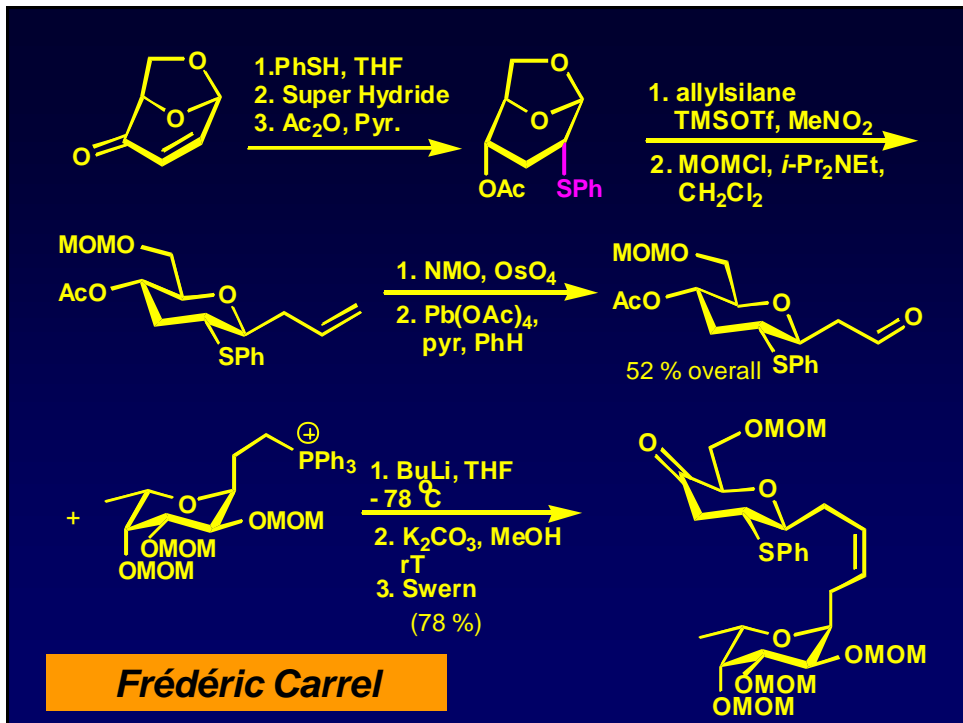


110 mM

inactive

Thoma, G.; Kinzy, W.; Bruns, C.; Patton, J. T.; Magnani, J. L.;
Bänteli, R. *J. Med. Chem.* 1999, 42, 4909





EPFL

Swiss Science Fondation
OFES, Bern (COST D13)
Socrates (Seville/Lausanne)
Fonds Herbette (Lausanne)
CSCS(ETHZ, Manno)



A. Baudat,
K. Kraehenbuehl
V. Jeanneret,
L. Meerpoel,
C. Schaller,
C. Marquis,
S. Picasso,
C. Viodé,
F. Cardona,
R. Ferritto,

F. Carrel,
Y.-H. Zhu,
I. Navarro,
E. Rodriguez Garcia,
R. Demange,
F. Popowycz,
C. Pasquarello,
P. Steunenberg,
S. Berger-Lemaire,
L. Awad

Collaborations:

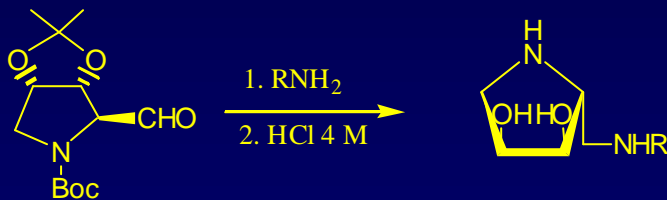
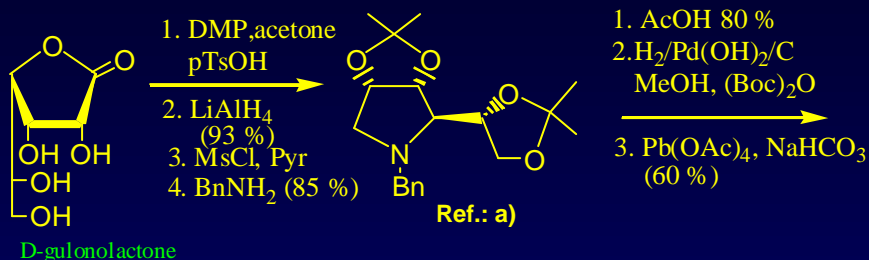
I. Robina (Seville)
A. T. Carmona Asenjo
A. J. Moreno Vargas
J. Jimenez Barbero (Madrid)

E. Berger, M. Malissard (Zürich)

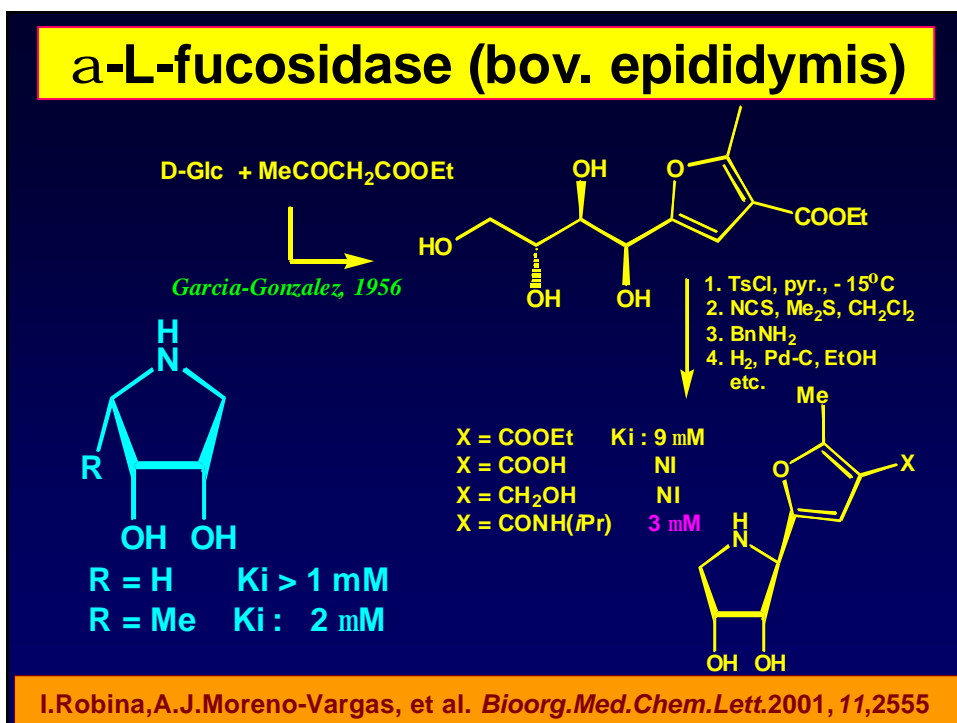
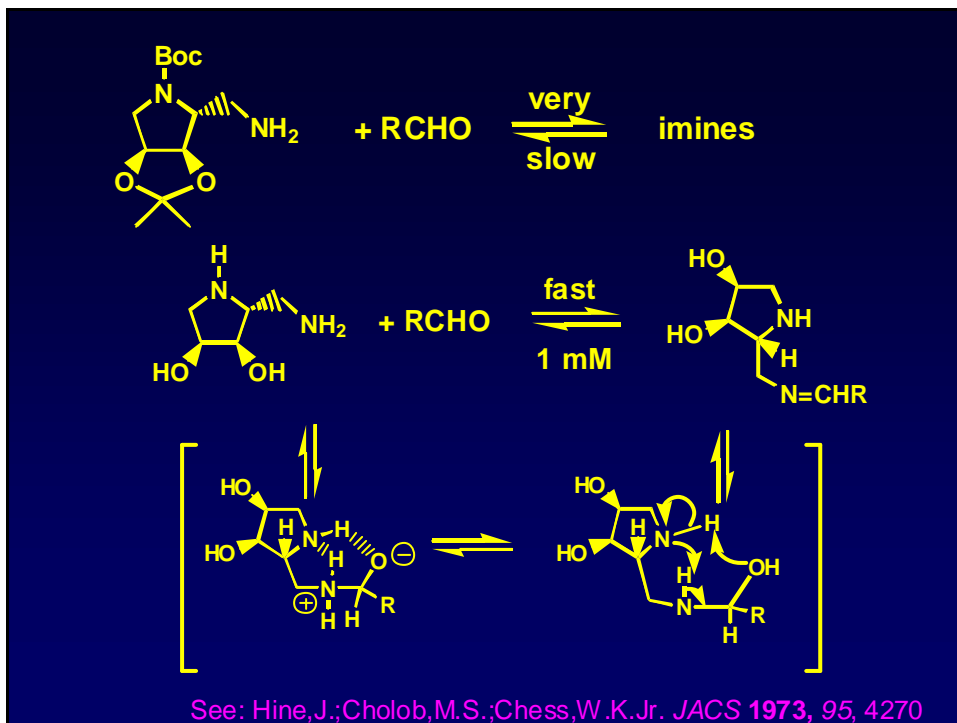
V. Kren (Prag)

Cost D13/0001/99: A. Dondoni, J. Fuentes, V. Jäger, J. Van Boom, V. Barberousse, A. Chollet, V.Kren, C. Nativi

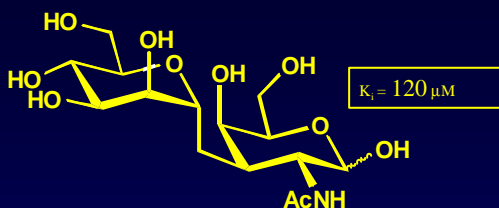
Synthesis of (2R,3R,4S)-pyrrolidine-3,4-diol Derivatives



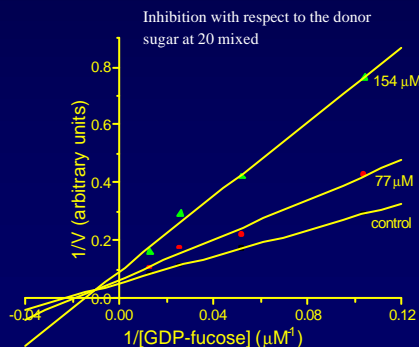
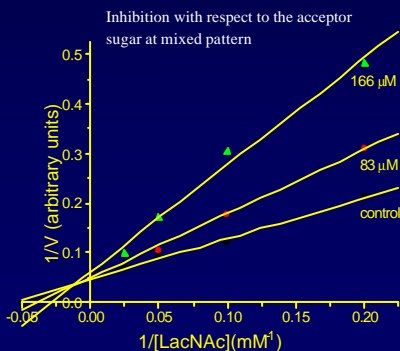
a) G.W. J. Fleet, J. C. Son, D. St.C. Green, I. Cenci di Bello, B. Winchester,
Tetrahedron **1988**, 44, 2649



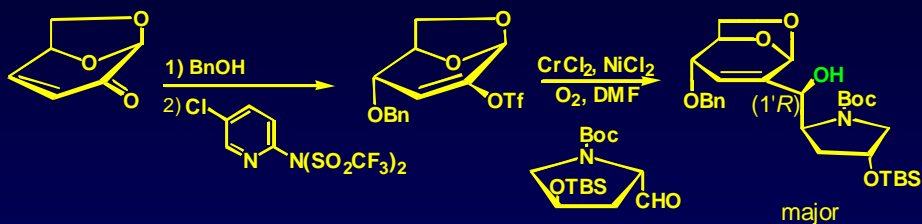
HUMAN α -1,3-FUCOSYLTRANSFERASE VI INHIBITION



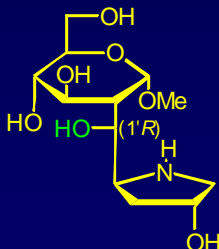
- mixed type of inhibition toward donor and acceptor
- the known inhibitor GDP does not synergize with the C-disaccharide
- GalNAc & Man(1 \rightarrow 3)CH₂-TalNAc are not inhibitors



Imino-C(1 \rightarrow 2)-disaccharides from levoglucosenone

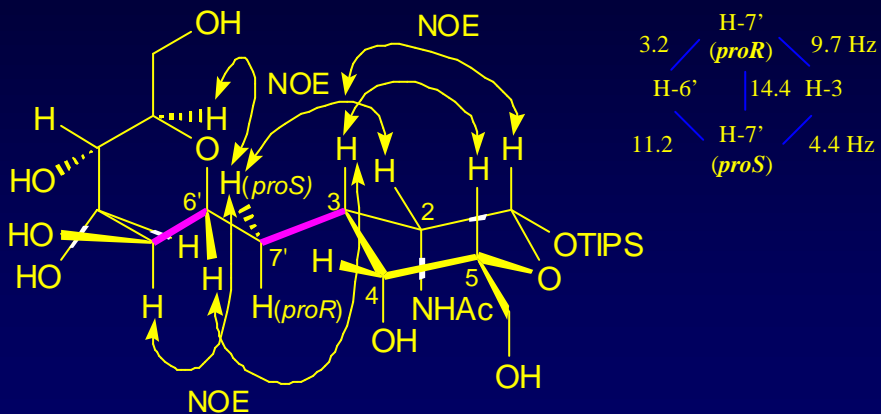


- 1) MeOH, TsOH
- 2) BH₃·Me₂S, THF
- 3) H₂O₂, NaOH
- 4) MeOH, HCl
- 5) H₂, Pd-C, MeOH



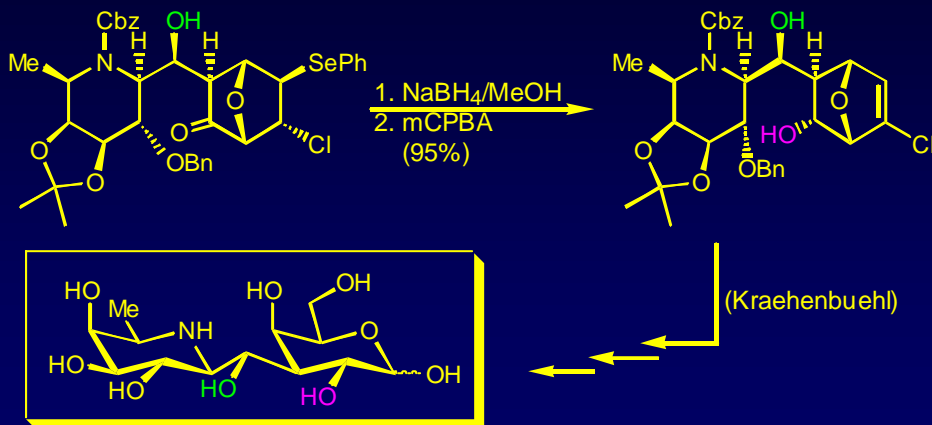
Yao Hua Zhu

PREFERRED CONFORMATION OF α -D-Manp(1 \rightarrow 3)CH₂-D-TalNacTIPS



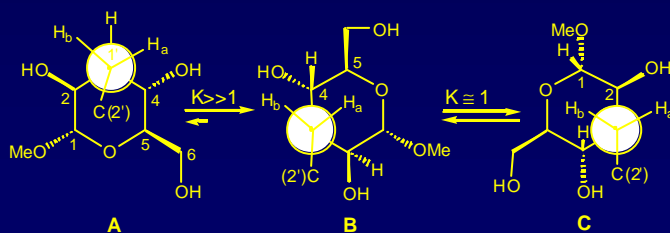
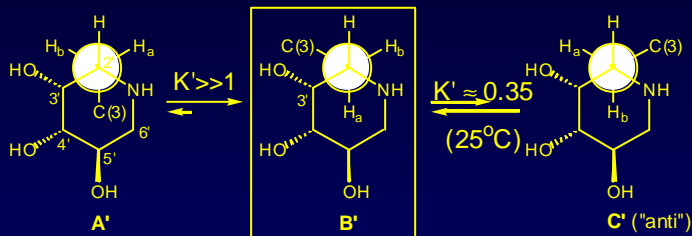
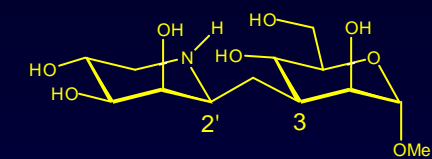
C. Pasquarello, S. Picasso, R. Demange, M. Malissard, E. G. Berger, P. Vogel,
J. Org. Chem. **2000**, *65*, 4251

6-Deoxygalactonojirimycin b-C(1 \rightarrow 3)
 Linked with D-Galactose

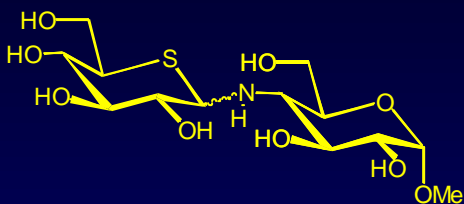


A. Baudat, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1997**, *92*, 6251

CONFORMATIONAL ANALYSIS

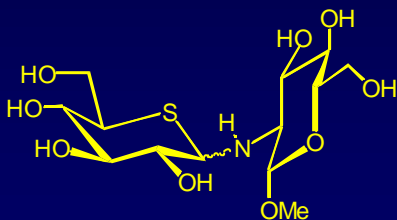


Competitive Inhibitor of Maltose Binding by Glucoamylase G2



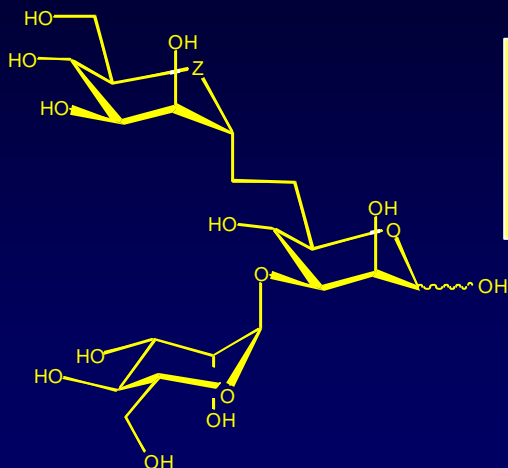
Methyl 5'-thio-4N- α -maltoside

$K_i = 4 \text{ mM}$



J.S. Andrews, T. Weimar, T. P. Frandsen, B. Svensson, B. M. Pinto, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1995**, *117*, 10799-10804

Binding with Concanavalin A



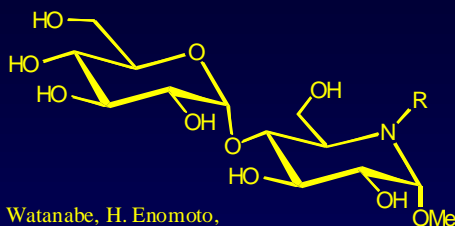
Z = O Kd = 198 mM

Z = S Kd = 31 mM

O. Tsuruta, H. Yuasa, S. Kurono, H. Hashimoto, *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **1999**, 9, 807

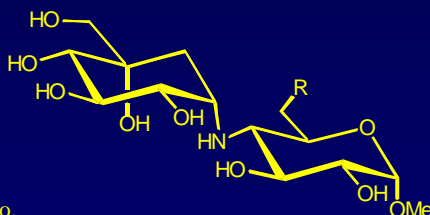
α -Glucosidase Inhibitors

Glucopyranosylmoranolines



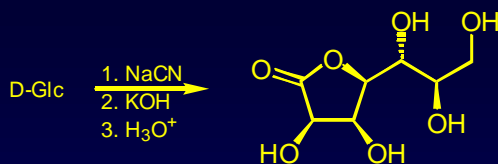
Y. Yoshikuni, Y. Ezure, T. Seto, K. Mori, K. Watanabe, H. Enomoto, *Chem. Pharm. Bull.* **1989**, 37, 106-109

Valienamine and Derivatives

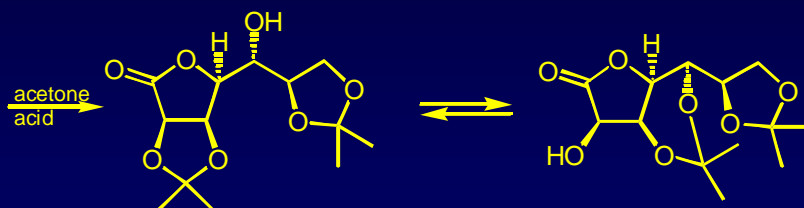


S. Hori, H. Fukase, T. Matsuo, N. Asano, K. Matsui, *J. Med. Chem.* **1986**, 29, 1038

D-glycero-D-gulo-Heptano-1,4-lactone



N. H. Richtmyer, *Methods Carb. Chem.* I (1962) 160

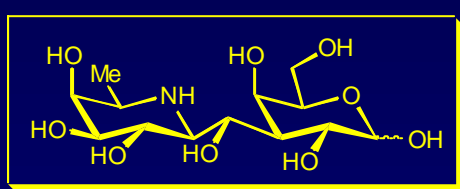
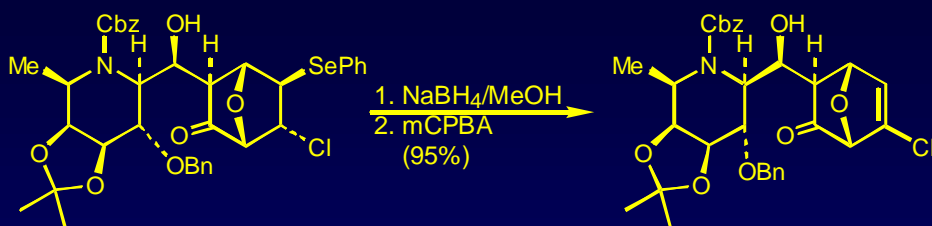


$\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4, 20^\circ\text{C}$	10%	80% ^{a)}
$\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4, \text{ZnCl}_2, 20^\circ\text{C}$	0	66% ^{b)}
TsOH	14%	80%

a) J. S. Brimacombe, *Carbohydr. Res.* **1966**, 2, 341

b) T. K. M. Shing, H. C. Tsui, *JCS Chem. Commun.* **1992**, 432

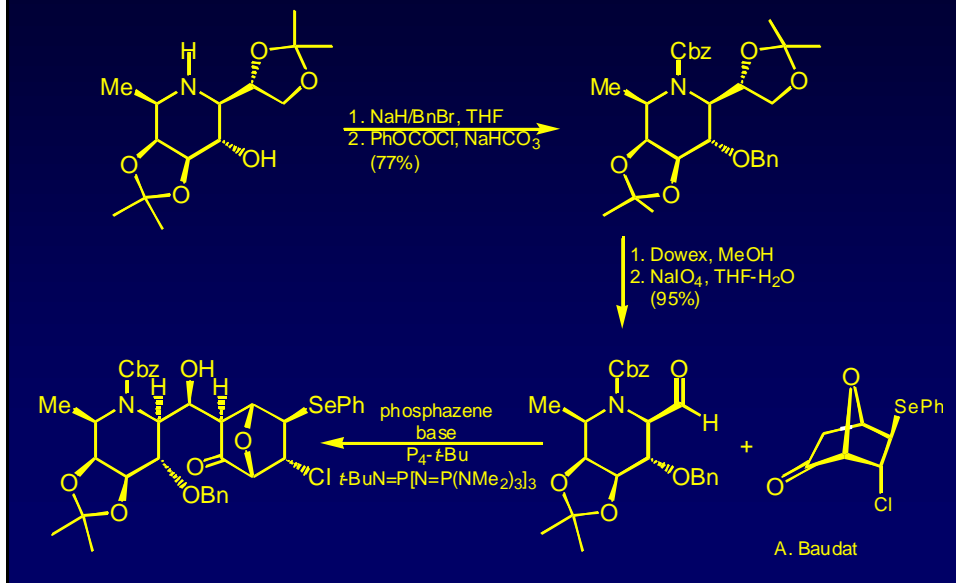
The first branched Aza-C-disaccharide



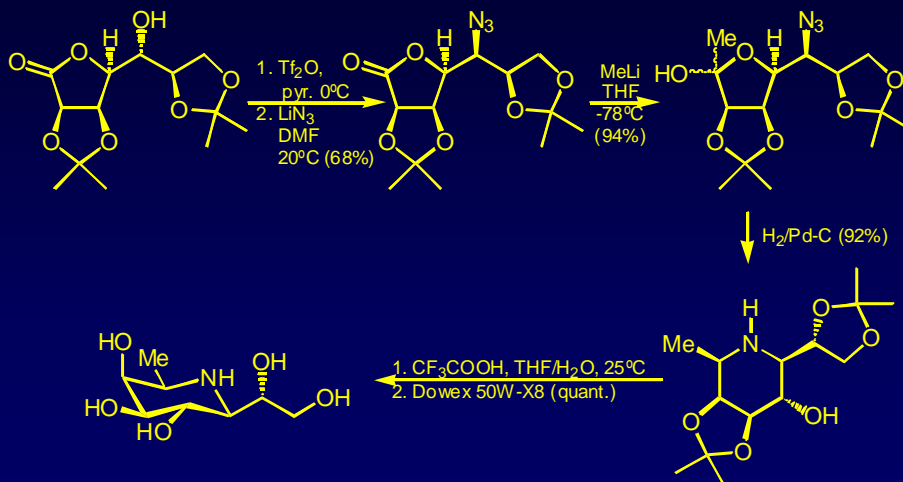
(Kraehenbuehl)

A. Baudat, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1997**, 62, 6252-6260

β -D-AzaGal-C-glycoside

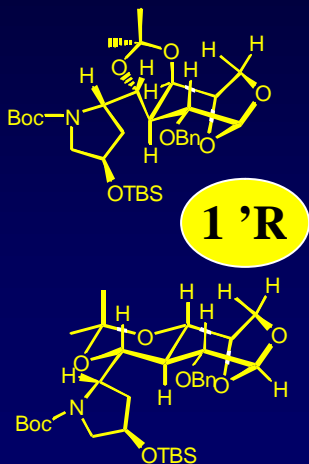


3,7,8-Trideoxy-3,7-imino-L-galacto-D-threo-octitol

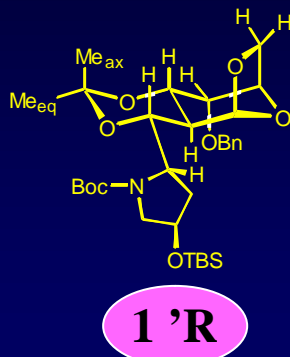


Configuration of the C-Disaccharides (NMR)

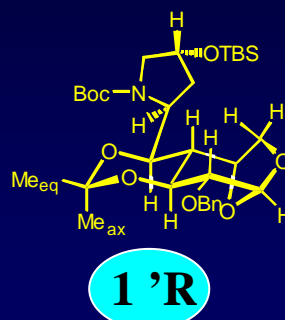
(1→3)-C



(1→2)-C

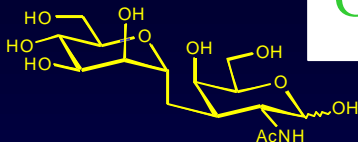


(1→4)-C



Y.-H. Zhu, P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, 64, 666
Chem. Commun. **1999**, 1873

Glycosidase Inhibition



α -D-Manp-(1→3)CH₂-D-GalNAc (*p* and *f*)

α -L-fucosidase	K_i :
bovine epididymis	25 μ M
human placenta	28 μ M

α -galactosidase	
coffee beans	66 μ M
<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	76 μ M
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	39 μ M

β -galactosidase	
jack beans	7.5 μ M
<i>Asperillus niger</i>	-

α -glucosidase	
baker yeast	40 μ M
rice	-

β -glucosidase	
almonds	-
<i>caldocellum saccharolyticum</i>	18 μ M

α -mannosidase	K_i :
jack beans	-
almonds	-

β -mannosidase	
<i>helix pomatia</i>	-

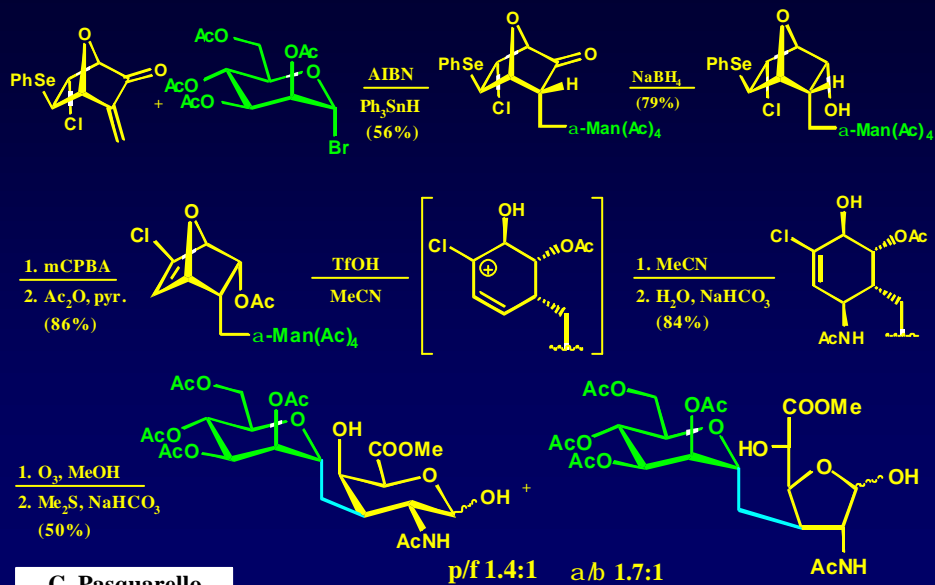
β -xylosidase	
<i>Asperillus niger</i>	-

α -N-acetylgalactosaminidase	
chicken liver	-

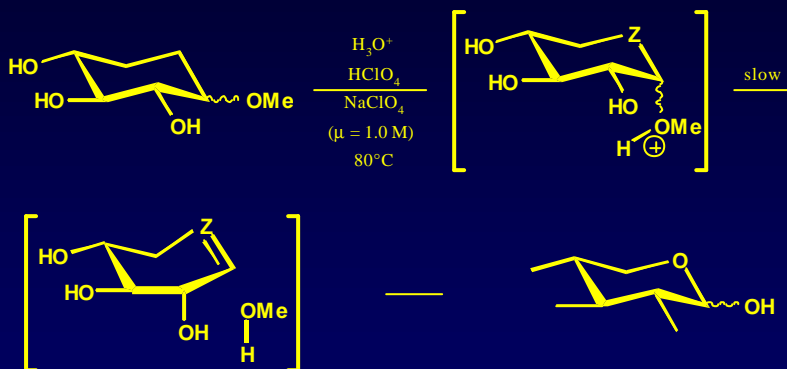
β -N-acetylgalactosaminidase	
jack bean	-
bovine epididymis A	135 μ M
bovine epididymis B	100 μ M

GalNAc does not inhibit these enzymes

GIESE'S RADICAL C-GLYCOSIDATION



Kinetic Isotope Effects \Rightarrow

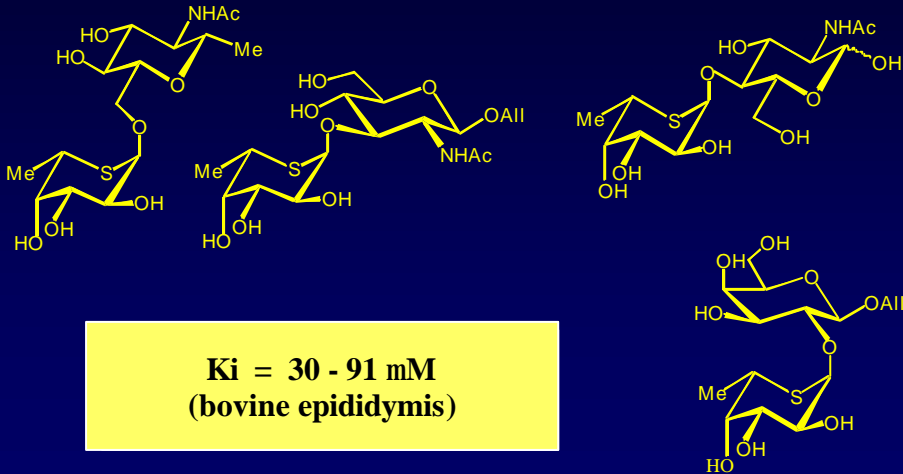


$$\alpha\text{-MeO } k(\text{S})/k(\text{O}) = 13.6$$

$$\beta\text{-MeO } k(\text{S})/k(\text{O}) = 18.5$$

c.f. D. Idurugalla, A. J. Bennet, *J. Am. Chem.* **2001**, *123*, 10889-10898

α -L-Fucosidase Inhibition



M. Izumi, O. Tsuruta, S. Harayama, H. Hashimoto,
J. Org. Chem. **1997**, 62, 992-998

Continual formation of N-linked oligosaccharide still is observed in normal cells in the presence of α -glucosidase I, II and α -mannosidase I inhibitors such as the monosaccharide mimics: castanospermine, 1-deoxynojirimycin, 1-deoxymannonojirimycin

[S. E. H. Moore, R. G. Spiro, *J. Biol. Chem.* **1990**, 265, 13104;

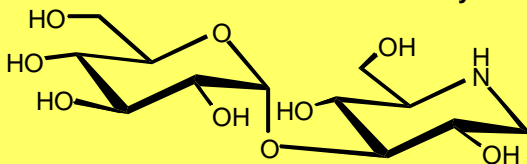
A. Tan, L. van den Broek, S. van Boeckel et al. *J. Biol. Chem.* **1991**, 266, 3571]



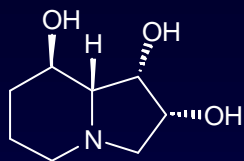
endo- α -mannosidase in the Golgi system catalyses an alternative pathway of N-linked oligosaccharide biosynthesis

[W. A. Lubas, R. G. Spiro, *J. Biol. Chem.* **1988**, 263, 3990]

A disaccharide mimic is necessary as inhibitor, e.g.:

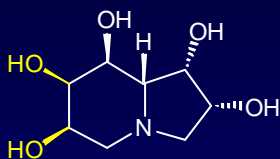


[U. Spohr, M. Bach, R. G. Spiro, *Can. J. Chem.* **1993**, 71, 1919, 1928;
S. Hiraizumi, U. Spohr, R. G. Spiro, *J. Biol. Chem.* **1993**, 268, 9927]

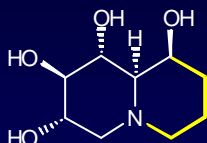


swainsonine

Castanospermine
α-glucosidase inh.



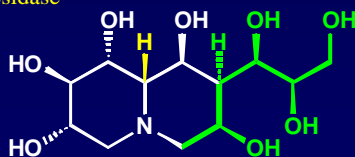
specific α-mannosidase
inhibitor [Vogel]



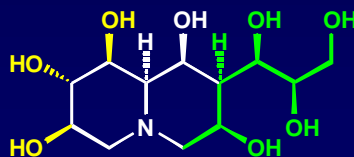
β-glucosidase
inhibitor [Stütz]



α-glucosidase
(IC₅₀ = 0.15 mM) [Liu]



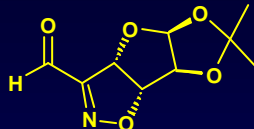
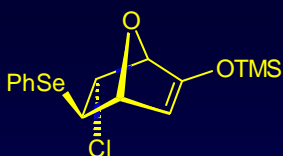
weak inhibitor
of several glycosidases



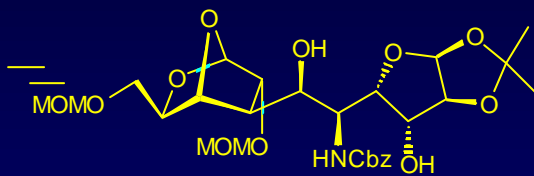
specific inh. of
β-galactosidase (Jack bean)

C. Schaller, P. Vogel, *HCA* 2000,
83, 193

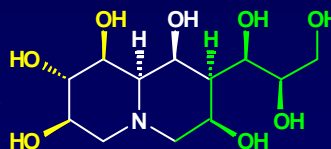
POLYHYDROXYQUINOLIZIDINES



TiCl₄ *syn*-aldol
CH₂Cl₂ (95:5)
-78°C 66% yield



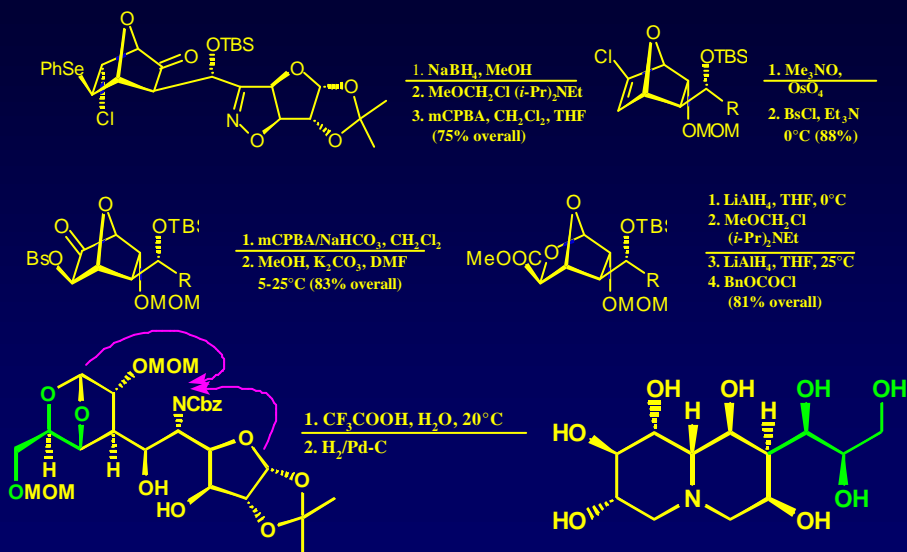
1. CF₃COOH/H₂O, 20°C
2. H₂, Pd/C



C. Schaller

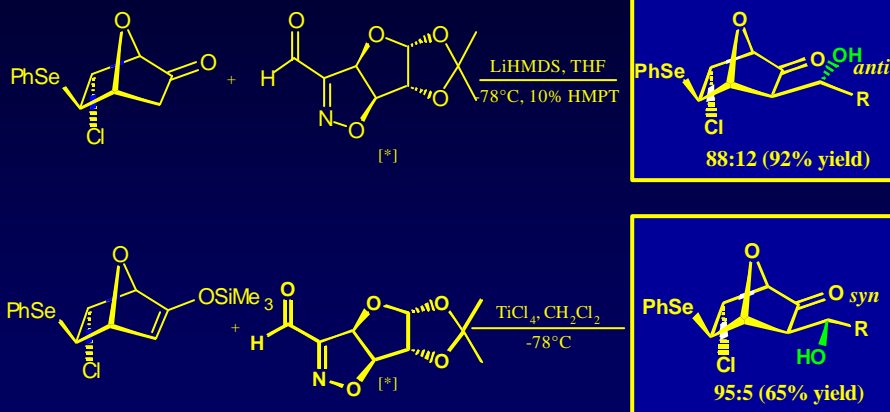
specific β-galactosidase inhibitor (Jack bean)

POLYHYDROXYQUINOLIZIDINES



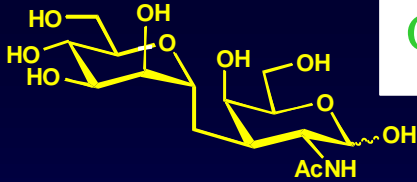
C. Schaller, P. Vogel, *Helv. Chim. Acta* **2000**, 83, 193

Cross-Aldol Reactions



[*] C. Schaller, P. Vogel, V. Jäger *Carbohydr. Res.* **1998**, 314, 25

Glycosidase Inhibition



α -D-Man_p-(1→3)CH₂-D-GalNAc (*p* and *f*)

α -L-fucosidase	K_i :
bovine epididymis	25 mM
human placenta	28 mM

α -galactosidase	
coffee beans	66 mM
<i>Aspergillus niger</i>	76 mM
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	39 mM

β -galactosidase	
jack beans	7.5 mM
<i>Asperillus niger</i>	-

α -glucosidase	
baker yeast	40 mM
rice	-

β -glucosidase	
almonds	-
<i>caldocellum saccharolyticum</i>	18 mM

α -mannosidase	K_i :
jack beans	-
almonds	-

β -mannosidase	
<i>helix pomatia</i>	-

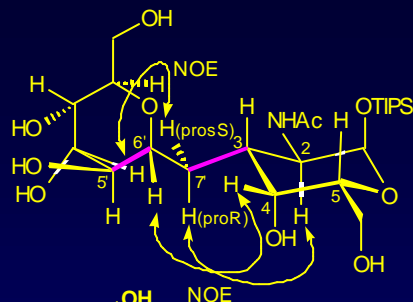
β -xylosidase	
<i>Asperillus niger</i>	-

α -N-acetylgalactosaminidase	
chicken liver	-

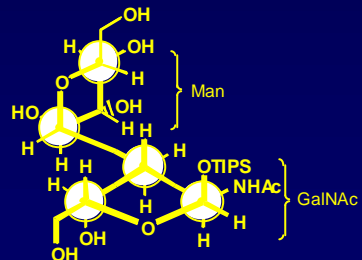
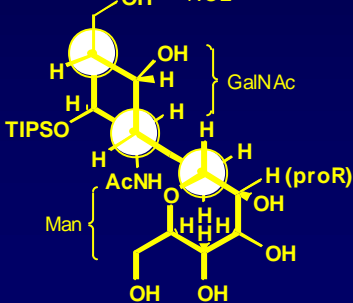
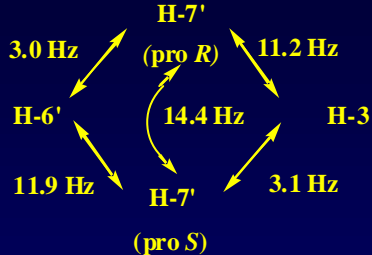
β -N-acetylgalactosaminidase	
jack bean	-
bovine epididymis A	135 mM
bovine epididymis B	100 mM

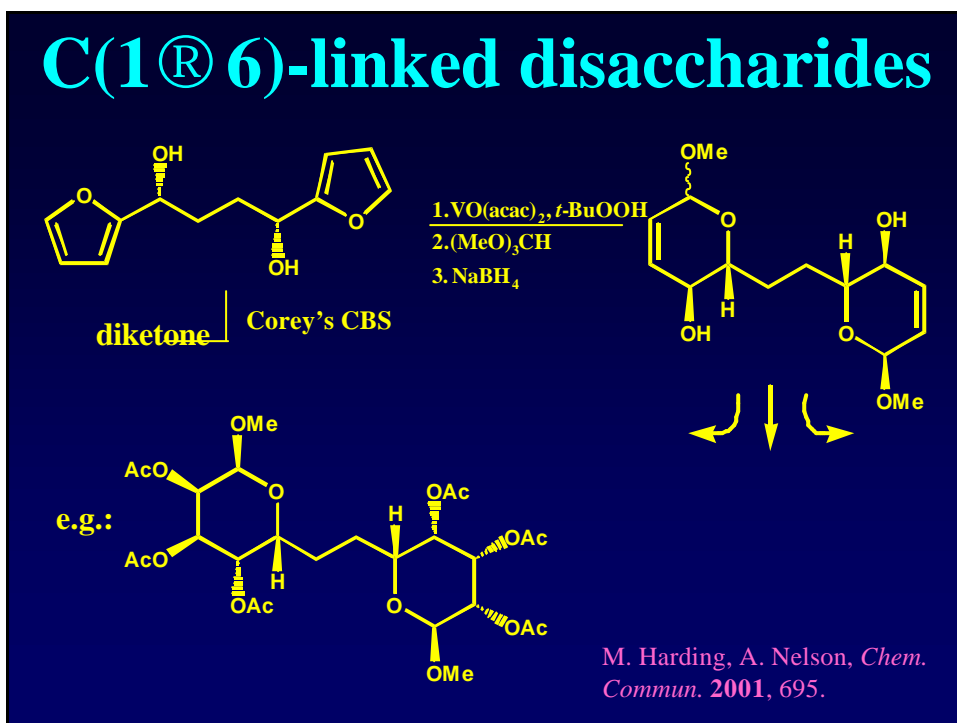
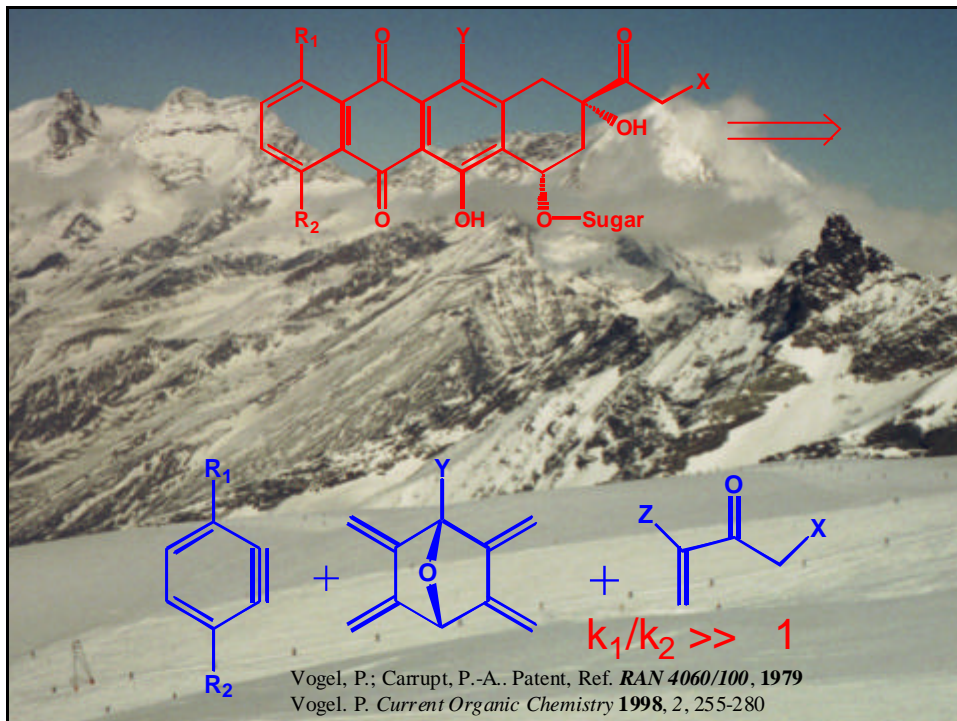
GalNAc does not inhibit these enzymes

PREFERRED CONFORMATION OF α -D-Man_p(1→3)CH₂-D-GalNAc_p-TIPS

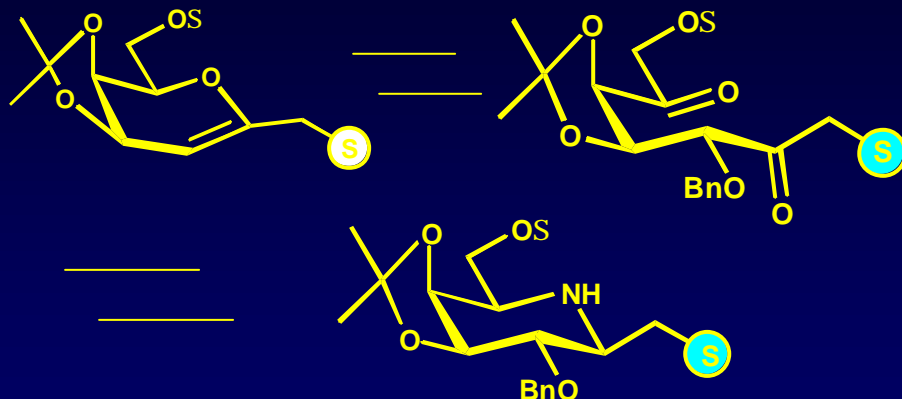


$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CD_3OD , -40 to +60 °C)



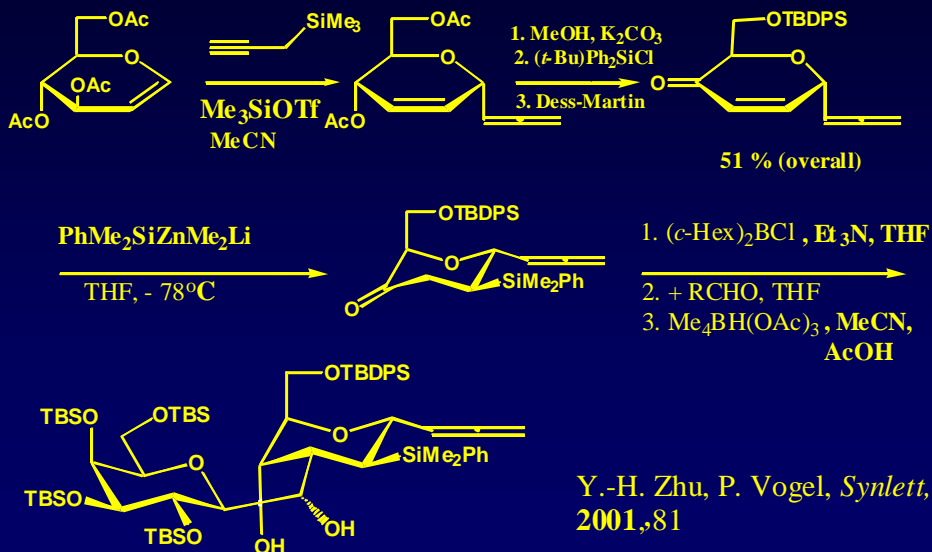


Aza-C-galacto disaccharides

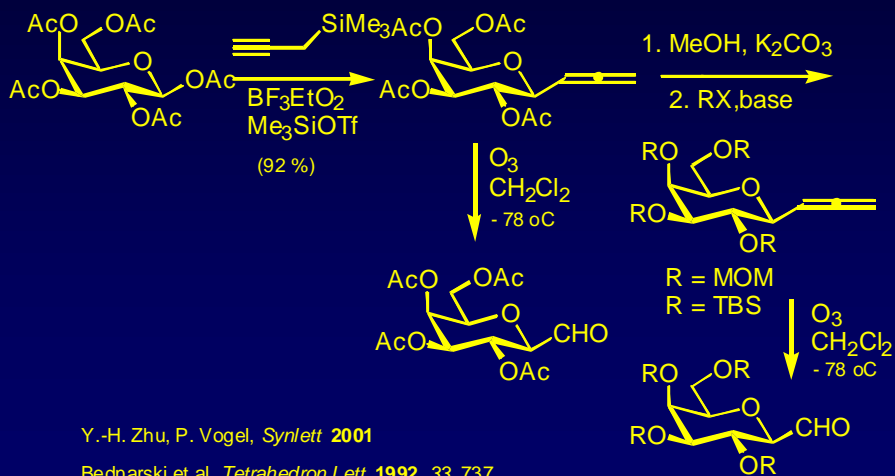


X. Cheng, G. Kumaran, D. R. Mootoo, *Chem. Commun.* 2001, 811

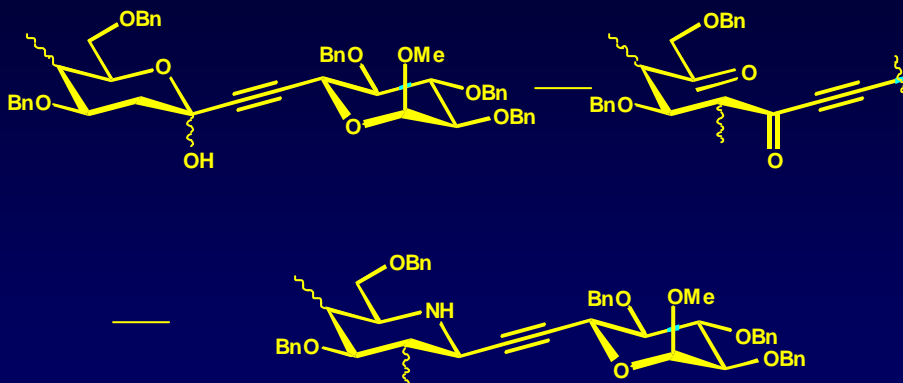
C-Glycosides of C-Disaccharides



C-b-D-Galactopyranosylformaldehyde

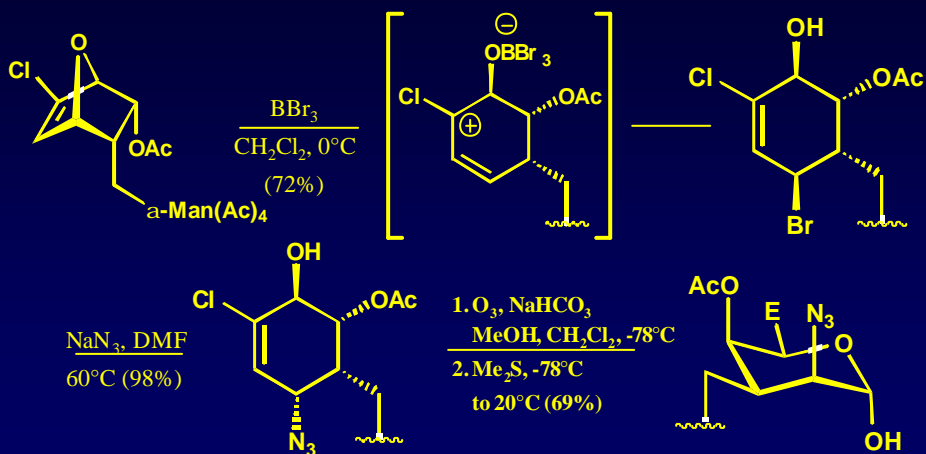


Aza-C(1®6)-Disaccharides



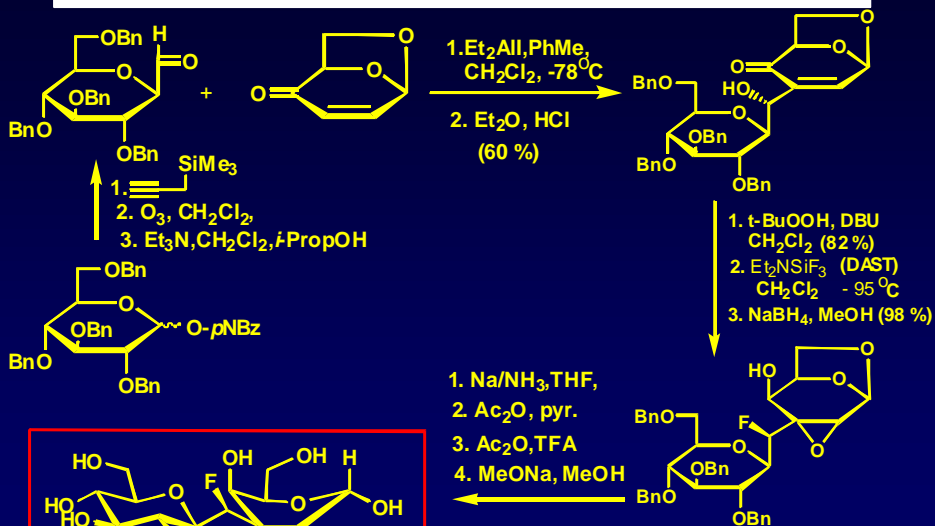
M. A. Leeuwenburgh, S. Picasso, H. S. Overkleeft, G. A. van der Marel, P. Vogel, J. H. van Boom, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **1999**, 1185

α -D-Manp(1 \rightarrow 3)CH₂-D-TalNAc



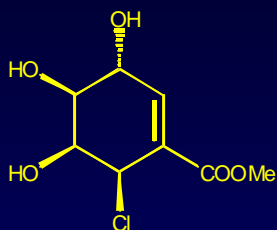
Carla Pasquarello

C(1 \rightarrow 3)-C(F)-Linked Disaccharide



J. Jimenez-Barbero, R. Demange, K. Schenk,
 P. Vogel, *J. Org. Chem.* 2001, 66, 5132

PERICOSINES A & B: ANTI-TUMOUR AGENTS



A

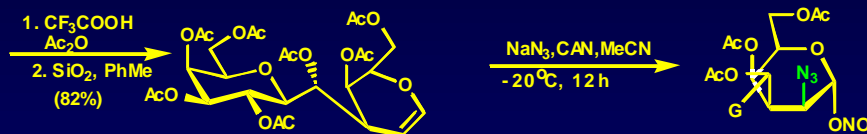
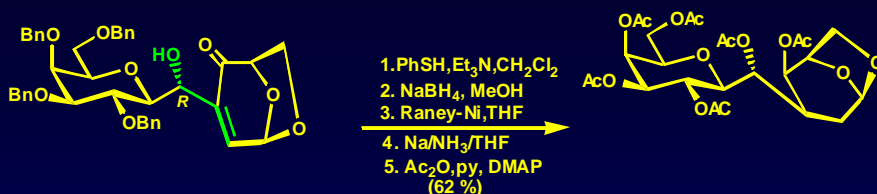


B

isolated from *Periconia byssoides*

Ref: A. Numata, M. Iritani, T. Yamada, K. Minoura, E. Matsumura, T. Yamori, T. Tsuruo, *Tetrahedron Lett.* 1997, 38, 8215-8218

D-Galb-CH(OH)-D-GTaNAc-a-O-Ser



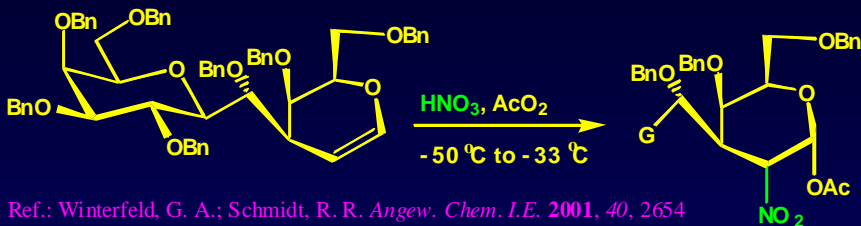
Ref.: Lemieux, R. U.; Ratcliffe, R. M. *Can. J. Chem.* 1979, 57, 1244



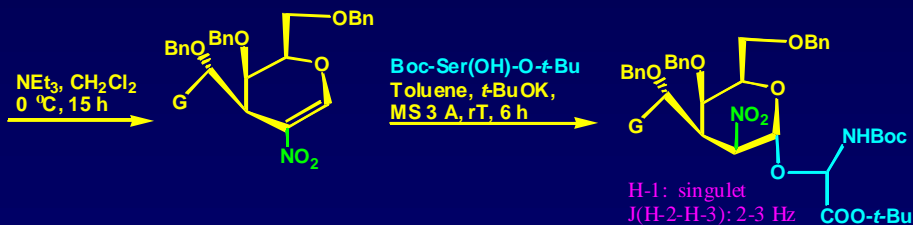
Ref.: Friesen, R. W.; Danishefsky, S. J. *Tetrahedron* 1990, 46, 103;
Kottenhahn, M.; Kessler, H. *Liebigs Ann., Chem.* 1991, 727

R. Demange

Other attempts

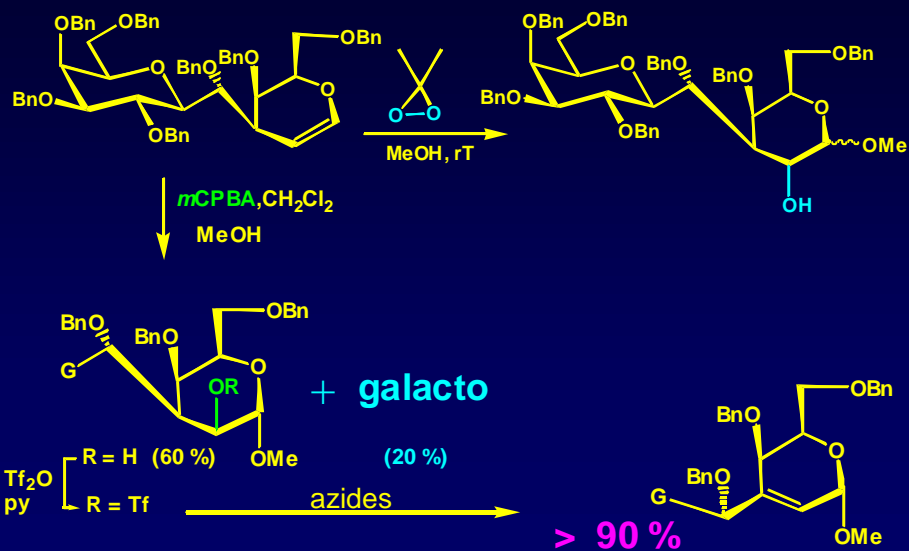


Ref.: Winterfeld, G. A.; Schmidt, R. R. *Angew. Chem. I.E.* 2001, 40, 2654



Raynald Demange

Epoxidations of the galactal



R. Demange